

Governance

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Responsible business culture with remuneration linked to performance

Strong governance is a core part of who we are as a business. Our values drive a high-performance culture and our executive, and all colleagues across the business, are remunerated against customer and environmental measures as well as financial performance.

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ESG committee report

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Corporate governance report Board of directors



Sir David Higgins Chair

Responsibilities: Responsible for the leadership of the board, setting its agenda and ensuring its effectiveness on all aspects of its role.

Qualifications: BEng Civil Engineering, Diploma Securities Institute of Australia, Fellow of the Institute of Civil Engineers and the Royal Academy of Engineering.

Appointment to the board: May 2019; appointed as Chair in January 2020.

Skills and experience: Sir David has spent his career overseeing high profile infrastructure projects, including: the delivery of the Sydney Olympic Village and Aquatics centre; Bluewater Shopping Centre, Kent; and the delivery of the 2012 London Olympic Infrastructure Project.

Career experience: Sir David was previously chief executive of: Network Rail Limited: The Olympic Delivery Authority; and English Partnerships. He has held non-executive roles as chair of both High Speed Two Limited and Sirius Minerals plc. In December 2019 he stepped down as non-executive director and chair of the remuneration committee at the Commonwealth Bank of Australia.

Current directorships/business

interests: Chair of Gatwick Airport Limited and a member of the Council at the London School of Economics. He is Chair of United Utilities Water Limited.

Independence: Sir David met the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code's independence criteria (provision 10) on his appointment as a non-executive director and chair designate.

Specific contribution to the company's long-term success: Sir David's experience of major infrastructure projects and his knowledge and understanding of the role of regulators will be invaluable in meeting the challenges of the current regulatory period and beyond. As Chair of the nomination committee he is responsible for ensuring the succession plans for the board and senior management identify the right skillsets to face the challenges of the business.



Steve Mogford **Chief Executive Officer (CEO)** (until 31 March 2023)

Responsibilities: To manage the group's business and to implement the strategy and policies approved by the board.

Qualifications: BSc (Hons) Astrophysics/ Maths/Physics.

Appointment to the board: January 2011.

Skills and experience: Steve's experience of the highly competitive defence market and of complex design, manufacturing and support programmes has driven forwards the board's strategy of improving customer service and operational performance at United Utilities. His perspective of the construction and infrastructure sector provides valuable experience and insight to support United Utilities' capital investment programme.

Career experience: Steve was previously chief executive of SELEX Galileo, the defence electronics company owned by Italian aerospace and defence organisation Finmeccanica: chief operating officer of BAE Systems PLC; and a member of its PLC board. His early career was spent with British Aerospace PLC. He is a former non-executive director of G4S plc. Until January 2023, he was a non-executive director of Water Plus, a joint venture with Severn Trent serving business customers. Until 31 March 2023 he was Chief Executive Officer of United Utilities Water Limited.

Current directorships/business

interests: Steve is a non-executive director of QinetiQ Group plc.

Specific contribution to the company's long-term success: During his time as the Chief Executive Officer, Steve transformed the company's operational performance, and implemented the Systems Thinking approach to underpin future operational activities and further improve performance.



Louise Beardmore **Chief Executive Officer** (from 31 March 2023)

Responsibilities: As Chief Executive Officer Louise is responsible for managing the group's business and implementing the strategies and policies approved by the board. She is leading UUW's PR24 business planning process covering the next fiveyear regulatory period.

Qualifications: BSc (Hons) Business Management, Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Personnel Development. Vice-President of the Institute of Customer Services.

Appointment to the board: May 2022.

Skills and experience: Louise has a wealth of experience leading utility and infrastructure businesses both in the UK and internationally. She has a strong track record in driving transformational change and service improvements for the benefit of customers, stakeholders and the environment.

Career experience: Louise joined United Utilities on its graduate programme and has comprehensive experience of the company, its customers and its regulators, having worked for the group for more than 20 years. She was appointed as customer service and people director in 2016, prior to which she held a number of senior positions, leading teams in business transformation, water operations, electricity and telecoms. She completed the corporate director programme at Harvard Business School in 2022.

Current directorships/business

interests: Louise is Chief Executive Officer of United Utilities Water Limited and a non-executive director of Water Plus, a joint venture with Severn Trent serving business customers. She is a non-executive director of Water UK and a non-executive director of the UK Engage for Success Foundation, named on the Northern Power Women's 'Power List' and a member of the 30% Club.

Specific contribution to the company's

long-term success: Louise's strategic vision and constant customer focus will continue to build on the group's significant performance and delivery for customers, communities and the environment.



Phil Aspin Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

Responsibilities: To manage the group's financial affairs, to contribute to the management of the group's business and to the implementation of the strategy and policies approved by the board.

Qualifications: BSc (Hons) Mathematics, Chartered Accountant (ACA), Fellow of the Association of Corporate Treasurers (FCT).

Appointment to the board: July 2020.

Skills and experience: Phil has extensive experience of financial and corporate reporting, having gualified as a chartered accountant with KPMG and more latterly through his role as group controller. He has a comprehensive knowledge of capital markets and corporate finance underpinned through his previous role as group treasurer and his FCT gualification. Having been actively engaged in the last four regulatory price reviews he has a strong understanding of the economic regulatory environment.

Career experience: Phil has over 25

years' experience working for United Utilities. Prior to his appointment as CFO in July 2020, he was group controller with responsibility for the group's financial reporting and prior to that he was group treasurer with responsibility for funding and financial risk management. He has been a member of EFRAG TEG and chaired the EFRAG Rate Regulated Activities Working Group.

Current directorships/business

interests: Phil was appointed as a member of the UK Accounting Standards Endorsement Board in March 2021. He is chair of the 100 Group pensions committee and a member of both the 100 Group main committee and the stakeholder communications and reporting committee. He is Chief Financial Officer of United Utilities Water Limited and a non-executive director of Water Plus, a joint venture with Severn Trent serving business customers.

Specific contribution to the company's

long-term success: Phil has driven forward the financial performance of the group and delivered the group's competitive advantage in financial risk management and excellence in corporate reporting.

Stock code: UU

Alison Goligher Senior independent non-executive director

Responsibilities: Responsible, in addition to her role as an independent nonexecutive director, for discussing any concerns with shareholders that cannot be resolved through the normal channels of communication with the Chair or Chief Executive Officer. She is the current designated non-executive director for workforce engagement.

Qualifications: BSc (Hons) Mathematical Physics, MEng Petroleum Engineering.

Appointment to the board: August 2016.

Skills and experience: Alison has strong technical and capital project management skills, having been involved in large projects and the production side of Royal Dutch Shell's business. This experience of engineering and industrial sectors provides the board with additional insight into delivering United Utilities' capital investment programme.

Career experience: Royal Dutch Shell (2006 to 2015), where Alison's most recent executive role was Executive Vice President Upstream International Unconventionals. Prior to that she spent 17 years with Schlumberger, an international supplier of technology, integrated project management and information solutions to the oil and gas industry. In September 2022 she stepped down as a non-executive director at Meggitt PLC.

Current directorships/business

interests: Alison is a part-time executive chair at Silixa Ltd and a non-executive director of Technip Energies NV. She is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited. Specific contribution to the

company's long-term success: Alison's understanding of the operational challenges of large capital projects and the benefits of deploying technology provides valuable insight into addressing the longer-term strategic risks faced by the business. Her role as the designated non-executive director for workforce engagement provides the board with a better understanding of the views of colleagues and greater clarity on the culture of the company.



Changes to the board

Alison Goligher succeeded Mark Clare

as senior independent non-executive director when Mark stepped down from the board at the conclusion of the annual general meeting (AGM) in July 2022. Stephen Carter also stepped down from the board at the conclusion of the AGM in July 2022. Steve Mogford retired from the board on 31 March 2023.

Michael Lewis joined the board on 1 May 2023.

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ecutive director

nior independent non-executive director

Independent non-executive director

Committee membership

| N | Nomination committee |
|---|----------------------|
| E | ESG committee |
| т | Treasury committee |

- R Remuneration committee
- A Audit committee
- Chair of the committee

Corporate governance report

Board of directors



Liam Butterworth Independent non-executive director

Responsibilities: To challenge constructively the executive directors and monitor the delivery of the strategy within the risk and control framework set by the board.

Qualifications: MBA Business Administration and Management, CIM Marketing, HND Mechanical Production Engineering.

Appointment to the board: January 2022

Skills and experience: As a serving CEO, Liam brings strong engineering and industrial technology experience to the board, with a track record of managing performance and enhancing corporate culture.

Career experience: Liam has over 30 years' experience in the automotive industry. He started his career at Lucas Industries as an apprentice toolmaker, before moving into marketing, sales and purchasing at FCI Automotive. Joining Delphi Technologies plc in 2012, he became CEO in December 2017. He joined GKN Automotive Limited, owned by Melrose plc, as CEO in 2018. During the year, following a demerger, the Dowlais Group plc was listed on the London Stock Exchange, with Liam appointed as CEO.

Current directorships/business

interests: Liam is CEO of Dowlais Group plc. He is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited.

Specific contribution to the company's long-term success: Liam's operational experience contributes to the board's continuing focus on the performance of the business via the Systems Thinking approach.



Kath Cates Independent non-executive director

Responsibilities: To challenge constructively the executive directors and monitor the delivery of the strategy within the risk and control framework set by the board and to lead the board's activities concerning directors' remuneration.

Qualifications: Solicitor of England and Wales.

Appointment to the board: September 2020.

Skills and experience: Kath has spent most of her career working in a regulated environment in the financial services industry. Since 2014, she has focused on her non-executive roles, chairing all the main board committees and undertaking the role of senior independent director.

Career experience: Kath was chief operating officer at Standard Chartered plc, before which she held a number of roles at UBS Limited over a 22-year period prior to which she qualified as a solicitor. She is a former non-executive director at Brewin Dolphin Holdings plc and RSA Insurance Group plc, where she chaired the remuneration committee.

Current directorships/business

interests: Kath is a non-executive director at Columbia Threadneedle Investments where she chairs the TPEN audit committee. She is the senior independent director of TP ICAP Group Plc and a nonexecutive director at Brown Shipley. She is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited.

Specific contribution to the company's long-term success: Kath's extensive board experience and knowledge of different regulated sectors enables her to contribute to board governance and risk management at United Utilities.



Michael Lewis Independent non-executive director

Responsibilities: To challenge constructively the executive directors and monitor the delivery of the strategy within the risk and control framework set by the board.

Qualifications: BEng (Hons) Engineering Technology, MSc Pollution and Environmental Control, MA Environmental Law.

Appointment to the board: May 2023.

Skills and experience: Michael has spent his career in customer-facing regulated utilities and has considerable experience of working with both environmental and economic regulators. He has been responsible for managing a wide range of capital investment projects aimed at improving the customer experience, and driving environmental sustainability has been a key focus throughout his career.

Career experience: Michael started his career at Wessex Water plc, prior to joining PowerGen plc, which was subsequently acquired by E.ON SE. He joined the management board of E.ON Climate and Renewables in 2007, and was appointed as CEO in 2015, where he pioneered its large scale offshore wind power capabilities. He was appointed as CEO of E.ON UK in 2017, where he led the company's transformation into a leading supplier of zero carbon energy solutions. He became CEO of the German listed Uniper SE, one of Europe's leading power generation and gas supply companies, in June 2023. He was formerly a nonexecutive director of Equinor ASA.

Current directorships/business

interests: Michael is CEO of Uniper SE. and a Member of Council the Natural Environment Research Council. He is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited.

Specific contribution to the company's

long-term success: Michael's extensive experience in regulated customer-facing utilities will assist the board in its planning for the 2025-30 Price Review period, and his focus on sustainability will help the board further develop its ambitions to reduce the group's carbon footprint and achieve its net zero commitment by 2030.





Paulette Rowe Doug Webb Independent non-executive director

Responsibilities: To challenge

constructively the executive directors and monitor the delivery of the strategy within the risk and control framework set by the board and to lead the board's agenda on ESG matters.

Qualifications: MEng + Man (Hons), MBA.

Appointment to the board: July 2017.

Skills and experience: Paulette has spent most of her career in the regulated finance industry and so provides the board with additional perspective and first-hand regulatory experience. Her experience of technology-driven transformation contributes to United Utilities' customer experience programme

Career experience: Paulette has held senior executive roles in banking and technology at Meta, Barclays, the Royal Bank of Scotland/NatWest and at Paysafe Group. She is a former trustee and chair of children's charity The Mayor's Fund for London.

and its Systems Thinking approach.

Current directorships/business

interests: During the year, Paulette joined private equity firm Greater Sum Ventures and was appointed as a non-executive director of Thredd, a private equityowned venture. She is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited

Specific contribution to the company's

long-term success: Paulette's wide-ranging experience in regulated sectors, profit and loss management, technology and innovation enables her to provide a firsthand contribution to many board topics of discussion and has been instrumental in providing challenge on the group's equity, diversity and inclusion activities.

Responsibilities: To challenge constructively the executive directors and monitor the delivery of the strategy within the risk and control framework set by the board and to lead the audit and treasury committees.

Qualifications: MA Geography and Management Science, Chartered Accountant (FCA).

Appointment to the board: September 2020.

Skills and experience: Doug has extensive career experience in finance from qualifying as a chartered accountant with Price Waterhouse, his executive roles as CFO of major listed companies and more recently through his nonexecutive positions and focus on audit committee activities.

Career experience: Doug was previously chief financial officer at Meggitt PLC from 2013 to 2018 and prior to that, he was chief financial officer at the London Stock Exchange Group plc and QinetiQ Group plc. He is a former non-executive director and audit committee chair at SEGRO plc and the Manufacturing Technology Group Ltd.

Current directorships/business interests: Doug currently serves as a nonexecutive director and audit committee chair at Johnson Matthey plc, and the senior independent non-executive director at BMT Group Ltd. He is an independent non-executive director of United Utilities Water Limited.

Specific contribution to the company's long-term success: Doug applies his

financial capabilities and his technical knowledge and experience covering audit and treasury matters in his role as chair of both the audit and the treasury committee strengthen the board's financial expertise.

Independent non-executive director

Board role

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endent non-executive director

Independent non-executive director

Committee membership

- Nomination committee
- E ESG committee
- Treasury committee
- R Remuneration committee
- A Audit committee
- Chair of the committee

Corporate governance report

Sir David Higgins Chair

Quick facts

- Sir David Higgins met the independence criteria as set out in provision 10 of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the code) when he was appointed.
- The code requires that at least half of the board, excluding the Chair, should be non-executive directors whom the board considers to be independent. At 31 March, five out of the remaining eight directors were independent non-executive directors
- The company secretary attends all board and committee meetings and advises the Chair on governance matters. The company secretariat team provides administrative support.
- The directors' biographies (see pages 122 to 125) include specific reasons why each director's contribution is, and continues to be, important to the company's long-term sustainable success
- All directors are subject to annual election at the annual general meeting (AGM) held in July. The board concluded, following the completion of the evaluation of the effectiveness of the board, that each director continues to contribute effectively
- The board recommends that shareholders vote in favour of those directors standing for a further term at the forthcoming AGM, as they will be doing in respect of their individual shareholdings.

Quick links

Schedule of matters reserved for the board: unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

A copy of the Financial Reporting Council's 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code can be found at frc.org.uk

Letter from the Chair

As a board we are fully engaged and intent on playing our part in ensuring that United Utilities delivers on its newly adopted purpose of providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West.

Dear shareholder

The board's discussions have been dominated during the year by the challenging operating environment and the difficult times faced by many of our customers and other stakeholders due to the increased cost of living and the adverse economic conditions. The board was ever more conscious of the need for the group to play its part in the North West and deliver on its purpose both now, and in the future, and to ensure that it fulfilled its own oversight role to promote the long-term sustainable success of the company.

Evolution of Better Rivers

The board has provided challenge, support and advice to management in its navigation of a number of key issues including the regulatory, environmental and media focus on sewage in rivers. Our management team are committed to respond to the enormity of the challenge for United Utilities. As one of the three most impacted companies, it requires considerable investment to progressively reduce the adverse impacts of storm overflow activations in our network. The Environment Act 2021 set legally binding environmental targets for water companies to reduce the number of activations from storm overflows. As a board we are fully engaged and intent on playing our part in ensuring that United Utilities delivers on its newly adopted purpose of providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West.

Environmental, social and governance

The board is responsible for overseeing environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues. Many facets of ESG have been high on the agenda for the board and for the ESG committee (formerly the corporate responsibility committee), which takes the lead in the oversight of environmental (including climate change) and social issues. The business is working hard to achieve the six carbon pledges made in 2020 and our four verified science-based targets. Our climate change mitigation strategy forms the basis of our net zero transition plan (see pages 45 to 47), which demonstrates how we intend to contribute to. and prepare for a rapid global transition towards, a low greenhouse gas emissions economy.

To incentivise management, the remuneration committee incorporated targets related to our carbon pledges into the performance elements of 2022 award of the long-term incentive plan. The board does not underestimate the challenge to the business of reducing emissions, particularly nitrous oxide and methane from sewage - an issue likely to be further exacerbated by the expected population growth in our region. We also recognise the significant challenge of Scope 3 emissions and are working closely with our supply chain partners to manage and reduce these within the constraints of growth, demand, resources and cost.

The extreme weather and freeze-thaw event in December 2022, was a very challenging time in our region, requiring our incident teams to be mobilised at the highest level. As ever, many of our colleagues and those of our contracting partners, sacrificed time with family and friends over the Christmas period to maintain services to customers.

Affordability is key to many customers, with many parts of the North West suffering from high levels of acute deprivation. The board is an advocate of the Consumer Council for Water's pursuit of the introduction of a national social tariff that is consistent with the group's own affordability schemes and core values. The group's approach to affordability and to those in lower income groups who find it a struggle to pay their water bill is a standing item overseen, in the first instance, by the ESG committee. A comprehensive dashboard of low income metrics enables the committee to monitor performance and mitigating actions on household retail cash, debt and affordability. Around 330,000 customers are supported by the group's affordability schemes.

At our AGM in 2022, the board proposed a resolution on the company's climate-related financial disclosures in the form of our TCFD report (in this report, see TCFD index on page 05) on a non-binding advisory basis. The resolution attracted 80.62 per cent of the votes cast in favour. We were disappointed in the 19.38 per cent of the vote being withheld or cast against the resolution. Following the AGM we engaged with the proxy voting agency which had recommended a vote against the resolution and responded to feedback from several investors - clarifying the responsibilities of the then corporate responsibility committee for environmental matters and providing information on our climate change mitigation strategy.

In the following pages of this corporate governance report, we set out how the board has fully applied the principles and fully complied and reported on the provisions of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance (the Code).

Cyber security

The board has regular oversight of cyber security matters. The group's approach to the protection of information and holding of data about its assets and operations, customers and colleagues is aligned with its strategic priorities (see page 38). There are a number of regulatory drivers in relation to cyber security that the group must comply with. United Utilities Water is designated as a provider of essential services for UK Critical National Infrastructure and is governed by The Network and Information Systems Regulations 2018, which focuses on cyber security compliance. Good progress is being made with our programme of work to comply with these regulations. United Utilities Water is required to

Looking ahead

Focus for the board is now on the price review process for the 2025-30 asset management period (the PR24 process). We welcomed Michael Lewis as an independent non-executive director to the board on 1 May 2023. Michael brings his considerable experience of working in the regulated electricity sector, which will be invaluable to the board as we work through the PR24 process.

On 16 March 2023, the company announced that Steve Mogford would step down from the board with effect from 31 March 2023 and would be succeeded by Louise Beardmore, who was appointed to the board as CEO designate on 1 May 2022. Since her appointment last year, Louise has, amongst other things, been overseeing the preparation of the group's business plan covering the 2025-30 period. More information on Louise's transition into the CEO role can be found on page 145.

in his retirement.

Chair

UK Corporate Governance Code

Reporting on the application of principles and against the provisions of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code.



Stock code: UU.

comply with the Security and Emergency Measures Direction (SEMD), which directs water undertakers to maintain plans to provide a supply of water at all times and includes security components. A report, subject to independent attestation, is submitted annually to the DWI. Furthermore, the group's information security policies and compliance are aligned to ISO 27001.

Like most companies we are facing the increasing challenge of cyber threats. Cyber security is a principal risk over which the board has oversight, both as part of twice-yearly reviews of risk management supported by the audit committee, and directly through interaction with the chief security officer who also provides the board with an update on cyber security twice a year. More information on the work to mitigate the risk of cyber security threats can be found on pages 53 and 57 and information on the progress with enhancing the group's digital strategy on page 26.

On behalf of the board, I wish to express our immense gratitude to Steve for his visionary and strategic leadership over the last 12 years. He leaves the group in a position standing tall amongst its peers, and as an integrated and forward-thinking business better prepared to take on the challenges of the future. We wish him well

The business plans we

out to 2050."

submit in 2023 will cover

the 2025-30 period, with a

long-term delivery strategy

Sir David Higgins

Ð Read more about our core values on page 50

Read more about our financial performance on pages 112 to 119

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Board leadership and company purpose

Principle A:

A successful company is led by an effective and entrepreneurial board, whose role is to promote the long-term sustainable success of the company, generating value for shareholders and contributing to wider society.

We set out our application of principle A and provision 1 on pages 128 and 129, and our reporting against risk as part of provision 1 on pages 60 to 75. The S172(1) Statement is on page 58.

Principle B:

The board should establish the company's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfy itself that these and its culture are aligned. All directors must act with integrity, lead by example and promote the desired culture.

The board is satisfied it has applied principle B - see page 38. See page 135 and 186 for our reporting against provision 2 and pages 58 and 136 in respect of provision 5.

Principle C:

The board should ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and measure performance against them. The board should also establish a framework of prudent and effective controls, which enable risk to be assessed and managed.

Application of principle C to identify the resource within the business is delegated to management, but monitored by the board through the measurement of performance. See page 143 regarding our succession pipeline, and page 149 for the board's approach to risk management and internal control.

Principle D:

In order for the company to meet its responsibilities to shareholders and stakeholders, the board should ensure effective engagement with, and encourage participation from, these parties.

Engagement of stakeholders fulfilling the application of principle D, and our reporting against provision 3 is set out on pages 56 to 57 and 137 to 138 in relation to our engagement with shareholders and stakeholders.

Principle E:

The board should ensure that workforce policies and practices are consistent with the company's values and support its long-term sustainable success. The workforce should be able to raise any matters of concern.

The board recognises the importance of a two-way flow of communication and the importance of colleagues having the facilities to raise matters of concern. See pages 56, 100, and 136 to 137 in relation to engagement with colleagues for our reporting against provisions 5 and 6.

Areas of focus for the board in 2022/23

As part of the board's role in promoting the long-term sustainable success of the company, generating value for shareholders and contributing to society the board focused on a number of areas:

Regulatory, environmental and media focus on sewage in rivers

The board is acutely aware of the ongoing criticism aimed at the group and other wastewater companies in relation to discharges from storm overflows that are incorporated into the sewerage network in our region to carry sewage and rainwater. The Environment Act 2021 sets out legally binding environmental targets for water companies to progressively reduce the adverse impacts of storm overflow activations. United Utilities has a significantly higher proportion of combined sewers than any other water company. Over 54 per cent of our public sewers combine foul and surface water compared to an average of 33 per cent. United Utilities is one of the three most impacted companies and will face considerable investment requirements relative to its customer base. Combined sewers respond more quickly to a storm with the capacity filling up more rapidly than when compared to more separate systems, but which helps address areas of higher rainfall like the North West. When sewers and treatment plants are operating at full capacity they can discharge storm water (including diluted sewage) into rivers via the storm overflow, therefore helping to prevent the flooding of streets, homes and businesses during periods of heavy rainfall. We have committed to £230 million in environmental improvements, supporting at least a one third sustainable reduction in the number of recorded storm overflow activations by 2025 compared to the 2020 baseline, making improvements to reduce the use of some of the most frequently activated storm overflows by around 10,000 hours, and making improvements to around 184 kilometres of rivers in our region. In May 2022 we committed £250 million of reinvestment to support our Better Rivers: Better North West programme and other environmental enhancements across our region. Furthermore, working with our regulators, we are bringing forward over £900 million of investment and expecting to spend around £200 million over the next two years.

Environmental sustainability

Environmental issues are integral to the way our business operates. The ESG committee takes the lead in overseeing management's development of our climate change mitigation strategy, and reports regularly to the board on the matter. Plans are progressing to drive the group's transition to a low carbon future by minimising our contribution to global warming through a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions. During the year, our draft strategic carbon plan has been developed setting out the ways in which we can achieve our science based targets and an integrated programme of decarbonisation interventions to 2030 and beyond. Net zero is referenced as one of the key objectives for the 2024 price review and carbon will be fully integrated into our price review submission.

As part of our business-as-usual activities, carbon has been incorporated as a factor to be considered in:

- our investment appraisal and decision-making processes;
- our land management practices to enhance/ improve natural capital;
- the innovation that we encourage both within our operations and through working with our partners and suppliers; and
- our implementation of a 'circular' mindset.

The board is kept fully informed by management on the impacts of climate change from an operational perspective. Extreme weather events impacting our region and our operations in recent years are increasingly common. When such incidents occur, the CEO keeps board members fully apprised of the impact on operations via virtual meetings and other forms of communication. The board would be informed of any material points of learning identified in the post-incident review process, and progress with the implementation of material actions. A table of our reporting against TCFD and TNFD recommended disclosures can be found on page 5.

Working with our regulators

We have continued to work alongside Ofwat in its newly introduced approach for major capital construction projects, namely Direct Procurement for Customers (DPC). The group's first project that has been approved for procurement via the DPC method is the Haweswater Aqueduct Resilience Programme (HARP). The information currently available suggests that the DPC route has the potential to offer the best value for customers and, therefore supports the position that this should be tested by progressing HARP through a DPC procurement process. The Haweswater Aqueduct is a critical asset, and as such the board is being kept fully apprised through the procurement process.

In December 2022, Ofwat published its methodology for the forthcoming 2024 price review. The board has been fully engaged with the process during the year including participation in deep-dive sessions and regular discussions at scheduled board meetings.

Equity, diversity and inclusion (ED&I)

During the year, considerable progress has been made on the journey to drive forward progress with ED&I as part of the long-term sustainable success of the business. During the year, a number of board members attended the inaugural Colleague Network AGM and Inclusion Awards, celebrating colleagues' contributions to championing inclusion in the workplace and our local communities. Further information on ED&I can be found on page 54. The board diversity policy (see page 143) promotes and encourages diversity and inclusion among board members by fostering an inclusive and belonging environment in the boardroom, encouraging open and frank contributions from all board members.

Delivering against our regulatory contract

Under the current regulatory model, we are a monopoly supplier of water and wastewater services to our domestic customers. In short, the opportunities for improving our financial performance are based on outperforming our five-year contract. Underlying this is a complex set of regulatory key performance indicators, including total expenditure (totex) outperformance, the outcome delivery incentive (ODI) mechanism, customer measure of experience (C-MeX) and financing expenditure (see pages 84 to 119), which are managed and monitored by the business.

Stock code: UU



Overview of the board's

responsibilities

- Sets the strategy of the group, ensuring the long-term success of the group for customers, investors and wider stakeholders.
- Is responsible for challenging and encouraging the executive team in its interpretation and implementation of how it manages the business, and that it is doing so in accordance with the strategic goals the board has set.
- Has responsibility for ensuring the company's risk management and internal control systems (including financial, operational and compliance) and processes operate effectively (see pages 166 to 167).
- Must ensure that the company has the necessary financial resources and people with the necessary skills to achieve its objectives. It reviews managerial performance annually.
- Approves appointments to and removals from the board and membership of the committees.
- Applies the principles of the code and reports against the provisions.
- Has oversight of major capital expenditure projects within UUW that exceed £150 million, and any project that materially increases the group's risk profile or is not in the ordinary course of the group's business.

Quick link

Terms of reference: unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

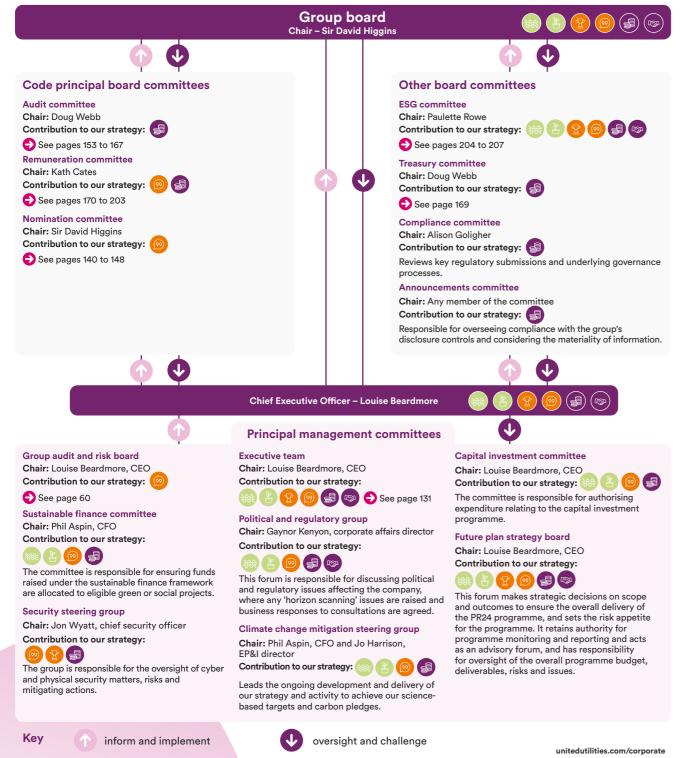
Providing great water for a stronger. greener and healthier North West

Governance structure for the board and its committees Role of the board

The board has responsibility for establishing the purpose, values and strategy, which is broken down into six strategic priorities (see page 38). The governance structure encompassing the board, its principal committees and the principal management committees (and set out in the diagram below) contributes to ensuring that the group focuses on its strategic priorities.

The CEO provides an updated overview of the business, and its financial and operational performance at every scheduled meeting. A rolling calendar of business is maintained to provide an overview of the board's annual business. The company secretary will agree board agendas with the CEO and Chair of the board prior to the meeting. Papers are tabled at the executive meeting prior to inclusion on the board agenda and electronic board packs are circulated in a timely manner in advance of the meeting to enable board members to prepare and participate in board discussions. A full schedule of the matters reserved for the board can be found on the company's website and at unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

Governance structure of the board and its committees and the principal management committees



Key Provide a safe and Create a Improve our rivers greener future great place to work

Board committees

In line with the code, the board delegates certain roles and responsibilities to its principal board committees. While the board retains overall responsibility, a sub-committee structure allows these committees to probe the subject matters more deeply and gain a greater understanding of the detail. The committees then report back to the board on the matters discussed, decisions taken, and, where appropriate, make recommendations to the board on matters requiring its approval. The reports of the principal board committees required by the code can be found on the subsequent pages. Minutes of the board and principal board committee meetings (with the exception of the remuneration committee) are tabled at board meetings and the chairs of each of the board committees report verbally to the board on their activities.

Summary of board activity in 2022/23

During the year the board has focused on a number of strategic matters and received regular updates.

| Actions | Outcomes | Cross reference | Link to strategic priorities |
|--|--|-------------------------|---|
| Leadership and colleagues | | | |
| Review of health, safety and wellbeing activities and consideration of health and safety incidents of colleagues and contractors. | Challenged management to heighten the focus on embedding a health and safety culture within the business, with added focus being placed on process safety improvements at operational sites. | See pages 100 to 101 | 8 |
| Review of board succession plans. | Succession plan implemented for the appointment of a non-executive director during the year and approved changes to the membership of the board committees. | See pages 143 to 144 |) (* 19)))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))) |
| Reviewed progress with our aspiration for a diverse and inclusive workforce. | Board kept apprised of the programme of work to increase diversity of the workforce and improve equity and inclusivity. | See pages 54 to 55 | 80 |
| Reviewed and discussed the results of the annual colleague engagement survey and received updates on workforce engagement mechanisms, including the Colleague Voice panel chaired by Alison Goligher, the non-executive director designated for engagement with the workforce. | Board kept apprised of the activities and insight provided by the Colleague Voice panel and its links to the colleague network groups, and the panel's ongoing contribution to the work on equity, diversity and inclusion. Non-executive director attendance at panel meetings providing further two-way insight. | See page 136 | 2 ® |
| Reviewed the company's dashboard of culture metrics and associated analysis. | Monitored and assessed culture and agreed it was aligned with the company's purpose, values and strategy. | See page 135 | |
| Strategy | | | |
| Reviewed and monitored the progress against the climate change mitigation/carbon reduction strategy. | Board apprised of the maturing governance structures and options being considered to reduce the group's carbon footprint and develop a net zero transition plan. | See pages 45 to 47 | *** ** <u>*</u> |
| Price Review 2024 (PR24) deep-dive session – developing strategy for PR24 relating to customers, stakeholders and financial matters. Discussed the timeline for PR24 and the overlap with related price review submissions, including the Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan, the Water Resources Management Plan and the Water Industry National Environment Plan. | Guidance and challenge provided by the board as to the progress of the plan of work to develop the draft submission for the 2024 price review process and consideration of the implications for the group of the methodology published by Ofwat in December 2022. The board have been fully engaged on progress with the development of PR24 throughout the year through regular updates at board meetings. | See pages 40 to 41 | |
| Received regular updates at each meeting of items with a strategic component, such as emerging changes to regulation, major capital expenditure and business structuring decisions. | Facilitated more informed board discussion and planning. | - | *** ** ® # |
| Held a full day meeting to consider the strategic development of the group and its long-term priorities. | In-depth review of the water and wastewater strategy and progress of work to develop the group's Water Industry National Environment Plan, which will inform the 2025–30 price review submission. | See page 59 | ₩ <u>¥</u> |

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Executive team

The executive team is chaired by the CEO, and its members are the senior managers who have a direct reporting line to the CEO. The executive team is responsible for the day-to-day running of the business and other operational matters and implementing the strategies that the board has set. The executive team holds two scheduled meetings each month, focusing on the day to day performance of the business at one meeting and matters of a strategic nature at the other, along with weekly informal 'scrums'. The principal management committees are vital to the implementation of the group's strategic priorities enabling senior management to meet together to discuss the needs of the business, raise issues, identify and delegate appropriate actions, monitor progress of key performance measures and ensure any lessons learnt are implemented. The board receives a report from the CEO providing an updated overview of the business, and its financial and operational performance at every scheduled meeting.

Short biographies of the executive team can be found on the company's website at unitedutilities.com/executive-team

Providing great water for a stronger,

greener and healthier North West continued

| Actions | Outcomes | Cross reference | Link to strategic priorities | |
|---|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Governance | | | | |
| Reviewed and debated the overall risk profile of the group, and in particular the principal risks, emerging risks and risk appetite, including a review of the most significant operational risks. | Endorsed the nature, extent and management of key business risks and endorsed the view that the risk appetite approach and framework remained fit for purpose. | See page 60 | 9 | |
| Reviewed the risk management systems, including financial, operational and compliance controls and reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control systems. | The risk management and internal control systems were considered to be effective. | See page 150 | | |
| Reviewed and discussed developments in cyber crime. | Approved the activities undertaken to enhance the effectiveness of the group's security controls. | See page 73 | 20 | |
| Reviewed the terms of reference for the audit, remuneration, treasury and ESG committees and received post-meeting reports from the chairs of each committee summarising discussions and actions. | Approved amendments to the terms of reference of the company's committees as appropriate. | - | 8 🔊 🛢 | |
| Considered the proposal to establish a board committee with delegated responsibility to oversee compliance with regulatory assurance requirements and to be kept abreast of any changes thereto. | Established the compliance committee chaired by Alison Goligher. | | (| |
| Reviewed biannual updates on changes and developments in corporate governance. | Matters implemented as considered appropriate. | - | | |
| Reviewed and discussed the internal evaluation of the board, its committees and individual directors and conflicts of interest. | Identified action points and any ongoing training needs. | See page 145 | <u> </u> | |
| Reviewed the performance of the statutory auditor and recommendation for reappointment at the 2023 AGM. | Accepted the recommendation from the audit committee that KPMG be proposed for reappointed at the 2023 AGM. | See page 165 | | |
| Reviewed the resolutions and notice of meeting for the 2023 AGM. | Approved the resolutions to be proposed at the 2023 AGM, and convened the meeting. | See page 214 | | |
| Reviewed the approach and progress of work to identify areas where there is any risk of modern slavery occurring in our supply chain. | Approved the 2023/24 slavery and human trafficking statement. | See page 213 | 2 💿 📼 | |
| Reviewed the effectiveness of the whistleblowing policies and processes and incidents under investigation and noted the activities within the business to prevent and detect fraud. | Concluded that the whistleblowing policies and processes were effective and noted the activities within the business to protect and detect fraud. | See pages 137 and 167 | 8 🕲 🕸 | |
| Treasury hedging policies deep-dive session. | Provide the board with an in-depth session into the group's treasury hedging policies regarding interest rates, inflation, electricity and other commodity prices. | See page 169 | a | |
| Considered the impact of the Russian invasion of Ukraine on the supply chain. | Sought to mitigate the impact on the supply chain and source alternative suppliers where possible. | See page 74 | <u> </u> | |
| Regulated business and its stakeholde | rs | | | |
| Regular review of the progress of the Direct Procurement for Customers (DPC) approach and readiness of UUW as part of the project to replace sections of the Haweswater Aqueduct. | Board kept fully apprised of progress at key stages of the project through regular presentations at board meetings and the UUW board approved the issue of the tender pre-qualification questionnaire. | See page 68 | | |
| Water quality deep-dive session. | Provide the board with an in-depth view of the strategy for managing and improving water quality; an understanding of the importance of critical assets in the integrated supply zone during the future construction activity to replace sections of the Haweswater Aqueduct. | | (a) | |
| Reviewed the 2022 Annual Performance Report and supporting assurance | Approved the submission of the 2022 Annual Performance Report to Ofwat. | | *** * * © # ® | |



| Actions | Outcomes |
|---|--|
| Regulated business and its stakeholder | rs continued |
| Reviewed customer service performance measures. | In-year customer performance measures monitor against regulatory targets. |
| Drainage and Wastewater Management Plan deep dive. | Provided an in-depth review of the submission and the opportunity for the board to challenge management approach and provide strategic guidance prior to sub of the draft plan in June 2022. |
| Considered the capital sanction to support the project at Oswestry water treatment works. | Approved the capital sanction. |
| Other group business | |
| Considered the offer for the entire issued capital of United Utilities Renewable Energy Limited. | Approved the disposal of United Utilities Renewal Energy Limited. |
| Considered the renewal and extension of the existing revolving credit facilities until December 2026 to support the working capital needs of the Water Plus Group, the joint venture with Severn Trent. | Approved the renewal and extension of revolving facilities until December 2026, aligning with thos provided by Severn Trent, the joint venture partne |
| Shareholder relations | |
| Received and discussed a presentation by Rothschild Investor Advisory on investors' views and perceptions of the group in relation to, among other things: strategy; the group's unique selling proposition; performance; and how the company compares with other listed water and wastewater companies. | Provided the board with an indirect view of investor perceptions. |
| Regularly received and discussed feedback from roadshows, presentations, face-to-face meetings and correspondence between investors and the Chair, CEO and/or the CFO, and other communications received from large investors. | Provided the board with a direct view of investor perceptions and the opportunity for review and discussion and review of the group's response as applicable. |
| Financial | |
| Reviewed the 2020–25 business plan and the 2022/23 budget. | Noted the 2020–25 business plan and approved the 2022/23 budget. |
| Reviewed and approved the half and full-year results and associated announcements and applicable dividend payments. | Approved the half and full-year results and associannouncements and considered and approved the interim and final dividend payments to be paid to shareholders. |
| Reviewed management's proposed going concern and long-term viability statement. | Approved the going concern and long-term viability statement. |
| Reviewed tax policies and objectives proposed by management for 2021/22. | Approved tax policies and objectives for 2021/22. |
| Reviewed the annual pensions update. | Pensions strategy affirmed and endorsed the preferred methodology for Guaranteed Minimum Pension equalisation. |
| Reviewed the annual treasury update. | Approved the treasury policies; the group's funding requirements for the year and the potential sources to meeting these funding requirements; and manag the group's interest rate and other market risk expo |
| Reviewed the annual insurance programme for 2022/23. | Approved the annual insurance programme for 2022/23. |
| Reviewed progress with material litigation involving the group. | Strategy to defend claims robustly affirmed. |
| | |

Stock code: UU.

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Link to

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ovide strategic guidance prior to su in June 2022. pital sanction. isposal of United Utilities Renews enewal and extension of revolving ecember 2026, aligning with tho vern Trent, the joint venture partr ard with an indirect view of tions. ard with a direct view of investo the opportunity for review and review of the group's response -25 business plan and approved dget. alf and full-year results and assoc and considered and approved I dividend payments to be paid oing concern and long-term olicies and objectives for 2021/22 gy affirmed and endorsed the See 8 🙆 😫 odology for Guaranteed Minimum page 255 ation. easury policies; the group's funding See 😥 🛃 r the year and the potential sources page 169 e funding requirements; and managing est rate and other market risk exposure. nnual insurance programme end claims robustly affirmed. See page 75 🙆 🛃

Providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West continued

Attendance at board and committee meetings

Eight scheduled board meetings were planned and held during the year (2022: eight). A number of other board meetings and telephone conferences were held during the year, as the need arose. The table below shows the number of scheduled meetings attended and the maximum number of scheduled meetings that the directors could have attended. Only in exceptional circumstances would directors not attend board and committee meetings. Similarly, every effort is made to attend ad hoc meetings either in person or via the use of video or telephone conferencing facilities if needs be. None of the non-executive directors has raised concerns over the time commitment required of them to fulfil their duties. Scheduled meetings are usually held face to face, occasionally a board member may attend virtually.

On the evening before most scheduled board meetings, all of the non-executive directors meet either by themselves, or together with just the CEO, or with the entire board and the company secretary. This time is usefully spent enabling board members to build a rapport, share views and consider issues impacting the company, resulting in improved board dynamics and better decision-making.

| | Boards meetings ⁽¹⁾ | Audit committee | Remuneration committee | Nomination committee | ESG committee | Treasury committee |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Sir David Higgins | 88 | - | - | 3 3 | - | - |
| Steve Mogford | 8 8 | - | _ | - | 4 4 | - |
| Louise Beardmore | 7 7 (2) | - | _ | - | - | - |
| Phil Aspin | 8 8 | - | - | - | - | 3 3 |
| Mark Clare | 4 4 (3) | - | 2 2 (3) | 1 1 (3) | - | - |
| Alison Goligher | 7 8 (4) | - | 4 4 | 3 3 | 4 4 | - |
| Liam Butterworth | 8 8 | 4 4 | - | 3 3 | 2 3 (7) | - |
| Stephen Carter | 4 4 (3) | 1 (3) | - | 1 1 (3) | 1 (3) | - |
| Kath Cates | 8 8 | 3 3 (5) | 4 4 | 3 3 | - | - |
| Paulette Rowe | 8 8 | 1 (6) | - | 3 3 | 4 4 | - |
| Doug Webb | 88 | 4 4 | 4 4 | 3 3 | - | 3 3 |

Meetings attended Possible meetings

- O Actual number of meetings attended/maximum number of scheduled meetings that the directors could have attended during the financial year ended 31 March 2023.
- ${}^{\scriptsize (2)}$ Louise Beardmore was appointed to the board on 1 May 2022.
- (3) Mark Clare and Stephen Carter stepped down from the board at the conclusion of the AGM in July 2022.
- (4) Alison Goligher was unable to attend one board meeting due to a personal matter.
- (5) Kath Cates was appointed as a member of the audit committee in July 2022.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Paulette Rowe stepped down from the audit committee in July 2022.
- (7) Liam Butterworth was unable to attend a committee meeting due to a commitment arranged prior to his appointment.

Purpose, values and culture

Our purpose is to provide great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West. With the water industry evolving to meet new challenges and priorities, the board took into account feedback gained from stakeholders and colleagues on what, and how, things needed to be done and as a result, our purpose, strategic priorities and core values were refreshed to better reflect the future needs of the business. Six strategic priorities (see page 38) were identified reflecting the key areas of focus for the coming years and the alignment of our ambitions with the ESG concerns of our stakeholders.

Our core values demonstrate how we behave individually and collectively as the board and how we ask our colleagues to behave. Our colleagues are fundamental to delivering our strategy and achieving our purpose. Our values of 'doing the right thing', 'make it happen' and 'be better' (see page 50) underpin our culture of behaving as a responsible business in the way we interact with all the stakeholders we serve. We must continually reinforce these values so that the right behaviours cascade throughout the organisation, ensuring our culture of behaving responsibly drives what we do.

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the board is satisfied that the formulation of our aspirations in terms of our purpose, values and culture have been informed by our stakeholders and we operate our business in such a way that will create long-term value for all.

Monitoring our culture

Throughout the organisation, our culture is monitored to ensure behaving responsibly drives what we do. Key to this is taking action to address any issues where there is misalignment with the company's culture.

To support this, we have a framework of qualitative and quantitative cultural measures to provide the board with insight into the culture of the group. These measures are tracked so that any issues can be identified and actioned. We were pleased to have received external validation of our approach to monitoring culture, featuring as a best practice case study by the Financial Reporting Council 'Creating Positive Culture Opportunities and Challenges Report', December 2021. A recent independent audit found our approach to be a "pragmatic and effective model" for supporting the board in their role of monitoring and assessing culture and a "useful framework for driving improvements and interventions" (PwC, February 2021).

1 Dashboard of cultural metrics

In addition to the existing reporting, management has developed a dashboard of cultural metrics, providing a comprehensive overview to support the board in fulfilling its role in monitoring and assessing culture. The dashboard comprises relevant metrics derived from: the annual colleague engagement survey; human resources policies in relation to equity, diversity and inclusion along with associated training; whistleblowing reporting; health, safety and wellbeing policies and practices; and other key performance indicators relating to how we behave as a responsible business.

Metrics from the dashboard used to monitor culture include:

- Engagement response rate shows the level of participation in our survey – in 2022/23 it was 87 per cent compared to the UK norm of 76 per cent, demonstrating that colleagues are keen to tell us how they feel about working at United Utilities.
- Engagement is at the heart of what we do and the overall engagement score gives us a quantifiable measure of company culture, in 2022/23 it was 82 per cent compared to the UK norm of 78 per cent.
- Health and safety is at the heart of what we do and we want our people to go home safe and well. In 2022/23 it was
 91 per cent compared to the UK norm of 87 per cent. The home safe and well programme training is now part of our business as usual training programme and 88.6 per cent of our workforce have completed this training programme.

2 Existing reporting structures for discussion

There are a number of existing reporting structures that allow our cultural metrics to be measured, discussed and challenged by the board and its committees, many of which are regularly provided to the board at its scheduled board meetings.

3 Alignment with purpose, values and strategy

The board was satisfied that policies, practices and behaviours within the business were aligned with the company's purpose, values and strategy.

Providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West continued

Listening to our colleagues

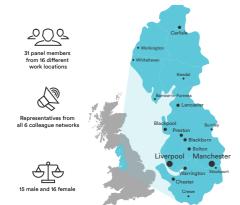
with panel members.

Read more about our female talent pipeline on page 102

Read more about our colleague networks on page 55 Our colleagues are at the heart of the culture of our business and their 'lived experience', is a key part of the board's assessment and monitoring of culture. Alison Goligher, the current designated non-executive director for engagement with the workforce, facilitates two-way dialogue between the board and the wider workforce. There is an open invitation to all board members to attend meetings of the panel. During the year, Liam Butterworth and Doug Webb each attended a panel meeting participating in a question and answer session

Alison chairs the Colleague Voice panel (the panel) formed from representatives of a number of colleague groups and networks from across the business and with representatives drawn from around the region. During the year, the panel met four times including its AGM in July 2022. Meetings alternate between in-person and virtual, providing a flexible approach to enable colleagues to attend.

Profile of the Colleague Voice panel



Throughout the year, the panel have been provided with business updates and information sessions to broaden their knowledge of board and corporate governance, including governance around executive remuneration. A summary of the meeting content is set out in the table opposite. The panel has three key sub-groups focused on actively providing business insights on the following key areas:

- continuous improvement and feedback on how we measure colleague engagement;
- helping our colleague networks promote and support an inclusive culture across the company; and
- exploring the drivers and measures of organisation culture. The culture sub-group has focused its energies on obtaining grass-roots view of changes implemented across the organisation.

Colleagues' views are measured annually through the engagement Your Opinion Survey with the objective of taking any required action to improve how permanent colleagues feel about the company and understand its direction. Colleagues are provided with information through briefings and access to online materials, to enable them to understand the financial and economic factors affecting the group's performance.

Alison has regular meetings with senior trade union representatives as part of the agreed panel approach. Furthermore, along with our employee relations team, our CEO holds regular face-to-face meetings with senior trade union representatives to facilitate two-way communication and engagement with the views of colleagues' representatives.

The group has a commercial arrangement with a third party for the provision of agency staff and contractors. Engagement and communication in relation to these members of the wider workforce is managed directly by the third party via a dedicated third-party account manager who liaises directly with the company's human resources team. If there is any significant change activity, a representative of the third party joins the project team, thereby ensuring consistency when communicating key information to colleagues, agency staff and contractors.

Set out on pages 56 and 76 respectively is the company's approach to our engagement with and creating value for colleagues, with health, safety and wellbeing a priority. Furthermore, an explanation of the company's approach to rewarding the workforce can be found in the report of the remuneration committee on page 186.



Meeting content of the panel during the year is set out in the table below:

The following sets out the company's compliance with code provision 6.

As part of our two-way communication, the board has responsibility for reviewing the group's arrangements for individuals to raise matters of concern and the arrangements for the investigation of such matters. The group's whistleblowing policy (the policy) supports the culture within the group where genuine concerns may be reported and investigated without reprisals for whistleblowers. A confidential telephone helpline and a web portal are available to enable colleagues (including agency workers and contractors) to raise matters of concern in relation to possible incidents of fraud, dishonesty, corruption, theft, security and bribery. Furthermore, colleagues are encouraged to raise any matters relating to health and safety and any activities of the business that have caused or may cause damage to the environment, such as pollution or other contamination. Both the helpline and web portal are operated by a third-party, enabling any concerns to be reported anonymously. The policy states that no colleague will be victimised for raising a matter in accordance with the policy. Matters raised with the helpline/ portal are in the first instance reported to the whistleblowing committee and investigated by senior managers independent of any involvement of the issues being considered. Details of the findings of the investigation and proposed solution are then considered by the whistleblowing committee (whose membership comprises the company secretary, the people director, the strategy, policy and regulation director, the head of internal audit and the commercial, engineering and capital delivery director) and which meets guarterly. The board routinely reviews matters considered by the whistleblowing committee, the outcome of the investigation and the ways in which the matters were brought to a conclusion, thus ensuring that the core value of integrity is upheld and fostering an environment where colleagues feel it is 'safe to speak up' and to do so without fear of reprisal.

Board engagement with shareholders and other stakeholders

The board as a whole accepts its responsibility for engaging with shareholders and is kept fully informed about information in the marketplace through the following channels:

- The investor relations adviser produces an annual survey of investors' views and perceptions about United Utilities, the results of which are presented and discussed by the board;
- The board receives regular updates and feedback on investor meetings involving the CEO, CFO and/or investor relations team and reports from sector analysts to ensure that the board maintains an understanding of investors' priorities; and
- The executive and non-executive directors are available to meet with major shareholders and institutional investors. When revising the directors' remuneration policy, the chair of the remuneration committee invited engagement from the company's major shareholders. Feedback from any such engagement would be shared with all board members.

Colleague Voice panel

Outcomes from the work since the panel was established to strengthen the 'employee voice' in the boardroom include:

- The transfer of the governance of the annual colleague engagement survey to the panel. The panel enhanced the underlying anonymity of the survey and provided more opportunities to provide free text comments. Survey questions were updated to reflect key topics, including: wellbeing; inclusivity; and working differently;
- Additional administrative and communications resource was made available for network groups and executive sponsors identified; and
- Panel members' views were sought on the 'next ways of working' project, the 'home safe and well' project and the 'diversity and inclusion' audit.

Investor dialogue with the Chair

During the year, the Chair offered to meet with 20 institutional investors, and 11 meetings were held. Common themes from these discussions included:

- affordability of customer bills and the impact of inflation and rising interest rates;
- the board's support for Louise Beardmore as she transitions into the CEO role and the executive leadership team;
- 2022 AGM vote on climate-related financial disclosures;
- operational and ODI performance; and
- the operation of storm overflows and related programme of work.

Institutional investors

As well as current investors, we engage actively with institutional investors who do not currently hold shares in United Utilities, as we are keen to ensure our business is well understood across the investment community, and to hear and discuss the views of all investors.

We have an active investor relations programme, which includes:

- an invitation to major shareholders to meet with the Chair;
- a regular schedule of meetings between the CEO and CFO and representatives from our major shareholders, supplemented with meetings hosted by our investor relations team;
- presentations by the CEO and CFO to groups of institutional investors, both on an ad hoc basis and linked to our half and full-year results announcements;
- the programme covers a range of major global financial centres, typically including the UK, Europe, North America and the Asia Pacific region;
- regular feedback provided to the board on the views of our institutional investors following these meetings; and
- maintaining close contact between the investor relations team and a range of City analysts that conduct research on United Utilities.

In 2022/23, our investor relations activities were conducted through a combination of virtual and face-to-face meetings. We met or offered to meet with 87 per cent (2021/22: 80 per cent), by value, of the active targetable institutional shareholder base (after adjusting for shareholders who do not typically meet with companies, such as indexed funds).

Frequent areas of common interest arising in meetings with investors include operational and environmental performance, customer service, capital investment, efficiency initiatives, regulatory performance, regulatory changes and ESG matters. Investors are always keen to observe financial stability and are interested in: the level of gearing versus regulatory assumptions; cost of finance; our debt portfolio and debt maturity profile; future financing requirements; and dividends. Investors are keen to understand how the company is performing relative to the price review allowances and targets each year, along with the potential implications of regulatory change.

Retail shareholders

We have retained a large number of individual shareholders with registered addresses in the North West – in fact, over 50 per cent of registered shareholdings on the share register. We have always held our AGM in our region, which enables our more local shareholders, many of whom are customers, to attend the meeting. The 2023 AGM will, for the first time, be held at the company's main offices in Warrington.

Providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West continued

Read more about creating value for our stakeholders on pages 76 to 77

Read more about our treasury committee on page 169 There is a considerable amount of information on our website, which provides information on our key social and environmental impacts and performance during the year. Together with the annual and half-yearly results announcements, our integrated annual report and financial statements are also available on our website; these are the principal ways by which we communicate with our retail shareholders. Our company secretariat and investor relations teams, along with our registrar, Equiniti, are on hand to help our retail shareholders with any queries. Information for shareholders can also be found on the inside back cover of this document, along with a number of useful website addresses.

Other stakeholders

The board has direct contact with other stakeholder representatives, including: Ofwat, the DWI and YourVoice (the independent customer challenge group). The chair of YourVoice attends a UUW board meeting to provide an opportunity for discussion, in-depth customer insight and the sharing of views.

The remuneration committee regularly engages with colleagues via the Colleague Voice panel.

Engagement with representatives of all our stakeholder groups occurs widely across many aspects of the business, and more information can be found on pages 56 to 57.

Relations with banks and credit investors

Running a water and wastewater business, by its very nature, requires a long-term outlook. Our regulatory cycle is based on five-year periods, and we raise funding to build and improve our water and wastewater treatment works and associated network of pipes for each five-year cycle and beyond. We are heavily reliant on successfully raising long-term funding from banks and credit investors to fund our capital investment programme and refinance upcoming debt maturities.

This requires long-term support from our credit investors who invest in the company by making term funding available in return for receiving interest on their investment and repayment of principal on maturity of the loans or bonds. We arrange term debt finance in the debt capital markets (with maturities typically ranging from seven years to up to 50 years at issue). Debt finance is primarily raised via the group's London listed multi-issuer £10 billion Euro Medium Term Note Programme, which gives us access to the sterling and euro public bond markets and privately arranged note issues. Committed credit facilities are arranged with our relationship banks on a bilateral basis.

Additionally, the European Investment Bank (EIB), which is the financing arm of the European Union (EU), remains a significant lender to United Utilities Water, currently providing around £1.1 billion of loan funding supporting past capital investment programmes, with our existing EIB loan portfolio expected to 'run-off' in line with the scheduled maturities of each loan.

A greater proportion of the group's term finance is, therefore, likely to come from the debt capital markets, including funding raised under the group's sustainable finance framework that was established in November 2020. In April 2023, the group issued its second sustainable public bond issue, a £300 million, 15.5-year maturity, in accordance with the group's sustainable finance framework. An allocation and impact report is published annually in respect of any green/sustainable finance raised, which provides credit investors with details on the use of proceeds of any sustainable finance raised, along with the selected case studies on eligible projects funded.

The group currently has gross borrowings of circa £8,435.4 million. Given the importance of debt funding to our group, we have an active credit investor programme coordinated by our group treasury team, which provides a first point of contact for credit investors' queries and maintains a dedicated area of the company's website. One-to-one meetings are held with credit investors through a programme aimed at the major European fund managers known to invest in corporate bonds that may be existing holders of the group's debt or potential holders. Regular mailings of company information are sent to keep credit investors informed of significant events. The treasury team has regular dialogue with the group's relationship banks, the EIB and the credit rating agencies.

More information can be found on our website at unitedutilities.com/corporate/investors/ credit-investors

Rating agency services continue to be provided to the group by Moody's Investors Service Limited, Fitch Ratings Ltd and S&P Global Ratings UK Limited under contracts that are periodically renewed or tendered.

Outcome of 2022 AGM

At the 2022 AGM, votes were cast in relation to approximately 73 per cent of the issued share capital (2021: 70 per cent; 2020: 69 per cent). All 23 resolutions proposed by the board were passed by the required majority. There were no significant votes cast against the board's recommendations, resolution 16, relating to our climate-related financial disclosures, was passed with 80.62 per cent of the votes cast favour.

Votes cast in favour of the election/reappointment of the board directors were as follows:

| Sir David Higgins | 98.14% | Kath Cates | 98.19% |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| Steve Mogford | 99.93% | Alison Goligher | 99.19% |
| Louise Beardmore | 99.95% | Paulette Rowe | 98.19% |
| Phil Aspin | 99.92% | Doug Webb | 98.20% |
| Liam Butterworth | 99.97% | | |

Principle F:

The Chair leads the board and is responsible for its overall effectiveness in directing the company. They should demonstrate objective judgement throughout their tenure and promote a culture of openness and debate. In addition, the Chair facilitates constructive board relations and the effective contribution of all non-executive directors, and ensure that directors receive accurate, timely and clear information.

The internally facilitated board evaluation (see pages 145 to 147) tested and confirmed the Chair's application of principle F. Sir David was independent on appointment when assessed against the circumstances set out in provision 10, his biography is on page 122.

Principle G:

The board should include an appropriate combination of executive and non-executive (and, in particular, independent non-executive) directors, such that no one individual or small group of individuals dominates the board's decision-making. There should be a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the board and the executive leadership of the company's business. The responsibilities of each director is set out in their biographical details set out on pages 122 to 125.

The internal board evaluation (see pages 145 to 147) tested and confirmed the application of principle G, concluding that the skills and experience of executive and independent non-executives were appropriate with the board working together as a cohesive unit, but maintaining the clear division of responsibility between the board and the executive management team. See pages 122 to 124 for our reporting against provision 10; and the governance structure of the board and its principal committees on page 130.

Principle H:

Non-executive directors should have sufficient time to meet their board responsibilities. They should provide constructive challenge, strategic guidance, offer specialist advice and hold management to account.

As part of the annual review of conflicts of interest, the board was satisfied that, after taking into account the other commitments of directors, board members had sufficient time to meet their board responsibilities and principle H had been applied (see page 139). Throughout the year the board demonstrated constructive challenge and offered strategic guidance and advice to management in relation to storm overflows and Better Rivers: Better North West programme (see page 59).

Principle I:

The board, supported by the company secretary, should ensure that it has the policies, processes, information, time and resources it needs in order to function effectively and efficiently.

The internally facilitated board evaluation tested and confirmed the application of principle I, the views of board members were sought on whether the necessary support and information was provided effectively and efficiently, see page 146.

Division of responsibilities

Chair of the board

The role and behaviour of the Chair is fundamental to the effective operation and decision-making of the board and in creating an atmosphere where open and frank discussion is facilitated and encouraged. The roles and responsibilities of the Chair are set out as part of the company's governance framework. Sir David was independent on appointment when assessed against the circumstances set out in provision 10 of the code.

It is the role of the Chair, supported by the company secretary, to drive forward the business agenda of board meetings to ensure that the board is kept abreast of the regulatory drivers and strategic needs of the business, and to ensure that the directors receive accurate, timely and clear information. The Chair and company secretary hold regular meetings to discuss agenda items and board materials. Board packs are distributed electronically five days before the meeting. Ensuring board materials are of an appropriate length, on what can be particularly complex and technical issues, is a constant challenge, and progress has been made during the year by the introduction of a revised board paper template.

Conflicts of interest and time commitment The following section sets out the company's compliance with provision 7.

The company's articles of association contain provisions that permit unconflicted directors to authorise conflict situations. Each director is required to notify the Chair of any potential conflict or potential new appointment or directorship. Additionally, the board reviews the position of each director annually. No changes were recorded that would impact the independence of any of the directors. No conflicts of interest had arisen during the year.

The board does not specify the precise time commitment it requires from its non-executive directors in taking on the role as they are expected to fulfil it and manage their diaries accordingly. The board is content that none of its directors is overcommitted and unable to fulfil their responsibilities as a board director for United Utilities. Each individual's circumstances are different, as is their ability to take on the responsibilities of a non-executive directorship role. Should a director be unable to attend meetings on a regular basis, not be preparing appropriately or not contributing appropriately to board discussions, the Chair would be responsible for discussing the matter with them and agreeing a course of action.

During the year, permission was sought from the board to take on additional non-executive responsibilities by: Paulette Rowe who was appointed as a non-executive director of Thredd, a private equity owned venture.

Executive directors are not normally allowed to take on more than one non-executive position.

2

² Division of responsibilities



Sir David Higgins Chair of the nomination committee

Quick facts

- All members of the committee are independent, thus fulfilling the code requirement that a 'majority of members of the nomination committee should be independent non-executive directors'. On joining the board, all independent non-executive directors become members of the nomination committee.
- The role of the committee is to lead the process for appointments to the board and ensure plans are in place for orderly succession to both the board and senior management positions and oversee a diverse pipeline for succession.
- The company secretary attends all meetings of the committee.
- The people director has responsibility for human resources, she regularly attends meetings and is responsible for engaging with executive search recruitment advisers.
- The CEO is not a member of the committee, but from time to time is invited to attend. Neither the Chair nor the CEO would participate in the recruitment of their own successor.

Quick links

Terms of reference:

Nomination committee

Louise is no stranger to colleagues across the organisation given her previous roles, but she is determined to spend time going out and about, meeting with them and listening to their views, particularly those who work at our many operational sites and are at the heart of our business.

Dear shareholder

I am delighted with the progress that Louise has made in transitioning into the role of chief executive officer, supported throughout the period as she has been by Steve Mogford, with her formally assuming the role when Steve retired on 31 March 2023. She has taken over the leadership in challenging and changing times for both the water sector and the company. With time of the essence, and being only one facet of her new role, Louise has been working tirelessly on the group's Better Rivers; Better North West programme, engaging with key stakeholders across the sector and her peers among the other water companies to promote a more collaborative approach to address the underlying issue, being the need to better manage and reduce the volumes of rainwater entering the sewer network. She is clear that there will be full transparency and accountability on making inroads on United Utilities' performance with this matter.

Louise has reset the approach to communicating with her executive team holding two scheduled monthly meetings and regular informal weekly 'scrum' meetings to touch base and keep abreast of the team's activities and share concerns and successes. Louise's promotion generated a vacancy in her previous role as customer services and people director and as a member of the executive team. The role was separated into that of customer services director and people director and

Nomination committee members:



Chair of the nomination committee



Liam Butterworth



Kath Cates



Alison Golighe







Doug Webb

external appointments were made for both roles during the year. During the year, a further vacancy arose for the position of capital delivery, engineering and commercial director, for which an external appointment was made. Biographies of the executive team can be found at unitedutilities.com/executive-team

Louise is leading the regular sessions with the executive team and the senior leadership team, which have been introduced to ensure consistency of communication throughout the organisation with the senior leadership team thereafter cascading information throughout the business. Louise is no stranger to colleagues across the organisation given her previous roles, but she is determined to spend time going out and about, meeting with them and listening to their views, particularly those who work at our many operational sites and are at the heart of our business. Information on Louise's CEO transition programme and the stakeholder engagement activities she has been undertaking can be found on page 145.

As previously reported, independent non-executive directors Mark Clare and Stephen Carter stepped down from the board at the AGM in July 2022, after serving for nearly nine and eight years respectively. Liam Butterworth joined the board in January 2022, replacing Mark Clare in accordance with the committee's board succession plan. The committee's search for Stephen's replacement commenced in July 2022. The brief for the search, conducted by Lygon Group, was to identify a candidate with extensive utility and regulatory experience. The search culminated in the appointment of Michael Lewis. On 23 January 2023, it was announced that Michael would join the board as an independent non-executive director with effect from 1 May 2023. Michael's biography can be found on page 124. He has spent most of his career working in the electricity sector, and was appointed as CEO of E.ON UK in 2017. He started his career in the water industry, and having grown up in the North West and attended the University of Manchester, he has a close affinity with our region.

Main responsibilities

- Lead the process for board appointments and make recommendations to the board about filling board vacancies, including the role of company secretary.
- Consider the succession planning of directors and members of the executive team.
- Make recommendations to the board on refreshing the membership of the board's principal committees.
- Review directors' conflict authorisations.
- Consider requests from executive directors for election to the boards of other companies and make a recommendation to the board.
- Consider requests from non-executive directors for election to the boards of other companies; this role has been delegated to the Chair (other than in respect of his own requests).

unitedutilities.com/corporate

His considerable regulatory experience replaces skills lost when Mark and Stephen left the board. He has focused on sustainability issues throughout his career, and his insight will be helpful as the board further develops its ambitions to reduce the group's carbon footprint and achieve its net zero commitment by 2030, on his appointment he was appointed as a member of the ESG committee. Michael has now attended his inaugural board meeting and I look forward to welcoming his contribution and insight as we further progress with our business planning for the 2025-2030 price review period.

As a consequence of the various board changes, the committee reviewed the membership and diversity of the board committees (more information can be found on page 144).

Alison Goligher stepped into the role of the senior independent director succeeding Mark Clare in July 2022. Alison has also taken on the role of chairing the newly formed compliance committee, which will take the lead in providing initial oversight, and challenge for regulatory assurance matters, and management will undoubtedly find her a useful sounding board as we progress through the drafting process for the price review submission.

At 31 March 2023, 44 per cent of the board were female, two of the senior board positions were held by females and one member of the board is from a minority ethnic background.

As a collective, and with some relatively new board members among us, we are continuing to work hard to prepare for the forthcoming price review process.

Sir David Higgins Chair of the nomination committee



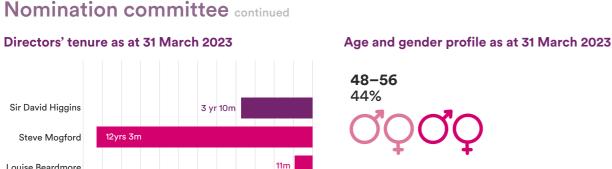
Read more about storm overflows on page 22

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Read more about equity, diversity, and inclusion on pages 54 to 55 Governance

"

Louise has been hard at work, demonstrating her passion and commitment to United Utilities."



Louise Beardmore 57-60 23% Phil Aspir Liam Butterworth Kath Cates Chair 61-70 33% Executive director Alison Goligher 6vrs 8r Senior independent Paulette Rowe non-executive director Independent Doug Webb non-executive director March 201 March 201 March 2014 March 2016 March 2016 March 2016 March 2017 March 2017 March 2018 March 2019 March 2021 March 2023 March 2023 March 2023 March 2023 O Male O Female At 31 March 2023

| Non-executive directors average tenure |
|--|
| Executive director average career time within the business |
| Average age of the non-executive directors |
| Average age of the executive directors |

Gender identity or sex as at 31 March 2023

| | No. of board members | Percentage of the board | No. of senior positions on the board (CEO, CFO, SID, Chair) | No. in executive management | Percentage of executive management |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Men | 5 | 55.5% | 3 | 7 | 53.8% |
| Women | 4 | 44.5% | 1 ⁽¹⁾ | 6 | 46.2% |
| Not specified/prefer not to say | - | - | - | - | - |

() from 31 March 2023 Louise Beardmore was appointed as CEO.

Ethnic background as at 31 March 2023

| | No. of board members | Percentage of the board | No. of senior positions on the board (CEO, CFO, SID, Chair) | No. in executive management | Percentage of executive management |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| White | 8 | 88.9% | 4 | 13 | 100% |
| Mixed/multiple | - | - | - | - | - |
| Asian | - | - | - | - | - |
| Black | 1 | 11.1% | - | - | - |
| Other ethnic group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Not specified/prefer not to say | - | - | - | - | - |

Data for the above tables is drawn from HR management information at 31 March 2023, with the directors and members of the executive team each having completed the company's 'All about me' equity, diversity and inclusion survey.

Principle J:

Appointments to the board should be subject to a formal, rigorous and transparent procedure, and an effective succession plan should be maintained for board and senior management. Both appointments and succession plans should be based on merit and objective criteria and, within this context, should promote diversity of gender, social and ethnic backgrounds, cognitive and personal strengths.

The board is satisfied it has applied principle J. An explanation of the board appointment and succession planning activities can be found on pages 143 to 144 and forms our disclosure as part of provision 23, our policy on board diversity is on set out below and details of the gender balance of senior management on pages 143 and 148. Information on the company's approach to equity, diversity and inclusion is set out on pages 54 to 55. Our disclosure against provision 20 is on page 143.

Principle K:

The board and its committees should have a combination of skills, experience and knowledge. Consideration should be given to the length of service of the board as a whole and membership regularly refreshed.

The board is satisfied it has applied principle K. Biographies of the board can be found on pages 122 to 125. An overview of directors' areas of expertise is set out in the skills matrix on page 144 and the length of service of board members on page 142. Board biographies include our reporting against provision 18.

Principle L:

Annual evaluation of the board should consider its composition, diversity and how effectively members work together to achieve objectives. Individual evaluation should demonstrate whether each director continues to contribute effectively.

The board is satisfied it has applied principle L. Details of the board evaluation and disclosure against provision 23 can be found on pages 145 to 147.

Summary of the board diversity policy

- Ensure the selection process for board appointments provides access to a range of candidates. Any such appointments will be made on the basis of merit and objective criteria, and within this context should promote diversity of gender, social and ethnic backgrounds, cognitive and personal strengths.
- Ensure that the policies adopted by the group will promote diversity in the broadest sense among senior managers who will in turn aspire to a board position.
- Ensure that the board, led by the Chair, collectively fosters an inclusive and belonging environment in the boardroom, enabling open and frank contributions from all board members.
- In selecting candidates for board positions, only use the services of executive search firms who have signed up to the voluntary code of conduct for executive search firms.
- Adopt measurable objectives from time to time for achieving diversity on the board, which shall be to maintain at least 40 per cent female representation, to have at least one director from a minority ethnic background¹, and to have at least one of the positions of: Chair, CEO, senior independent director or CFO held by a female.

What has been on the committee's agenda during the year?

Board succession

The succession planning matrix tool and skills matrix (see page 144) for board directors is used to support the planning process for board appointments. The skills matrix captures the skills and experience board directors need as a collective to be able to deliver the company's purpose and strategic priorities. The succession planning matrix tool highlights the code governance requirements; existing directors' terms of appointment and a forecast/anticipated time frame when an individual might leave the business; the projected strategic needs of the business and resulting preferred experience of any potential new board member; existing potential internal successors to a role (where identified); and those who could act as an interim should the need arise. A candidate suitable for the role of CEO would need to demonstrate that their management approach would fit with the company's culture of behaving responsibly. The committee would seek to consult with the incumbent CEO, given their unique knowledge and perspective of the group, and views on the needs of the business going forward. Neither the Chair nor the CEO would be involved in the appointment process of their own successor.

Board succession - non-executive

Michael Lewis was recruited as an independent non-executive director with effect from 1 May 2023. The committee is supported during any non-executive director recruitment process, by the people director. Due to the timing of the process Louise Beardmore, as part of her then human resources responsibilities supported the committee, as her successor was not yet in post. The executive search firm Lygon Group were engaged as part of the recruitment process.

Board succession – executive

As stated above, the committee sought the views of Steve Mogford on the attributes of the candidate best placed to succeed him in the CEO role, but he was not involved in the final decision. The Chair, supported by the company secretary, led the process to identify suitable candidates for the CEO role and the executive search firm Lygon Group were engaged as part of the recruitment process, having demonstrated, of the executive search firms considered, that they had the best understanding and knowledge of the group and its culture. Against the brief for the role, Lygon Group undertook the internal appraisal process for a number of internal candidates and identified a number of potential external candidates for the committee to consider. Louise Beardmore, in relation to her human resources responsibilities, had no involvement in the process other than being an internal candidate.

Other than providing executive search services on previous occasions, Lygon Group have no other connection with the company.

(1) Defined by reference to categories recommended by the Office for National Statistics (ONS), excluding those listed by ONS as coming from a white ethnic background.

As required by LR 9.8.6(9), the company has met the following board diversity targets at 31 March 2023:

- a. at least 40 per cent of the individuals on the board are women;
- b. at least one of the following senior positions is held by a woman: the chair; the CEO; the SID or the CFO ; and
- c. at least one individual on the board is from a minority ethnic background.

3

Nomination committee continued

Membership of the principal board committees

Paulette Rowe was appointed as chair of the ESG committee during the year, succeeding Stephen Carter who left the board at the conclusion of the 2022 AGM. Paulette has been a significant contributor to the work on equity, diversity and inclusion, and she has a keen interest in social matters, as a former trustee and chair of a children's charity and is well placed to lead the committee. On his appointment, Michael Lewis was appointed as a member of the ESG committee.

Alison Goligher was appointed as the SID at the conclusion of the 2022 AGM when she stepped aside as chair of the remuneration committee, although she remained as a member of the committee, and was succeeded by Kath Cates. Kath has considerable experience as a remuneration committee chair, having held the role for three years at RSA Insurance Group plc.

The board has applied the board diversity policy (set out on page 143) to the audit, nomination and remuneration committees, thereby ensuring diversity of attributes and female representation on each committee. Furthermore, it is satisfied that the membership of the audit committee is in accordance with provision 24, and that the membership of the remuneration committee is in accordance with provision 32.

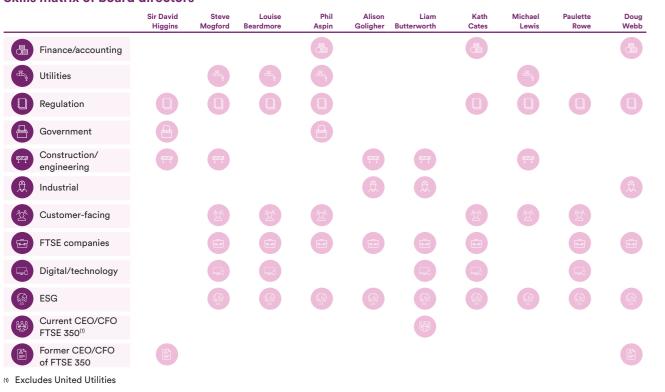
Board diversity

The board diversity policy is to 'ensure the selection process for board appointments provides access to a range of candidates. Any appointments will be made on the basis of merit and objective criteria, and within this context, should promote diversity of gender, social and ethnic backgrounds, cognitive and personal strengths, but with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the board, including gender diversity'. The objective of the policy is for new directors to bring something different to the board table, be it in terms of experience, skills, perspective, interests or other attributes.

The selection process and application of the board diversity policy aims to attract board members whose values reflect those of the company and our culture. As referred to above, our board diversity policy would be brought to the attention of any executive search firm used as part of the selection and appointment process for a board position. Feedback would be sought from the search firm in terms of their success in attracting potential candidates in terms of their diversity of attributes. Feedback would also be gathered first hand through the interview process with candidates conducted by other board members and taken into consideration in identifying those suitable for the role in question.

As a board, the benefits of diversity and inclusion, and associated benefits to the decision-making process are widely recognised and is a topic regularly discussed with major investors. On the board at 31 March 2023, female representation was 44 per cent and there was 10 per cent representation by a director from a minority ethnic background. Among the workforce, colleagues from a minority ethnic background represented 2.7 per cent, 8.2 per cent of colleagues choose not to disclose. We recognise the benefits of diversity across our business with initiatives in place to support women in the workplace and tackle the ethnic imbalance of our workforce, thereby aligning with our strategic priority of providing a safe and great place to work (see page 38).

Skills matrix of board directors



CEO's transition programme

Louise Beardmore has worked for the group for more than 20 years having joined its graduate programme. She has led teams in business transformation, water operations, electricity and telecoms and was appointed as customer services and people director in 2016. During the year, in order to support the transition into her new role, she has undertaken a number of activities including:

- Investor relations: met with Rothschild & Co the group's investor relations adviser to gain greater insight into equity investor themes and perceptions;
- Corporate brokers: met with JPM Cazenove and Deutsche Bank to gain a better understanding of equity markets;
- Legal adviser: met with Slaughter and May and received an in-depth review of directors' responsibilities and corporate governance requirements;
- Statutory auditor: met with representatives of the group's statutory auditor, KPMG;
- Communications adviser: met with representatives of Teneo Communications, the group's communications adviser;
- Completed the corporate director programme at Harvard Business School; and
- Regular feedback sessions held with the Chair and non-executive directors.

CEO's engagement programme

Louise has undertaken an extensive stakeholder engagement programme since her appointment to the board in May 2022 including:

- Having met with representatives from Ofwat, the DWI, Defra and the Environment Agency;
- Holding meetings with North West MPs having made an invitation to do so to all 76 of the MPs in our region;
- Holding meetings with regional local authority representatives and devolved mayors;
- Reshaping her leadership communication rhythm to include monthly full day sessions with the executive and senior leadership team and weekly update emails to ensure information is cascaded throughout the business and a monthly blog and email is sent to all colleagues to provide important information and insight into the work that Louise has been involved in during the month and engagement activities with third party organisations;
- Reshaping the executive team's operating rhythm, holding two scheduled meetings per month and a weekly 'scrum' session;
- Making regular site visits and talking to operational teams to understand their perspective of United Utilities, including spending time with colleagues at Blackburn, Stockport, Warrington and Davyhulme - the group's primary wastewater treatment site in Manchester;
- Holding regular meetings with colleague engagement champions, trade union representatives and meetings of the colleague network groups;
- Holding an extensive programme of investor meetings in conjunction with the CFO; and
- Meeting with counterparts at other water and wastewater companies.

Evaluation of the effectiveness of the board, board committees and individual directors

An annual evaluation of the board, its committees, the Chair and the individual directors is conducted as recommended by the code. This year the evaluation was facilitated internally by the company secretary, in consultation with the Chair and the board committee chairs. The most recent external evaluation was conducted by Independent Audit Limited during 2020/21. The process of how the evaluation was conducted is set out below.

Overall, the self assessment evaluation completed by the directors and others attending and supporting the board committees, concluded that the board and its committees functioned well, were well chaired and the position was positive. Members of the committees had the appropriate skills, experience and a particular interest in the work of the committee to debate issues and provide challenge to management. All of the individual directors demonstrated the expected level of commitment to the role and contributed effectively during board discussions.

Internally facilitated self-assessment evaluation process

1 Questionnaires

The evaluation was based on the completion of questionnaires (including questions to be scored and free text questions) by board members assessing both the performance of the board and each of its principal committees, as well as that of the Chair. Each director also completed a self-assessment questionnaire assessing their own performance.

Board members were also asked to provide a view on how well the actions identified in the 2021/22 evaluation had been addressed.

In addition to board members, other members of the executive team and representatives of external advisers who regularly attend and support the committee meetings were asked to participate in the evaluation process.

2 Appraisal

The results were collated by the company secretary.

3 Consultation

The results were then shared and reviewed with the Chair and each of the chairs of the relevant committees and presented at a meeting of the relevant committee and discussed. The results of the board evaluation were presented to the board for discussion.

The Chair reviewed the performance of the individual directors.

Alison Goligher, as the senior independent non-executive director (SID), led the review of the Chair. She held a discussion with the other non-executive directors without the Chair present. The SID also discussed the Chair's performance with the CEO and CFO. Detailed feedback was provided to the Chair.

4 Evaluation and actions

The conclusions of the evaluation were reached and actions identified as set out on page 146.

Nomination committee continued

A summary of the review of the responses of the self-assessment questionnaire process is set out below:

| 2022/23 areas of assessment | Commentary and priorities for action |
|---|---|
| Strategic oversight | Responses indicated that the board felt quality time was spent considering the group's strategic aims and reviewing implementation of strategy. Priorities for action included the board providing robust challenge of the PR24 submission and ensuring readiness as the group transitions into the next asset management period. |
| Board composition, dynamics and expertise | Board members felt that the board dynamic between members was good and the board had a cohesive approach allowing members to provide helpful oversight and challenge to management. Priorities for action included support for the CEO as she settles into her new role and ensuring support for the wider leadership team. |
| Board agenda | The overall board agenda was felt to be well managed and focused on the correct areas and the addition of a regular schedule of deep-dive sessions had been welcomed providing more time for discussion on topical issues. Priorities for action included ensuring that board papers were kept succinct and that there was benefit for board members in allowing more time for interaction with the executive presenting the paper. |
| Managing risk | The respondents indicated that there was good visibility of risk and changes to the risk profile at board level and risk was considered to be well managed. Priorities for action included the need for the board to gain a more in-depth understanding of the risks associated with storm overflows and the Better Rivers programme and the contract risk of the HARP procurement process. |
| Support and information | Respondents indicated that the company secretary and his team provide a good level of support to the board and its committees. Priorities for action included greater standardisation of board papers and that contributors provided papers for distribution in line with agreed time frames. |
| Committees | Audit committee: the committee was well chaired and encouraged probing debate and contribution from all committee members and attendees. Priorities for action included the appropriate assurance of the evolving ESG landscape and internal control systems. Remuneration committee: the chair encouraged robust and probing debate and all members contributed their views proactively and the committee was well briefed and well supported, providing members with a clear view of regulatory and shareholder views on remuneration. Nomination committee: respondents indicated that the CEO succession had been well managed and all committee members had been able to contribute effectively to the process. Priorities for action included addressing long-term succession planning for both the board and management and there was a focus on all aspects of diversity. ESG committee: respondents indicated that some ESG matters would benefit from discussion at full board meetings. Priorities for action included knowledge development and training on relevant ESG matters for committee members. Treasury committee: respondents felt the committee should continue to test the existing policies to ensure they remained relevant and consider the treasury-related challenges of PR24. |
| Individual directors | The responses from the questionnaires completed by each director assessing their own effectiveness were reviewed by the Chair. Individual directors were asked, among other things, to identify how they could improve their overall contribution to the board and its committees and if they had any skill or knowledge gaps that could be addressed. The following were identified: to attend more site visits and interactions with specific areas of the business and to receive more subject specific deep-dives to enhance understanding. The review supported the view that all the directors were considered to be contributing effectively to the board and all demonstrated the expected level of commitment to their roles. |
| Chair | The responses from the questionnaires completed by each director assessing the Chair's performance were reviewed by the senior independent director (SID) and discussed at a session with the non-executive directors without the Chair present. The SID also discussed the Chair's performance with the CEO and CFO. Detailed feedback was provided to the Chair. It was concluded that the Chair had fulfilled the expected commitment to the role and was an effective leader of the board. |

| 2021/22 evaluation recommendations | Actions taken du |
|---|--|
| Greater visibility of the PR24 plan and a better understanding of the strategic drivers of the group's various regulators and providing more focus on climate change and improving asset resilience. | The board have rec drafting of the PR2 matter at the annua and improving asse |
| Nomination committee: improved focus on long-term succession planning was needed along with ensuring talent management and retention of senior management was debated. | The committee's tir developing a more by the new people |
| Remuneration committee: ensure any future ESG metrics were understood and incorporated in a meaningful way into the new directors' remuneration policy and long- term plan. | Details of ESG met page 184. |
| Audit committee: provide more focus on risk management, processes and controls and non-financial/ESG reporting and assurance. | Progress made in tl assurance framewo |
| ESG committee: ensure the focus on areas where the committee could add greatest value to the PR24 process. | The committee's ov and Better Rivers a |

Ongoing board development and training

Board directors regularly receive updates to improve their understanding and knowledge about the business and, in particular, its regulatory environment. As part of the individual director's element of the board evaluation exercise, directors are asked to identify any skills or knowledge gaps they would like to address. Directors made a number of suggestions, as set out on page 146.

Consideration of ESG issues are fundamental to our purpose of providing great water for a stronger, greener and healthier North West and central to board discussions (see the summary of board activity on pages 131 to 133 and the report of the ESG committee on pages 204 to 207). During the year, the ESG committee discussed the options for board and executive training on climate change and more specific ESG training, and agreed the approach.

Through presentations and discussions with representatives of YourVoice, the independent customer challenge group, whose role is predicated on protecting customer interests in how the group goes about its business, the board is kept informed of customer, in-region environmental affairs and social matters. Similarly, during the year, the board had the opportunity to meet with representatives from Ofwat and the DWI.

In addition to this less formal approach to board development, during the year the board received briefings from both Slaughter and May (legal and governance matters) and KPMG (governance changes relating to reporting requirements), along with a number of other advisers. Our non-executive directors are conscious of the need to keep themselves properly briefed and informed about current issues and to deepen their understanding of the business. During the year, Paulette Rowe and Liam Butterworth attended an event organised by Ofwat for

en during 2022/23

ve received regular updates throughout the year on progress with the e PR24 business plan submission and spent considerable time on the annual strategy day held in October 2022. Addressing climate change g asset resilience are key drivers for PR24.

e's time was spent focusing on non-executive director recruitment, more structured approach to executive succession planning supported eople director.

a metrics included in the 2022/23 incentive framework are set out on

e in this area, in particular through the development of an audit and nework, which was applied to the 2023 narrative reporting.

e's oversight of: carbon and renewables; affordability and vulnerability; rers and storm overflows has contributed to the PR24 process.

non-executive directors. Alison Goligher has again chaired the Colleague Voice panel as part of the ongoing work to ensure the board has a direct link to understanding the views of colleagues (see page 136). Paulette Rowe has contributed to the work on equity, diversity and inclusion (see pages 54 to 55).

Induction of new non-executive directors

An induction programme is arranged for new non-executive directors, which would include meeting members of the executive team, members of the operational teams and visiting some of the key operational sites and capital projects to ensure they get a first-hand understanding of the water and wastewater business. New directors receive information on the key duties of being a director of a regulated water company. They are required to meet with representatives of Ofwat prior to appointment, as Michael Lewis did in November 2022, prior to him joining the board on 1 May 2023. An induction programme will be arranged for Michael Lewis.

Wider succession pipeline and talent management

The group has had a written succession plan for the executive directors and other members of the executive team, which includes outline timescales, and identifies an interim internal successor to fill a role in the short term should the need arise, and the longer-term development needs of potential successors to be able to fulfil a role on a more permanent basis.

As with all board appointments, in aiming to appoint the best person to fulfil a role it would be common when recruiting for a senior role, for an external search to be conducted alongside an internal candidate recruitment process.

Nomination committee continued

Ð Read more about our apprentices and graduates on page 100

3

Ð Read more about our huma capital on page 35

During the year, external appointments were made for the roles of people director, customer services director and that of the capital delivery, engineering and commercial director. An additional executive role as director of strategic programmes was fulfilled by an internal candidate. Any changes that are required to the profile of the management team to reflect the changing needs of the business are considered by the board in the executive succession plan. Succession and development initiatives for senior executives include executive mentoring and coaching and/or participating in an executive business school programme, as appropriate. Leadership development centres have been delivered to identify and validate potential for future director and senior leader positions and develop a number of role-ready diverse candidates to provide the group with leadership capacity in an increasingly complex environment.

Senior managers are encouraged to take on a nonexecutive directorship role as part of their personal development, but it is recognised that this is very much a personal commitment for each individual. The current talent programme at a senior level is well embedded and we believe a non-executive appointment for senior managers provides an excellent opportunity for both personal and career development, and is a way of gaining valuable experience that may be applied at United Utilities so long as no conflicts of interest occur.

During the year, board directors had a number of opportunities to meet with members of the executive team, both formally when senior managers were required to present at board meetings on matters related to their responsibilities, and on more informal occasions.

Our graduate and apprentice programmes are thriving and from time to time, board members have the opportunity to attend events and meet with members of these programmes and other colleagues identified as potential talent within the business.

Historically, our industry has been male dominated, but measures are in place to increase diversity in broad terms among our colleagues (see pages 54 to 55). The gender and ethnic breakdown of the board and executive team can be found on page 142. The gender balance of the direct reports of the executive team is 63 per cent male and 37 per cent female, representation of ethnic minorities is 3 per cent. Gender pay data can be found on page 55.

Along with the wider colleague population, we continue to work towards improving the diversity of our succession pipeline as part of our ongoing equity, diversity and inclusion plans.

Principle M:

The board should establish formal and transparent policies and procedures to ensure the independence and effectiveness of internal and external audit functions and satisfy itself on the integrity of financial and narrative statements.

Our application of principle M is formalised in our non-audit services policy and terms of engagement with the auditor as agreed by the committee. The head of internal audit and risk reports to the committee and to the CFO but only on a functional basis, thereby ensuring a direct line of communication between internal audit and the committee. In accordance with provision 25, an explanation of the independence and effectiveness of the external audit process can be found on pages 162 to 164, and the reappointment of the statutory auditor on page 165. The board considered, and was satisfied, as advised by the audit committee given its oversight role, that the statutory audit contributed to the integrity of the financial reporting as set out in DTR 7.1.3(5).

Principle N:

The board should present a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the company's position and prospects.

We have applied principle N, as confirmed by our disclosure against provision 27, which can be found on page 215 and is supported by our disclosure against provision 25 on page 162.

Principle O:

The board should establish procedures to manage risk, oversee the internal control framework, and determine the nature and extent of the principal risks the company is willing to take in order to achieve its long-term strategic objectives.

Our risk management framework and principal risks are on pages 60 to 75. Further information on the company's internal audit function and controls can be found on pages 166 to 167 and together set out our application of principle O.

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Audit, risk and internal control

Financial oversight responsibilities of the board

Board's responsibility for financial oversight

One of the fundamental roles of the board is to oversee the financial performance of the business. The board is supported in this role by the audit committee, whose activities are described on pages 153 to 167. The board reviews the financial performance of the company at every scheduled board meeting, receiving a report from the CFO, which provides the board with the up-to-date position of the consolidated financial statements, interpretative analysis and other key performance indicators, metrics and ratios. The board takes into account the review by the audit committee of the financial and narrative statements, and the auditor's views on the key risks and judgements identified and given particular focus in their audit work and set out in their report (see pages 218 to 231), and the information and explanations provided by management in relation to their key judgements and adjustments to APMs (see page 118). The board considered the review and assurance process undertaken by management, and considered by the audit committee to support the application of principle N. The board concluded that in the 2022/23 integrated annual report and financial statements it had presented a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the company's position and prospects, and the board was satisfied on the integrity of the financial and narrative statements. Furthermore, the board approved the accounts and provision of the directors' responsibility statement at its meeting on 24 May 2023, see page 215.

Oversight of financial aspects of ESG

ESG, and behaving responsibly, has been a long-term commitment and part of the board ethos for many years and is embedded throughout the business. It naturally flows through into the board's approach to the integrity of the group's financial reporting. As described on page 128, climate change is a common theme, which poses a risk to the group's provision of water and wastewater services. A table of our reporting against TCFD recommendations is set out on page 5. As part of the processes supporting the provision of the 'fair, balanced and understandable' statement, the board determined that the levels of assurance provided by the combination of the work by internal audit and of the various third parties was satisfactory at this time - a stance endorsed by the audit committee. The impact of environmental risk and other potential risks associated with climate change on the financial statements is kept under review. The board's approach for accounting for climate change for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out on page 241.

Board's approach to risk management and internal control

The board discharges its responsibility for determining the nature and extent of the risks that it is willing to take to achieve its strategic objectives through the risk appetite tolerance framework. As a key part of the risk management framework, risk appetite and tolerance (see page 61) captures the board's desire to take and manage risk relative to the company's obligations. stakeholder interests and the capacity and capability of its key resources.

Financial oversight responsibilities of the board continued

significant issues on pages 158 to 159

The board is responsible for ensuring that the company's risk management and internal control systems operate effectively across the business and that they receive an appropriate level of scrutiny and board time. The risk profile is reviewed in conjunction with the full and half-year reporting cycle alongside deep dives and routine performance reviews.

The group's risks predominantly reflect those of all regulated water and wastewater companies. These generally relate to the failing of regulatory performance targets or failing to fulfil our obligations in any five-year planning cycle, potentially leading to the imposition of fines and penalties, in addition to reputational damage.

Review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems

During the year, the board reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management systems and internal control systems, including financial, operational and compliance controls.

Taking into account the principal risks and uncertainties set out on pages 64 to 75, the ongoing work of the audit committee in monitoring the risk management and internal control systems (see pages 166 and 167) on behalf of the board, (and to whom the committee provides regular updates), the board:

- was satisfied that it had carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks facing the company, including those that would threaten its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity; and
- had reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, including all material financial, operational and compliance controls (including those relating to the financial reporting process) and no significant failings or weaknesses were identified.

After review, the board concluded that through a combination of the work of the board, the audit committee and the UUW board (which has particular responsibility for operational and compliance controls), and taking into account no significant failings or weaknesses were identified, the company's risk management and internal controls operated effectively throughout the year.

The board's review of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems took into account:

- the biannual review of significant risks and emerging risks (see pages 64 to 75);
- the assurance (both internal and external) of the most significant business and operational risks of the group;
- the review of matters correlating to specific event-based operational risks (see pages 67 to 69);
- the outcome of the biannual business risk assessment process (see page 60);
- the activities and review of the effectiveness of the internal audit function (see page 166);
- the opinion provided by internal audit in relation to their work, that "the governance, risk management and internal control framework was suitably designed and effectively applied within the areas under review";

- the self-assessment provided by management confirmed compliance with a range of key internal policies, processes and controls (see page 167);
- the review of reports from the group audit and risk board (see page 52);
- the oversight of treasury matters, in particular debt financing and interest rate management (see page 169):
- the review of the business risk management framework and management's approach and tolerance towards risk (see page 62); and
- the comments made by KPMG on the operation and effectiveness of the risk management and control system it observed whilst undertaking the statutory audit.

Going concern and long-term viability

The following section sets out the company's compliance with part of provisions 30 and 31.

The board, following the review by the audit committee, concluded that it was appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting (see page 239). Similarly, in accordance with the principles of the code, the board concluded, following the recommendation from the audit committee, that it was appropriate to provide the long-term viability statement based on an assessment period of seven years. Assurance supporting these statements was provided by the review of: the group's key financial measures and contingent liabilities; the key credit financial ratios; and the group's liquidity and ongoing ability to meet its financial covenants. As part of the assurance process, the board also took into account the principal risks and uncertainties facing the company, and the actions taken to mitigate those risks, and include emerging and more topical risks

These principal risks and uncertainties are detailed on pages 64 to 75, and the risk management processes and structures used to monitor and manage them on pages 52 to 53, and 60 to 61. Biannually, the board receives a report detailing management's assessment of the most significant risks facing the company. The report gives an indication of the level of exposure, subject to the mitigating controls in place, for the risk profile of the group, while also highlighting the reputational and customer service impact. This provides the board with information in two categories: group-wide business risks; and operational risks. The board also receives information during the year from the treasury committee (to which the board has delegated matters of a treasury nature - see page 169), including such matters as liquidity policy, the group's capital funding requirements and interest rate management.

Long-term viability statement

The directors have assessed the viability of the group, taking account of the group's current position, the potential impact of the principal risks facing the business in severe but reasonable scenarios, and the effectiveness of any mitigating actions. This assessment has been performed in the context of the group's prospects as considered over the longer term. Based on this viability assessment, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the seven-year period to March 2030.

Basis of assessment

This viability statement is based on the fundamental assumption that the current regulatory and statutory framework, and interpretation thereof, does not substantively change. The long-term planning detailed on page 40 assesses the group's prospects and establishes its strategy over a 25-year time horizon consistent with its rolling 25-year licence and its published long-term strategy. This provides a framework for the group's strategic planning process, and underpins our business model set out on pages 18 to 117.

In order to achieve this aim and promote the sustainability and resilience of the business, due consideration is given to the management of risks over the long term that could impact on the business model, future performance, credit ratings, solvency and liquidity of the group. Specifically, risks associated with current levels of economic uncertainty and climate change have been incorporated into the baseline position and factored into the various scenarios modelled as part of the group's assessment. An overview of our risk management approach that supports the group's long-term planning and prospects, together with the principal risks and uncertainties facing the business, can be found on pages 60 to 75. This approach considers the full range of categories of risk that could impact the company, such as financial, operational and regulatory risks. In addition, consideration is given to the adequacy of workforce policies and practices, all liabilities including pension liabilities, any exposure to revenue variations, and expectations of future performance taking account of past performance in delivering for customers.

Within the context of this long-term planning and management of risks, the group's principal business operates within five-year regulatory price control cycles. Medium-term planning considers the current price control period, over which there is typically a high degree of certainty, and looks beyond this in order to facilitate smooth transitions between price control periods. This results in the board concluding a recurring period of seven years to be an appropriate period over which to perform a robust assessment of the group's long-term viability.

Viability assessment: resilience of the group

The viability assessment is based upon the group's medium-term business planning process, which sits within the overarching strategic planning process and considers:

- the group's policy of maintaining debt to regulatory capital value (RCV) of between 55 per cent and 65 per cent, which is consistent with a robust capital structure and strong solvency position, and which in turn supports the group's current credit ratings for its principal subsidiary United Utilities Water Limited of A3/BBB+/A- with Moody's, S&P and Fitch respectively;
- the group's pension schemes being fully funded on a low dependency basis and fully hedged for market risk:
- the group's policy of maintaining a robust liquidity ٠ position, with liquidity to cover expected cash outflows for the next 15 - 24 months, and flexibility to exceed the upper end of the liquidity range in periods of greater uncertainty. At March 2023 the group had £1,190 million of available liquidity covering expected cash outflows through to August 2025 and providing a significant buffer to absorb short-term cash flow impacts; and

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From a regulatory perspective, the group benefits from a rolling 25-year licence and a regulatory regime in which regulators - including the economic regulator, Ofwat - are required to have regard to the principles of best regulatory practice. These include that regulation should be carried out in a way that is transparent, accountable, proportionate, consistent and targeted. Ofwat's primary duties provide that it should protect consumers' interests, by promoting effective competition wherever appropriate; secure that the company properly carries out its statutory functions; secure that the company can finance the proper carrying out of these functions - in particular through securing reasonable returns on capital; and secure that water and wastewater supply systems have long-term resilience and that the company takes steps to meet long-term demands for water supplies and wastewater services.

In addition, from an economic perspective, given the market structure of water and wastewater services. threats to the group's viability from risks such as reduced market share, substitution of services and reduced demand are low compared to those faced by many other industries.

The factors set out in this section underpin the expectation of the group's ability to maintain access to equity and debt capital to the extent necessary to maintain the group's capital structure and liquidity policies, which in turn provide the capital buffer and cash liquidity considered appropriate to mitigate the potential realisation of the principal risks facing the business.

Viability assessment: resilience to principal risks facing the business

The directors have assessed the group's viability based on the resilience of the group and its ability to absorb a number of 'severe but plausible' scenarios, derived from the principal risks facing the group, as set out on pages 60 to 75. The baseline plan against which the viability assessment has been performed incorporates the estimated impact of current high levels of inflation which are expected to endure in the near term before falling to more normal levels. This baseline plan is then subject to further stress scenarios and reverse stress testing that takes into account the potential impact of group's principal risks. Such risks include: environmental risks such as the occurrence of extreme weather events and other impacts of climate change, further details of which are included in the group's TCFD disclosures, the index to which is set out on page 5; political and regulatory risks; the risk of critical asset failure; significant cyber security breaches: current economic uncertainties including high levels of inflation and a squeeze on the cost of living impacting the group's customer base; and the potential for a restriction to the availability of financing resulting from a capital markets crisis.

The scenarios considered are underpinned by the group's established risk management processes, taking into account those risks with a greater than 10 per cent (1 in 10) cumulative likelihood of occurrence. Risks associated with current economic conditions are reflected within the baseline position, with potential downside risks (most notably in relation to bad debt and inflation volatility) covered by the individual scenarios modelled, and collectively within a combined scenario.

 the current regulatory framework within which the group operates - which provides a high degree of cash flow certainty over the regulatory period and the broader regulatory protections outlined below.



Read more about relations with banks and credit investors on page 138

Audit, risk and internal control

Financial oversight responsibilities of the board continued

Read more about going Based on these risks, the following six largest impacting scenarios were identified and applied as downside stress scenarios to the group's baseline plan:

| Scenario modelled | Link to risk factors | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Scenario 1: Totex £400 million one-off | | | | | |
| impact in 2023/24 | Broadly representing the largest 'severe but plausible' risk which is a critical asse failure, all assumed to be operating costs | | | | |
| Scenario 2: Totex underperformance of 10% (circa £130–£390 million) per annum for 2023/24–2027/28 | Representing more than the cumulative total expected NPV totex impact of the remaining top 10 'severe but plausible' risks (including environmental, cyber security and network failure risks) | | | | |
| Scenario 3: CPIH inflation of 2.0% below baseline plan for 2023/24–2029/30 | Broadly consistent with quantum of inflation impacts modelled within top 10 'severe but plausible 'risks | | | | |
| Scenario 4: An increase in bad debt of £15 million per annum from 2023/24 to 2029/30 | Aligned to internal risk factor on debt collection | | | | |
| Scenario 5: Additional ODI penalty of circa £70 million per annum | Assumes mid-point of UUW's baseline and PR19 final determination P90 ODI position | | | | |
| Scenario 6: Debt refinanced as it matures, with new debt financed at 1% above the forward projections of interest rates 2023/24–2029/30 | Representing more than top 10 'severe but plausible' risk on credit ratings as well as high impact/low likelihood risk on financial outperformance | | | | |
| Scenario 7: Combined scenario – 50% of scenarios 2-6 | 50% of scenarios 2-6 | | | | |
| Example mitigations (of which none are required to remain viable under the scenarios modelled): | | | | | |
| Capital programme deferral Closing out of derivative asset posi Restriction of dividend | tion | | | | |
| | Scenario 2: Totex underperformance of 10% (circa £130-£390 million) per annum for 2023/24-2027/28Scenario 3: CPIH inflation of 2.0% below baseline plan for 2023/24-2029/30Scenario 4: An increase in bad debt of £15 million per annum from 2023/24 to 2029/30Scenario 5: Additional ODI penalty of circa £70 million per annumScenario 6: Debt refinanced as it matures, with new debt financed at 1% above the forward projections of interest rates 2023/24-2029/30Scenario 7: Combined scenario - 50% of scenarios 2-6Example mitigations (of which none are 0. Capital programme deferral 0. Closing out of derivative asset positional position and positional positio | | | | |

all of which are considered to be within the control of management. In addition to these, it is considered that the following mitigating actions could also be implemented:

- Issuing of new finance
- Raising of additional equity

The assessment has considered the impact of these scenarios on the group's business model, future performance, credit ratings, solvency and liquidity over the course of the viability assessment period. This assessment has demonstrated the group's ability to absorb the impact of all severe but plausible scenarios modelled, without the need to rely on the key mitigating actions.

The most extreme of the severe but plausible scenarios modelled, without any mitigating action, resulted in: the group retaining investment grade credit ratings; liquidity of more than one year; and no projected breaches of financial debt covenants.

Viability assessment: reverse stress testing

As part of the assessment, reverse stress testing of two extreme theoretical scenarios focusing on totex overspend and persisting low inflation have been performed to understand the extent to which the group could further absorb financial stress before it reaches a sub-investment grade credit rating. This reverse stress testing demonstrated that these extreme conditions would have to be significantly outside what would be considered 'severe but plausible' scenarios before the group's long-term viability would be at risk.

Viability assessment: key mitigating actions

In the event of more extreme but low likelihood scenarios occurring, there are a number of key mitigations available to the group, the effectiveness of which are underpinned by the strength of the group's capital solvency position.

As well as the protections that exist from the regulatory environment within which the group operates, a number of actions are available to mitigate more severe scenarios, including those outlined in the above table.

Governance

The analysis underpinning this assessment has been through a robust internal review process, which has included scrutiny and challenge from the audit committee and board, and has been reviewed by the group's external auditor, KPMG, as part of their normal audit procedures

Going concern

The directors also considered it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, as explained in the basis of preparation note to the accounts.



Doug Webb Chair of the audit committee

Quick facts

- Doug Webb has chaired the committee since July 2021. He is a chartered accountant and is considered by the board to have recent and relevant financial experience, having served as chief financial officer of a number of listed FTSE companies. He retired from his most recent executive role at Meggitt PLC in 2018.
- All members of the committee are independent nonexecutive directors and the board is satisfied that the committee as a whole has competence relevant to the sector. Attendance at audit committee meetings is set out on page 134, and the relevant directors' biographies can be found on pages 124 to 125.
- Other regular attendees at meetings at the invitation of the committee include the CEO, the CFO, the company secretary, the head of audit and risk, the group controller, and representatives from the statutory auditor, KPMG LLP (KPMG). None of these attendees are members of the committee.
- The representatives from KPMG and the head of audit and risk each have time with the committee and the company secretary to raise freely any concerns they may have without management being present.
- The chair of the committee has regular one-to-one meetings with the CFO, the head of audit and risk and the KPMG audit engagement partner.
- The committee is authorised to seek outside legal or other independent professional advice as it sees fit, but has not done so during the year.

Quick links

Terms of reference: unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

Audit committee

During the year the committee has paid close attention to the financial position being presented by management during the current turbulent economic conditions.

Dear shareholder

After the annual general meeting in July 2022, Stephen Carter stepped down from the board and the audit committee. At that time, the board took the opportunity to review the membership of the principal board committees. As a result, Kath Cates joined the committee in July 2022 ahead of the 2022/23 audit cycle, bringing her wider experience as a current chair of the TPEN audit committee at Columbia Threadneedle Investments. Furthermore, in July 2022, Paulette Rowe took up the role as chair of the ESG committee and, therefore, stood down as a member of the audit committee.

Economic impact

During the year the committee has paid close attention to the financial position being presented by management during the current turbulent economic conditions. The committee has sought comprehensive information impacting the financial statements on the impact of inflation and increases in core costs. particularly those of power and chemicals and, on the impact of the rising cost of living and the ability of customers to pay their bills.

The accounting of additional costs incurred as a result of three atypically large pipe bursts in the water network due to the dry weather during the summer of 2022, were also considered. The committee considered and concluded that management's views were reasonable, which aligned with the view expressed by the external auditor.

BEIS consultation on audit and corporate governance reform

The committee welcomed the publication in May 2022 of the Government's response to its consultation on 'Restoring Trust in Audit and Corporate Governance' and the publication by the Financial Reporting Council on the steps it will take to implement the Government's reforms. As previously reported, management were in the process of drafting the group's audit and assurance policy (see page 165), which has been further refined during the year and has been reviewed by the committee.

Audit committee members:



Doug Webb Chair of the audit committee





Kath Cates

Ð Read more about accounting policies on page 239

Ð Read more about the impact of climate change on page 241

The assurance framework, as endorsed by the committee and contained therein, provides a standard approach to determine the level of assurance to be applied to different sections of the integrated annual report and was implemented for the year ended 31 March 2023. The committee was satisfied with the progress made to date ahead of the expected extension of the FRC's powers once it transitions into the Audit, Reporting and Governance Authority (ARGA). Among other things, it is expected that ARGA's remit will be to review annual reports in their entirety, reflecting the growing expectations by investors that companies should provide greater levels of assurance over the narrative reporting sections of their annual report.

Audit quality

Each year the committee reviews the findings of the FRC's annual Audit Quality Review (AQR), most recently published in July 2022 (and available on the FRC's website). The committee's focus being the review as pertaining to KPMG, it discussed the findings of the AQR with representatives of KPMG. The committee noted that, of the KPMG audits inspected by the FRC, 84 per cent required no more than limited improvements and none were identified as needing significant improvement, which the committee noted as an improvement on the 2021 AQR.

From time to time the FRC's AQR inspectors contact a company's auditor to undertake an inspection of the audit. During the year, the FRC's AQR inspectors undertook such an inspection of KPMG's 2022 audit of United Utilities Group PLC. The inspectors focused their assessment on the following areas: revenue recognition and bad debt; capitalisation of costs; revenue; trade receivables and accrued income; derivatives, and audit planning and completion. KPMG discussed the inspection with the committee, which was comfortable that no material issues had been identified. Some incremental improvements were identified by the inspectors, all of which were incorporated into the 2023 audit.

As required by the Code, and as an important element in maintaining an appropriate focus on audit quality, the effectiveness of the statutory audit process is assessed annually (see page 162). As part of this assessment the

committee took into account the quality interventions implemented by KPMG during the 2022 audit and the impact of these interventions throughout the audit cycle, building on those implemented in previous years (see page 162). The views of members of the committee and management were sought, among other things, on the degree of professional scepticism exhibited by the auditor.

Furthermore, at each of the scheduled committee meetings, management present an updated view of each of the significant issues and areas over which it has exercised its judgement (see pages 158 to 159) following discussion between management and the auditor, many of which correspond with KPMG's key audit matters (see pages 223 to 226). KPMG are present at these meetings where they have the opportunity to critique management's judgements and contribute to the debate, thereby providing an opportunity for the committee to challenge the views of management and the auditor on their assessments. These discussions provide an opportunity for the committee members, drawing on their own experience, to informally assess the degree of professional scepticism applied by the auditor. The committee has time set aside during its meetings to meet with the auditor without management being present in order that they can speak freely and raise any concerns and to ensure the committee is kept fully informed.

Auditor independence is a key principle and contributing factor to audit quality. It is reviewed as part of the audit scope and re-examined prior to the accounts being approved and signed by the board. The auditor must be independent of the company. Independence is a key focus for the auditor, whose staff must comply with their firm's own ethics and independence criteria, which must be consistent with the FRC's Revised Ethical Standard (2019). Information on how the committee assesses the independence of the auditor can be found on page 164. The statutory auditor presents its audit findings to the shareholders as the owners of the business (see pages 218 to 231).

Taking into account the findings of assessment of the 31 March 2022 audit presented to the committee in September 2022, the committee concluded that the statutory audit process for 2022 had been effective.

Long-term viability statement

The committee reviewed and concurred with management's view that the long-term viability statement (see page 150) should again be provided for a seven-year period, management's view being that a high-quality assessment can be provided for a sevenyear period, and favouring the approach of greater certainty over a shorter period.

The impact of climate change on the financial viability of the group has been reflected in the viability assessment underpinning the long-term viability statement, which the committee reviewed and endorsed prior to approval by the board.

During the year, the committee received an update on the work of the International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB), with management evolving its approach to the reporting of its business model in line with the ISSB's four pillar approach.

Risk management and internal control

The committee has overseen the steps to implement enhancements and improvements identified by the independent review of the group's fraud risk management framework as reported on in last year's audit committee report. The main improvements being the completion of a formal cross-business fraud risk assessment to supplement the existing business risk assessment process, and the subsequent internal audit review of anti-fraud controls for the principal fraud risks. Furthermore, the implementation of a revised ISA (UK) 240 in order to clarify the auditor's obligations with respect to fraud and enhance the quality of audit work performed in this area.

During the year, the revised ISA (UK) 315 was implemented by KPMG in order to increase the rigour of the risk identification and assessment process, thereby enabling the introduction of improved mitigating actions to counteract the risk. The revisions to the standard require the audit to included a more detailed consideration of the IT environment. In preparation, the committee received a 'deep dive' session from management on the group's IT control environment.

The revision of the aforementioned standards has contributed to an increase in the audit work undertaken by KPMG and along with additional economic inflationary pressures on KPMG's costs, the committee have approved an increase in the overall fees paid to KPMG for the year ended 31 March 2023 compared to the prior year. These fee increases were mitigated in part, by the provision of parental company guarantees to support an exemption from statutory audit for certain subsidiary companies in accordance with s479C of the Companies Act 2006. While the committee encouraged KPMG to look for efficiencies through innovation to offset the impact of increasing fees, it was cognisant of the need to preserve the auditor's independence and of KPMG's significant progress in recent years in streamlining their processes and making improvements to audit quality. As a consequence, the committee recognised that there was limited scope for further efficiencies at present.

best practice.

As chair of the committee, I would welcome any comments you may have on this audit committee report, I intend to be present at the AGM in July 2023, and representatives from KPMG will also be in attendance.

This report was approved by the committee at its meeting held on 16 May 2023.

Doug Webb

Main responsibilities

- Make a recommendation to the board for the appointment or reappointment of the auditor, and to be responsible for the tender of the audit from time to time and to agree the fees paid to the auditor.
- Establish policies for the provision of any non-audit services by the auditor.
- Challenge the auditor on the scope and the results of the annual audit and report to the board on the effectiveness of the audit process and how the independence and objectivity of the auditor has been safeguarded.
- Review the half-year and annual financial statements and any announcements relating to financial performance, including reporting to the board on the significant issues proposed by

management and in particular those challenged by the committee in relation to the financial statements and how these were addressed.

- Approve the scope, remit and effectiveness of the internal audit function and the group's internal control and risk management systems.
- Review the group's procedures for reporting fraud and other inappropriate behaviour and to receive reports relating thereto.
- Report to the board on how it has discharged its responsibilities.
- Apply the principles of the code and report against the provisions.



Audit fees

Governance

The evaluation of the committee's performance for 2022/23 was facilitated internally by the company secretary and his team, which provided some useful feedback and points for action (see page 146).

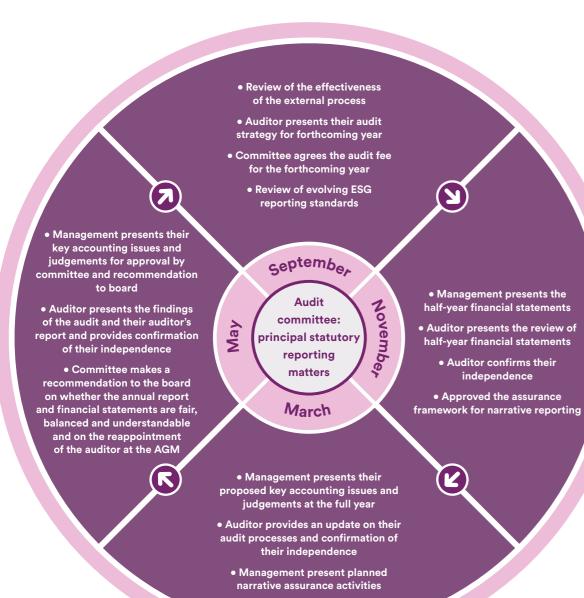
On page 149 the Code principles and provisions applicable to audit, risk and internal control are set out and our responses indexed. In its work, the committee is intent on complying with applicable regulations and

Chair of the audit committee

Business on the committee's agenda during the year

The committee has an extensive agenda of items of business focusing on the audit, assurance and risk processes within the business, which it deals with in conjunction with senior management, the auditor, the internal audit function and the financial reporting team. The committee's role is to ensure that management's disclosures reflect the supporting detail provided to the committee or challenge them to explain and justify their interpretation and, if necessary, re-present the information. The committee reports its findings and makes recommendations to the board accordingly. The committee is supported in this role by using the expertise of the statutory auditor, who, in the course of the audit, considers whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS and whether adequate accounting records have been kept. In doing so it ensures that high standards of financial governance, in line with the regulatory framework along with market practice for audit committees going forward, are maintained. Furthermore, the company's own internal audit team contributes to the assurance process by reviewing compliance with internal processes. The committee's financial reporting cycle, which starts each year in September, is shown below. There were four meetings of the committee held during the year, the committee intends to continue to hold the two meetings in September and March virtually. Items of business considered by the committee are set out on pages 160 to 161.

Audit committee financial reporting cycle



4



Audit, risk and internal control

Audit committee continued

Significant issues considered by the committee in relation to the financial statements

Management presents its updated view of the significant issues whereby it has exercised its professional judgement to each meeting of the committee, thereby providing an opportunity for oversight and for the committee to challenge management's views. Additionally, KPMG receive this information in advance of, and are present at, the committee meetings, providing KPMG with the opportunity to contribute to the discussion both with management present, and privately with only the committee members present.

Material and/or judgemental areas of the financial statements

| Significant issues considered | How these were addressed by the committee |
|-------------------------------|---|
|-------------------------------|---|

Revenue recognition and allowance for doubtful receivables (see pages 240, 242, 253 to 254, 280 and 282) - due to the nature of the group's business, the extent to which revenue is recognised and expected credit losses are recognised in relation to doubtful customer debts is an area of considerable judgement and estimation. This has particularly been the case in recent years (including in the current year) due to high levels of economic uncertainty and increases in the cost of living, which is expected to impact on the ability of some customers to pay their bills as they become due.

Capitalisation of fixed assets (see pages 241, 250 to 251, 281 to 282) - fixed assets represents a subjective area, particularly in relation to costs permitted for capitalisation and depreciation policy.

- The committee reviewed the group's revenue recognition policy, particularly in light of a higher level of billing of premises registered as void during the year, and challenged whether the criteria for de-recognising revenue relating to amounts billed to customers remains appropriate. Having considered the impact of the de-recognition criteria as applied to the billing of void properties, the committee satisfied itself that no change in the revenue recognition policy is required at the present time, but noted the increased level of challenge in recovering this debt compared with the remainder of the group's customer base. Accordingly, the committee also challenged the adequacy of the group's allowance for expected credit losses in respect of void properties and satisfied itself that, when all relevant factors are taken into consideration, the allowance reported in the financial statements is appropriate.
- The committee considered the adequacy of the group's provisions for credit notes that may need issuing in respect of amounts incorrectly billed, focusing particularly on nonhousehold customers where legacy data issues since the non-household market opened to competition have resulted in allowances being processed going back a number of years. The committee satisfied itself with the approach adopted by management for providing for future allowances, and noted that the value of these should reduce over time as data for more recent periods should not be subject to the same legacy issues as earlier periods.
- The committee reviewed the approach taken by management in estimating expected credit losses relating to household debt, taking into account estimates of the impact of cash collection risk associated with void properties (see above) and recognising that there is a great deal of uncertainty associated with the future duration and intensity of cost-of-living challenges experienced by customers. Having considered cash collection rates experienced during the year, together with what historic cash collection rates may suggest about future cash collection prospects under a range of possible scenarios, the committee was satisfied that the approach taken by management to accounting for expected credit losses is reasonable and that the associated allowance as at 31 March 2023 is appropriate.
- The committee undertook a 'deep dive with management to better understand, and therefore, be able to challenge, the group's approach to capitalisation and other key accounting judgements in respect of property, plant and equipment. This covered judgements relating to whether spend is considered to be enhancement or maintenance, the commissioning of assets, ensuring the appropriateness of the estimated useful economic lives of assets, capitalisation of support costs, and processes by which abortive costs or asset write-downs are identified.
- Having undertaken this deep dive, the committee assessed the reasonableness of the group's capitalisation policy and, having also considered the work performed by KPMG in this area, deemed this to be appropriate.
- The committee also sought to gain a better understanding from management of the effects of climate change on accounting for property, plant and equipment, including key controls in this area, and satisfied itself that the controls were adequate.

Material and/or judgemental areas of the financial statements

Significant issues considered

Derivative financial instruments (see pages 241, 265 to 272 and 283) - the group has a significant value of swap instruments, the valuation of which is based upon models that require certain judgements and assumptions to be made. Management perform periodic checks to ensure that the model-derived valuations agree back to third-party valuations and KPMG check a sample against their own valuation models.

Provisions and contingent liabilities (see pages

256, 258 and 284) - the group provides for contractual, legal and environmental claims brought against it based on management's best estimate of the value of settlement, the timing of which is dependent on the resolution of the relevant claims. Judgement is also required in determining when contingent liabilities exist that require disclosure in the financial statements.

Recoverability of United Utilities Group PLC's (parent company) investment in United Utilities PLC (see pages 252 and 282) - the parent company's investment in United Utilities PLC makes up 98 per cent of the company's total assets and is therefore highly material in the context of the parent company's statement of financial position. Management assess the recoverability of this investment periodically to ensure that its carrying value continues to

Other matters considered

be supported.

Impact of increases in the cost of living - with continuing economic uncertainty and cost of living challenges resulting from the likes of the war in Ukraine, there remains ongoing uncertainty around how this may impact the group's customer base going forward. As uncertainty around how the economic situation may develop continues, this gives rise to a higher level of judgement and estimation uncertainty in this area.

Accounting for the sale of United Utilities

Renewable Energy Limited - (UURE) (see pages 246 and 280) - during the year ended 31 March 2023 the group concluded the process to sell the group's renewable energy business, UURE.

- therefore set out more fully above.
- Performance Measures

Stock code: UU

How these were addressed by the committee

• The committee noted that the periodic checks performed by management had been completed at the year-end reporting date, and that KPMG had undertaken their testing and challenged management as to certain inputs in respect of the fair value measurement of cross currency swaps, resulting in the valuation approach used being refined.

The committee requested that management deliver a 'teach in' session on the group's hedging activity and accounting thereon during the year. This was particularly for the benefit of those who joined the committee in the year but was an open session to which all board members were invited. The committee found this session to be informative and that it provided a good basis for challenging what can be a technically complex area.

The committee assessed and challenged the appropriateness of the basis on which provisions are recognised, focusing particularly on instances where provisions are recorded for claims where costs above an insurance deductible amount may be covered by the group's insurance policies. The committee challenged management to ensure that the gross value of claims, where certain amounts may be recoverable from insurers, is provided for, and noted that where an estimate of the gross value of the claim could be made it is provided for at this gross amount with a separate receivable recognised for the insurance recovery.

The committee noted the greater political focus on environmental prosecutions that has emerged during the year, and concurred with management's assessment that, based on current experience, the provisions recorded at the reporting date reflect the best estimate of potential financial outflow in this regard.

 The committee considered the reasonableness of disclosures made in respect of contingent liabilities, challenging management as to whether any provision should be recognised in the financial statements for cases in which contingent liabilities disclosures are made. The committee concluded that in such instances the recognition criteria had not been met and, therefore, that disclosure as contingent liabilities, rather than the recognition of provisions, was the most appropriate approach.

 The committee sought to understand management's approach to assessing recoverability. and concluded that management's assessment that an equity value based on the RCV of the group's regulated business, United Utilities Water Limited (UUW), is a reasonable basis for valuing United Utilities PLC given UUW's importance to the United Utilities PLC group.

The committee concurred with management's assessment that the impact of the current cost of living crisis on the group's significant accounting judgements and areas of uncertainty is felt most acutely in relation to revenue recognition and allowances for expected credit losses in relation to doubtful receivables. Considerations in this area are

The committee challenged management's view that the criteria for presenting the results of UURE as discontinued operations for the period in which it was consolidated into the group's financial statements were not met, and concurred with management's judgement that UURE did not constitute a separate major operation in the context of the group as a whole. The committee also concurred with management's view that, given the nature and materiality of the transaction, it is appropriate that the sale be treated as an adjusting item in arriving at the group's underlying profit measures included within its Alternative

Business on the committee's agenda during the year

| Actions | Outcomes | Cross reference |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| Annual and half-year reporting | | |
| Reviewed, discussed and challenged the financial reporting team's reports on the financial statements, management's significant accounting judgements, the policies being applied both at the full and half year and how the statutory audit contributed to the integrity of the year-end financial reporting. | The committee challenged management on a number of its judgements and sought detailed explanations of its interpretation. The committee was satisfied with the explanations provided by management. Recommendations were made to the board, supporting the approval of the financial statements. | See pages 158 to 159 |
| Reviewed and challenged the regulatory reporting process relating to the annual performance report (APR) for UUW, including the assurance provided by the technical auditor, as required to be submitted to Ofwat, and noted the differences between the regulatory and statutory accounts. | The committee met with the technical auditor to provide an opportunity for challenge by the committee whose overview contributes to the assurance process of the regulatory reporting prior to the approval of the APR by the UUW board. | - |
| Assessed management's presentation of APMs to enable comparability with other companies. | Concurred with management's approach that the APMs as defined were satisfactory enabling comparability with other companies. | See page 118 |
| Reviewed and challenged the proposed audit strategy for the 2022/23 statutory audit, including the level of materiality applied by KPMG, audit reports from KPMG on the financial statements and the areas of particular focus for the 2022/23 audit. | The committee monitored progress made by the statutory audit team against the agreed plan, and challenged the auditor in the resolution of any issues as they arose. | See page 220 |
| Reviewed and challenged the basis of preparation of the financial statements as a going concern as set out in the accounting policies. | Recommendation made to the board to support the going concern statement. | See page 217 |
| Reviewed and challenged the long-term viability statement proposed by management and reasons why a seven-year assessment period was appropriate. | The committee challenged management that the length of the period was appropriate, particularly in light of assessment timeframes used by peer companies, but was satisfied with management's preference to continue to provide a statement with greater certainty over a shorter period of time. | See page 150 |
| Reviewed the results of the committee's assessment of the effectiveness of the 2021/22 audit. | The committee concluded that the audit was effective and a recommendation was made to the board on the reappointment of KPMG as the auditor for the year ending 31 March 2024 at the forthcoming annual general meeting. | See page 162 |
| Reviewed whether the company's position and prospects as presented in the 31 March 2023 integrated annual report and financial statements were considered to be a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the company's position and prospects. | Recommendation made to the board that the 31 March 2023 integrated annual report and financial statements was a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the company's position and prospects. | See pages 149 and 162 |
| Reviewed the non-audit services and related fees provided by the auditor for 2022/23 and the policy on non-audit services provided by the auditor for 2023/24. | Approved the non-audit services and related fees provided by KPMG for 2022/23 and concluded that no changes were required to the policy for non-audit services provided by the auditor. | See page 165 |
| Negotiated and agreed the statutory audit fee for the year ended 31 March 2023. | The committee approved the fee for the 2022/23 audit. | See pages 155 and 165 |
| Considered management's approach to adopt an assurance framework to guide the assurance sought in relation to the narrative reporting in the 2022/23 integrated annual report encompassing the TCFD, SECR and other ESG sections. | Implemented the assurance framework to identify particular sections within the integrated annual report that the framework identified as higher risk of misstatement/error and would, therefore, benefit from independent third-party assurance namely the TCFD report, oversight responsibilities of the board and the remuneration committee report. | See page 165 |

| Actions | Outcomes | Cross reference |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Risk management and internal control | | |
| Reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems including an overview of the output from the independent third-party review of internal controls around financial reporting. | Recommendation made to the board that the risk management and internal control systems operated effectively. | See pages 166 to 16 |
| Considered changes to internal control weaknesses brought to the attention of the committee by KPMG. | Challenged management to resolve any issues relating to internal controls and risk management systems. | See page 218 |
| A deep-dive session was held on the IT control environment. | Challenged management to review the opportunity for a more automated approach to digital access and process controls. | - |
| Considered the review by internal audit of the fraud risk management action plan, which came about following the independent third-party review of the fraud risk management framework in 2021/22. | No control weaknesses, gaps or effectiveness issues were identified as a result of the review. The cross-business fraud risk and control assessment will be refreshed annually and incorporated into business-as-usual activity. | See page 166 |
| Monitored fraud reporting. | Reviewed the company's anti-fraud policies and processes and alleged incidents of fraud and the outcome of their investigation. | See page 167 |
| Biannual oversight and monitoring of compliance with the group's anti-bribery policy. | Reviewed compliance with the company's ongoing anti- bribery programme. | See page 167 |
| Approved the strategic internal audit planning approach on the work of the internal audit function from the head of audit and risk. | Monitored the implementation of the 2022/23 internal audit plan. Reviewed findings of specific internal audit and implementation of any resulting actions by management. | See page 166 |
| Considered the issues and findings brought to the committee's attention by the internal audit team. | The committee was satisfied that management had resolved or was in the process of resolving any outstanding issues or concerns in relation to matters scrutinised by the internal audit team. | See page 166 |
| Reviewed the quality and effectiveness of internal audit and the effectiveness of the current co-source arrangements. | The committee reviewed the process of assessment of internal audit and made certain recommendations for enhancement, further to which it was concluded that the internal audit team, supported by the PwC co-source resource, was effective. | See page 166 |
| Reviewed and challenged the strategic internal audit planning approach and internal audit plan for 2023/24. | Approved the internal audit plan for 2023/24. | See page 166 |
| Governance | | |
| Review of the committee's terms of reference. | No changes were made to the committee's terms of reference during the year. | - |
| Considered and challenged management's formulation of an audit and assurance policy, a resilience statement, and a review of internal controls that impact the group's financial reporting ahead of further guidance being issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC). | The committee were satisfied in the progress attained ahead of guidance being published by the FRC and the mandatory introduction for companies to disclose their audit and assurance policy and resilience statement in their annual report. Further to the review of the maturity of the internal control framework over financial reporting undertaken by PwC, a working group was established to implement their recommendations for enhancing financial reporting controls (and supporting IT controls). | See page 165 |
| Reviewed the conclusions of the committee's annual evaluation. The evaluation was internally facilitated by the company secretary. The review explored the effectiveness of: the committee's composition, meetings and time management; committee processes and support; and the areas of work of the | All elements of the self-assessment reviewed indicated the committee was working well. The board considered the results of the review of the committee and concluded that the committee continued to be effective. | See page 146 |

committee and priorities for change.

How we assessed whether "the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the company's position and performance, business model and strategy"

The following section sets out the company's compliance with part of provision 25. The directors' responsibility for preparing the annual report and financial statements is set out on page 215.

The board delegates to the committee, in the first instance, the review of the annual report and financial statements with the intention of providing advice to the board on whether, as required by the code, "the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the company's position and performance, business model and strategy". To make this assessment, the committee received copies of the annual report and financial statements to review during the drafting process to ensure that the key messages being followed in the annual report were aligned with the company's position, performance and strategy being pursued and that the narrative sections of the annual report were consistent with the financial statements. The committee also considered whether the significant issues considered by the committee in relation to the financial statements include the key audit matters identified by the auditor in their report on pages 158 to 159.

Management has again considered and sought to enhance the review processes to provide support to the board in forming its view on whether the accounts and financial statements were fair, balanced and understandable, as it concluded they were (see page 215). In particular, a member of the executive team, not involved in the drafting process, was appropriately briefed to review and challenge the content to ensure that the activities and issues faced by the business were reported in a fair and balanced manner. Following application of the assurance framework (see page 165), third-party 'limited assurance' was provided in relation to our reporting against the TCFD recommendations (see the index on page 5) and remuneration committee report (see page 170).

The committee received updates on the calculation of underlying operating profit measures as one of the principal alternative performance measures (APMs) used by management, a full guide to APMs can be found on page 118.

Many of our regulatory performance commitments are used by management as key performance indicators and are monitored by our regulators, who set the methodology against which we report. As part of their role as auditor of UUW's annual performance, KPMG provides assurance on many of these performance commitments along with Jacobs, the technical auditor of the UUW annual performance report.

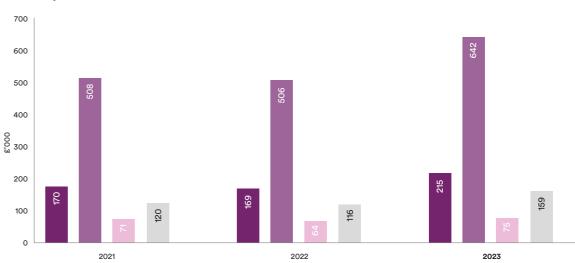
KPMG is required (under ISA (UK) 720) to consider whether there are any material inconsistencies between the 'other information' and 'statutory other information' presented in the annual report (i.e. in the strategic report, the directors' report and the corporate governance statement), and the financial statements, taking into account the auditor's knowledge obtained in the audit, or the auditor's understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the 'other information' and 'statutory other information'. The TCFD and Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting (SECR) disclosures are deemed to be 'other information' as they are included in the company's strategic report, as they are important to the company. Other assurance of the TCFD and SECR disclosures (see pages 80 and 93 respectively) is undertaken both by third parties and our internal audit team. Our disclosures against the code are reviewed by the internal audit team and reported to the committee.

Additionally, the committee was satisfied that all the key events and issues that had been reported to the board in the executive team's monthly board reports during the year, both good and bad, had been adequately referenced or reflected within the integrated annual report.

How we assessed the effectiveness of the statutory audit process

The committee, on behalf of the board, is responsible for the relationship with KPMG the group's statutory auditor, and part of that role is to examine the effectiveness of the statutory audit process. Audit quality is regarded by the committee as the Key

Statutory auditor's fees



principal requirement of the annual audit process. KPMG present the strategy and scope of the audit for the forthcoming financial year at the meeting of the committee held in September, highlighting any areas that would be given special consideration (these key audit matters are included in the auditor's report on pages 218 to 231). KPMG reported against their audit scope at subsequent committee meetings, providing an opportunity for the committee to monitor progress and raise questions, and challenge both KPMG and management.

Throughout the year, management presents its up-to-date view of the key accounting issues and its resulting judgements to the committee. In response, KPMG informs the committee whether, in its professional view, the judgements management proposes, or has taken, are appropriate. A number of these issues manifest themselves as the significant issues considered by the committee in relation to the financial statements, which are set on pages 158 to 159 in respect of 2022/23. As required by auditor's professional standards. KPMG exercise their professional scepticism in their audit of these significant issues.

Private meetings are held at committee meetings between the committee and KPMG's representatives without management being present to encourage open and transparent feedback by both parties on any matters they wish to raise, and provide the

Audit guality

Additional audit quality processes and interventions

Since 2021 KPMG have employed a number of additional processes as part of its action plan to enhance audit quality. As part of its review of the 2021/22 audit in July 2022, the committee reviewed the effectiveness of these processes and interactions as set out below, concluding they were effective.

The processes and interventions included:

- providing sight of their interim control findings to the committee early in the audit process and sharing their knowledge and best practice recommendations;
- improving communication and sharing of information and insight between the external and internal audit teams by implementing regular discussion sessions prior to the scheduled committee meetings;
- raising audit points in a more timely manner with the financial reporting team during the audit process by holding regular discussions with the external audit team and financial reporting team;
- enhanced visibility of the key challenges and findings of the second-line of defence performed by another team independent of the audit team, and of the independent KPMG partner's review of the audit;
 - greater use of technical specialists; and providing the details of the independent partner's review of the audit to the committe as part of the year-end sign off process



Regulatory audit services provided by the statutory auditor

committee with an opportunity to obtain greater insight on the extent to which KPMG has challenged management's analysis and presentation of information.

Prior to the board's approval of the year-end financial statements, the committee provides its view to the board on the outcome of the statutory audit, explaining: management's key accounting issues and judgements; the outcome of the auditor's assessment of key audit matters; other areas of audit focus and control deficiencies (if any), and how the statutory audit contributed to the integrity of the financial reporting process. The independent nature and financial expertise of committee members further contributes to the integrity of the process. KPMG updated the committee on its ongoing Audit Quality Transformation Plan (AQTP). KPMG's AQTP includes: a more standardised audit approach; holding companies to account for the guality of the information provided in the audit process; providing more feedback to companies on the findings of their audit and providing additional senior-level support to the KPMG audit teams during the audit; all of which are well embedded in the audit process. In planning for the 2022/23 audit, KPMG provided a report to the committee on the quality interventions that would be utilised. Each year the committee considers the annual review by the FRC's Audit Quality Review Team and challenges KPMG to ensure continuous improvement.

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Read more about our annual performance report on page 80

Ð Read more about our treasury committee on page 169

ensuring a wide range of views were taken into account. The questionnaire reviewing the 2022 audit process was issued in July 2022.

Views of the respondents were sought in terms of:

• the robustness of the external audit process and degree of challenge to matters of significant audit risk and areas of management subjectivity;

On completion of the annual audit process the views

performed the audit are sought. All members of the

committee, key members of the senior management

team and those who regularly provide input into the

auditor, complete a feedback questionnaire, thereby

audit committee or have regular contact with the

of those involved in the audit on how well KPMG

- whether the scope of the audit and the planning process were appropriate for the delivery of an effective and efficient audit:
- · the quality of the delivery of the audit and whether planned quality improvements had been delivered and whether the committee had insight into the auditor's internal quality procedures;
- the expertise of the audit team conducting the audit and their understanding of the company's business risks to assess if there was an impact on the audit:
- whether the auditor made appropriate use of the work of the internal audit team:
- that the degree of professional scepticism applied by the auditor was appropriate;
- the appropriateness of the communication between the committee and the auditor in terms of technical issues:
- the quality of the service provided by the auditor;
- their views on the quality of the interaction between the audit engagement partner, the audit senior manager and the company;

- whether the audit process had been kept on schedule; and
- whether the statutory audit contributed to the integrity of the group's financial reporting.

The feedback was collated and presented to the committee's meeting in September 2022. The committee noted KPMG's quality interventions as part of its AQTP to improve audit guality and the enhancements now embedded in the company's audit (see page 162). The committee concluded that the statutory audit process and services provided by KPMG were satisfactory and effective, with additional measures for further enhancement encouraged.

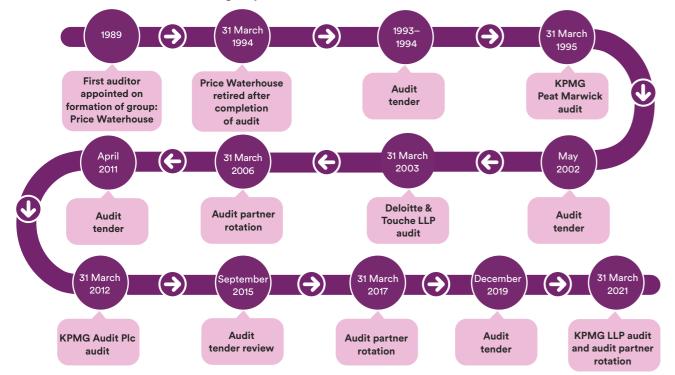
How we assessed the independence of the statutory auditor

The following section sets out the company's compliance with part of provision 26.

There are two aspects to auditor independence that the committee monitors to ensure that the auditor remains independent of the company.

First, in assessing the independence of the auditor from the company, the committee takes into account the information and assurances provided by the auditor confirming that all its partners and staff involved with the audit are independent of any links to United Utilities. KPMG confirmed that all its partners and staff complied with their ethics and independence policies and procedures, which are fully consistent with the FRC's Ethical Standard, including that none of its employees working on our audit hold any shares in United Utilities Group PLC. KPMG is required to provide written disclosure at the planning stage of the audit in the form of an independence confirmation letter. Their letter discloses matters relating to their independence and objectivity, including any

Rotation of external auditor to the group



relationships that may reasonably be thought to have an impact on its independence and the integrity and objectivity of the audit engagement partner and the audit staff. The audit engagement partner must change every five years and other senior audit staff rotate at regular intervals.

Secondly, the committee develops and recommends to the board the company's policy on non-audit services and associated fees that are paid to KPMG. In accordance with the FRC's Revised Ethical Standard (2019), an auditor is only permitted to provide certain non-audit services to public interest entities (i.e. United Utilities Group PLC) that are closely linked to the audit itself or that are required by law or regulation, as such services could impede their independence.

Permitted non-audit services fees paid to the statutory auditor are subject to a fee cap of no more than 70 per cent of the average annual statutory audit fee for the three consecutive financial periods preceding the financial period in which the cap applies - in 2022/23 were 26.1 per cent, as set out in the table below. Permitted services (which remain subject to the 70 per cent cap, apart from the regulatory audit) can be approved by the CFO subject to a cap of £10,000 applied for individual items. Individual items in excess of £10,000 require the approval of the committee. The 70 per cent non-audit services fee cap has been applied to the group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

| Financial year | Audit fee |
|---|---------------|
| 2019/20 | £474,000 |
| 2020/21(1) | £678,000 |
| 2021/22 | £675,000 |
| Average | £609,000 |
| 2022/23 proposed non-audit fees | £159,000 |
| 2022/23 proposed non-audit fees as % of average audit fees (3 year rolling average) | 26.1 % |

() Included £100,000 relating to audit of COVID-19 judgements in 2019/20 that were not captured within the reported audit fee for that year due to the additional fee not having been agreed at the point the financial statements were signed off.

Auditor provided permitted services include the non-audit fees paid to the statutory auditor for: the interim review; the regulatory audit; agreed-upon procedures for regulatory reporting; limited assurance work relating to the group's sustainable financing framework; the Euro Medium Term Note Programme; and Law Debenture Trust compliance work. Fees for non-audit services paid to KPMG include the cost of the UUW regulatory assurance work they undertake, which is separate to the regulatory audit. While this work could be performed by a different firm, the information is in fact more granular breakdowns of data that form part of the statutory audit, and by KPMG undertaking the work it reduces duplication and saves considerable cost.

Taking into account our findings in relation to the effectiveness of the audit process and in relation to the independence of KPMG, the committee was satisfied that KPMG continues to be independent, and free from any conflicting interest with the group.

Statutory auditor reappointment for the year ending 31 March 2024

Stock code: UU

The following section sets out the company's compliance with part of provision 26.

The 2022/23 year-end audit has been KPMG's twelfth consecutive year in office as auditor; they were reappointed after the committee conducted a formal tender process in December 2019 and as reported by the committee in the 2020 annual report. Prior to this, a formal tender was last undertaken in 2011, and resulted in the appointment of KPMG, who thereafter presented their report to shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2012.

The diagram opposite shows the historical tendering and rotation of the role of statutory auditor. The company, as a public interest entity, is required to conduct a competitive tender process every ten years, and rotate auditors after 20 years at most, as a result, KPMG can remain as auditor until the completion of the 31 March 2031 audit. The audit engagement partner rotates at least every five years, the 2022/23 audit has been the third year for lan Griffiths in the role. On the next partner rotation, the committee intends to assess the need and timing of the next audit tender.

United Utilities has complied fully with the provisions of The Statutory Audit Services for Large Companies Market Investigation (Mandatory Use of Competitive Tender Processes and Audit Committee Responsibilities) Order 2014 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

At its meeting on 16 May 2023, the committee recommended to the board that KPMG be proposed for reappointment for the year ending 31 March 2024 at the forthcoming AGM in July 2023. As a matter of good practice, the committee continually keeps the performance of the auditor under review and there are no contractual obligations that restrict the committee's choice of auditor: the recommendation is free from third-party influence. and no auditor liability agreement has been entered into.

Audit and assurance policy

As reported last year, management has been formulating an audit and assurance policy as a means of tailoring proportionate assurance relating to the narrative disclosures in the integrated annual report. The committee has had several opportunities to challenge and contribute to the policy during the drafting process. As part of the policy, an assurance framework has been devised, providing a standardised approach to identify the risk associated with the disclosures and the appropriate level of assurance. In summary, our assurance framework sets out the well established 'three lines of assurance' approach:

- First line of assurance management establish the dayto-day business operational and control processes, and is accountable for effective risk management and control activity, and provides management assurance;
- Second line of assurance second line functions provide policy, direction and frameworks as well monitoring of the first line activities to assure compliance; and
- Third line of assurance our internal audit team and specialist external auditors review the effectiveness of risk and control activities as well as providing assurance in respect of company disclosures.

As the level of risk increases, the governance and assurance applied to the reporting of data also increases, with material risks escalated to the board. Thereby ensuring that the management, control and reporting of any risks, and resulting actions identified through the process, are proportionate to the level of risk. The approach is broadly consistent with that used for the regulatory reporting of UUW, and has been implemented in identifying the proposed levels of assurance for the integrated annual report for 31 March 2023.

Going concern and long-term viability

The committee challenged and scrutinised management's detailed assessment of the group's long-term viability and its ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account the risks facing the business, and its ability to withstand a number of severe but reasonable scenarios. The committee approved the long-term viability statement set out on page 150. Management apprised the committee of its preparedness to provide a resilience statement in future years, which would encompass the going concern and longterm viability statement should this be a recommendation of the BEIS Consultation on 'Restoring trust in audit and corporate governance'.

Read more about financial oversight responsibilities of the board on pages 149 to 152

Read more about our risk

and resilience framework on pages 60 to 61

Internal controls and risk management systems

The main features of the group's internal controls and risk management systems are summarised below:

Internal audit function

The internal audit function is a key element of the group's corporate governance framework. Its role is to provide independent and objective assurance, advice and insight on governance, risk management and internal control to the audit committee, the board and to senior management. It supports the organisation's vision and objectives by evaluating and assessing the effectiveness of risk management systems, business policies and processes, systems and key internal controls. In addition to reviewing the effectiveness of these areas and reporting on aspects of the group's compliance with them, internal audit makes recommendations to address any key issues and improve processes and, as such, provides an indication of the behaviours being exhibited by colleagues in the areas under review. Once any recommendations are agreed with management, the internal audit function monitors completion of associated actions and reports to the committee on progress made at every meeting.

A five-year strategic audit planning approach is applied. This facilitates an efficient deployment of internal audit resource in providing assurance coverage over time across the whole business, as well as greater variation in the nature, depth and breadth of audit activities. This strategic approach supports the annual audit plan, which is then endorsed by management. and which the committee reviews, challenges and approves. The plan focuses the team's work on those areas of greatest risk to the business. Building on the strategic planning approach, the development of the plan considers risk assessments, issues raised by management, areas of business and regulatory change, prior audit findings and the cyclical review programme. The purpose, scope and authority of internal audit is defined within its charter, which is approved annually by the audit committee.

Review of the fraud risk management structure

In 2021/22, the committee asked management to commission an independent review of the group's fraud risk management framework to assess its maturity and identify any enhancements required given the evolving nature of business processes and the working environment. An action plan to strengthen the approach to fraud risk assessment was implemented, overseen by the security steering group, with the final report presented to the committee in March 2022. During the year, internal audit have reviewed the design effectiveness of controls for the most significant fraud risks in each business area – no additional control weaknesses, gaps or effectiveness issues were identified as a result of the review. The cross-business fraud risk and control assessment will be refreshed annually and incorporated into business-as-usual activity. As set out in the charter, internal audit perform their work in accordance with the mandatory aspects of the International Professional Practice Framework of the Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors, and with integrity (honestly, diligently and responsibly) and objectively (without conflicts of interest).

Internal audit, led by the head of audit and risk, covers the group's principal activities and reports to the committee and functionally to the CFO, both of whom review the head of audit's annual personal objectives. The head of audit and risk attends all scheduled meetings of the audit committee, and has the opportunity to raise any matters with the members of the committee at these meetings without the presence of management. He is also in regular contact with the chair of the committee outside of committee meetings.

The in-house team is expanded as and when required with additional resource and skills co-sourced from external providers ensuring that the internal audit function has sufficient resources and expertise to deliver the annual audit plan. The committee keeps the relationship with co-source providers under review to ensure the independence of the internal audit function is maintained and there is a documented process to manage possible conflicts of interest with the co-sourced resource. Ensuring that any co-source resource remains independent in the course of its work is crucial to the integrity of its work. Following a competitive tender process, PwC was last re-appointed as co-source resource provider during 2020/21.

The internal audit function liaises with the statutory auditor, discussing relevant aspects of their respective activities, which ultimately supports the assurance provided to the audit committee and board.

Assessing the effectiveness of the internal audit function

The effectiveness of the internal audit function's work is continually monitored using a variety of inputs, including the ongoing audit reports received, the audit committee's interaction with the head of audit and risk, a biannual review of the department's internal quality assurance report, a quarterly summary dashboard providing a snapshot of the progress against the internal audit plan tabled at each committee meeting as well as any other periodic quality reporting requested.

An annual stakeholder survey in the form of a feedback questionnaire is circulated to committee members, senior management and other managers who have regular contact with the internal audit function, including representatives from the auditor KPMG and the co-source audit provider PwC. The responses were anonymous to encourage open and honest feedback, and were consistently favourable, as were previous surveys.

Periodically, the quality and effectiveness of the internal audit function is also assessed externally, with the most recent review being undertaken in early 2019.

Taking all these elements into account, the committee concluded that the internal audit function was an effective provider of assurance over the organisation's risks and controls and appropriate resources were available as required.

Risk management systems

The group designs its risk management activities to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve its strategic objectives.

The committee receives updates and reports from the head of audit and risk on key activities relating to the company's risk management systems and processes at every meeting. These are then reported to the board, as appropriate. A diagram and explanation of the risk management governance and reporting process can be found on page 60. The CFO has executive responsibility for risk management and is supported in this role by the head of audit and risk and the corporate risk manager and his team. The group audit and risk board (GARB) is a sub-committee of the executive team. The GARB meets quarterly and reviews the governance processes and the effectiveness and performance of these processes along with the identification of emerging trends and themes within and across the business. The work of the GARB then feeds into the information and assurance processes of the audit committee and into the board's assessment of risk exposures and the strategies to manage these risks.

Supplementing the more detailed ongoing risk management activities within each business area, the biannual business risk assessment process seeks to identify how well risk management is embedded across the different teams in the business. The business risk assessment process involves a high-level review of the effectiveness of the controls that the business has in place to mitigate risks relating to activities in each business area, while identifying new and emerging risks and generally facilitating improvements in the way risks are managed.

The outcome of the business risk assessment process is communicated to the executive team and the board. This then forms the basis of the determination of the most significant risks that the company faces, which are then subject to review and challenge by the board. The group utilises risk management software in order to maintain an up-to-date view of the assessment and management of risk. The maturity of the risk management framework and its application across the business is assessed on an annual basis against a defined maturity model. This assessment provides an objective appraisal of the degree of maturity in how the risk management system is being applied against the key elements of ISO 31000:2018 Risk Management Standard. The results of the maturity assessment are reported to the GARB, along with a road-map of activity to achieve a target level of maturity.

An external assessment of the risk management framework last took place in 2017/18.

Internal controls

The committee reviews the group's internal control systems and receives updates on the findings of internal audit's investigations at every meeting, prior to reporting any significant matters to the board. Internal control systems are part of our business-as-usual activities and are documented in the company's internal control manual, which covers financial, operational and compliance controls and processes. During the year, work has been undertaken by management to better evidence the operation of existing internal controls. Internal control systems over financial reporting are the responsibility of the CFO, with the support of the GARB, the financial control team and the internal audit team, although the head of audit and risk and his team are directly accountable to the audit committee.

Confirmation that the controls and processes are being adhered to throughout the business is the responsibility of managers, but is continually tested by the work of the internal audit team as part of its annual plan of work, which the committee approves each year as well as aspects being tested by other internal assurance providers. Compliance with the internal control system is monitored annually by the completion of a self-assessment checklist by senior managers in consultation with their teams. The results are then reviewed and audited on a sample basis by the internal audit team and reported to the committee.

In 2021/22 an independent review of the maturity of the group's internal control framework over financial reporting was conducted in light of the BEIS consultation, and the expected evolution of the UK internal control requirements, in general terms but also more specifically in relation to controls over financial reporting. The findings of the independent review were that: there was a high level of coverage of the financial statement line items in both the consolidated income statement and the balance sheet; risk and control matrices were in operation; and the fundamental building blocks underpinning an internal control framework over financial reporting were in place. A number of enhancements were recommended in relation to IT controls supporting the financial reporting controls. A working group was established to implement these recommendations, with good progress being made against 'no regrets' actions.

Anti-fraud and anti-bribery

The audit committee is responsible for reviewing the group's procedures for detecting fraud, and the systems and controls for preventing other inappropriate behaviour. In the first instance of an incident being reported, a summary of the allegations is passed to the fraud and whistleblowing committee (consisting of the company secretary, the people director, the strategy, policy and regulation director, the commercial, engineering and capital delivery director, the head of people services and the head of internal audit and risk) to decide on the appropriate course of action and investigation and by whom.

During the year, the audit committee was kept fully apprised in regular updates on the progress and findings of investigations of cases of alleged fraud and any remedial actions taken.

In line with the group's anti-fraud culture and zero-tolerance attitude towards fraud, a cross-business fraud risk assessment is carried out through the security steering group to identify and understand potential threats, and optimise the group's response and mitigation and ensure consistency across the business.

The company has an anti-bribery policy to help prevent bribery being committed on its behalf, which all colleagues must follow. and processes in place to monitor compliance with the policy. Colleagues in certain roles are required to complete anti-bribery training materials. As part of the anti-bribery programme, colleagues must comply with the group's hospitality policy. The hospitality policy permits colleagues to accept proportionate and reasonable hospitality for legitimate business purposes only and all hospitality (and gifts) offered and accepted has to be logged, and approved when accepted. Colleagues and representatives of the group's suppliers must comply with the group's responsible sourcing principles and United Supply Chain approach. The group will not tolerate corruption, bribery and anti-competitive actions. Suppliers are expected to comply with applicable laws and regulations, and in particular never to offer or accept any undue payment or other consideration, directly or indirectly, for the purposes of inducing any person or entity to act contrary to their prescribed duties.

As part of the internal control self-assessment checklist (part of the group's internal control processes), senior managers in consultation with their teams are required to confirm, among other things, that they have complied with the group's antibribery and hospitality policies. The anti-bribery programme is monitored and reviewed biannually by the committee.

Treasury committee



Doug Webb Chair of the treasury committee

Quick facts

- The committee meets three times a year.
- The committee operates under terms of reference and delegated authorities approved by the board.
- The company secretary attends all meetings of the committee.
- The treasurer is a member of the committee.
- The members of the committee undertook a self evaluation in February 2022 facilitated internally by the company secretary. The review of the responses indicated that the committee was effective and its members had the appropriate skills and experience to fulfil the committee's responsibilities.

Main responsibilities

- Review of the group's treasury policies in relation to: financing; liquidity; hedging of market risks (interest rates; inflation; currency and electricity hedging); financial counterparty credit risk; credit ratings; and capital structure.
- Execution of the financing plan and evaluation of funding opportunities.
- Liquidity management and review of forecasts.
- Execution of hedging transactions and programmes in relation to the management of market risks in accordance with treasury policy parameters.
- Developments in relation to the credit ratings agencies.
- Credit investor relations.
- Banking relationships.
- Treasury delegated authorities, internal controls and governance.
- Reporting to the board on matters relating to the group's treasury activities, including board approval of the annual treasury update and associated financing plan and board delegated authorities.

Quick links

Stock code: UU.

Terms of reference:



Dear shareholder

During the year, with the board's delegated authority, the committee oversaw the successful execution of the group's funding programme. Approximately £888 million of new term-funding was raised, including the group's second sustainable public bond issue, a £300 million 15.5-year maturity issued in April 2023. The committee has continued to monitor financial market conditions closely as central banks continued tightening monetary policy in response to high inflation, amidst heightened geopolitical tensions, and more volatile markets.

The continuation of our funding programme has positioned the group well, with projected AMP7 financing requirements now fully covered. The committee also completed a 'deep dive' review of the group's electricity hedging policy.

The committee also oversaw the group developing replacement fallback provisions (applicable upon cessation of or fundamental changes to the UK Retail Prices Index (RPI)), in response to proposed changes to RPI that are expected to be implemented by the UK Statistics Authority in 2030. Those changes to RPI are intended to more closely align RPI with the calculation of the Consumer Prices Index including owneroccupier housing costs (CPIH). Under the fallback provisions contained in the group's existing RPIlinked notes, upon such a change to the index being made, an Expert would be appointed to determine what adjustments (if any) are necessary to the terms and conditions of the notes, with the risk that the Expert determination process could lead to an early redemption of the RPI-linked notes at their indexed par value in certain circumstances. The new fallback provisions, which has been adopted in the group's London listed multi-issuer £10 billion Euro Medium Term Note Programme (EMTN Programme), references a relevant reference gilt, thereby reducing the risk of the cessation of or a fundamental change to RPI resulting in redemption of any future RPI-linked notes at their indexed par value. The group is in the process of engaging with existing RPI-linked noteholders to discuss the new fallback and potentially amending the terms and conditions of certain notes to adopt the new fallback.

The group has access to debt capital markets via its EMTN Programme or by putting bespoke documentation in place. The EMTN Programme, in conjunction with our sustainable finance framework launched in November 2020, is expected to continue to be the primary vehicle for the group accessing funding in the debt capital markets. In July 2022, the group published its second sustainable finance framework allocations and impact report. Details of the group's engagement with banks and credit investors can be found on page 138.

Doug Webb Chair of the treasury committee

Chair of the treasury committee

Treasury committee members:



Doug Webb Chair of the treasury committee





Treasurer



Quick facts

- The code requires that "the board should establish a remuneration committee of at least three independent non-executive directors".
- By invitation of the committee, meetings are attended by the Chair, the CEO, the company secretary, the people director, the head of reward and the external adviser to the committee
- Our current remuneration policy was approved by shareholders at the 2022 AGM. The remuneration report sets out how the remuneration policy was applied in 2022/23 and how we intend to apply it in 2023/24.
- Certain sections of the remuneration report are audited. The unaudited sections of the remuneration report, including the annual statement from the remuneration committee chair have been subject to external assurance by the remuneration committee's independent adviser, Ellason LLP. The engagement was performed as a limited assurance engagement in accordance with the requirements of the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 revised. Ellason's full assurance statement is available at unitedutilities.com/corporate/responsibility/ourapproach/esg-performance

Terms of reference: nitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

Annual statement from the remuneration committee chair

Our executive pay arrangements are aligned to our purpose, values and strategy, incentivising delivery for customers and the environment, and the creation of long-term value.

Dear shareholder

Many aspects of company performance during the year have been strong, as detailed in the strategic report. We are a sector leader at minimising pollution, achieved our best ever performance against our leakage performance commitment despite difficult weather conditions over the winter, supported vulnerable customers during the cost of living crisis, and delivered all of this year's Better Rivers programme milestones.

We recognise however, that the water sector has been subject to significant scrutiny during the year. As a committee we understand this, and we share the concerns of our customers and wider society in relation to environmental performance in particular. On the topic of the use of storm overflows specifically, while the company has materially reduced the number of storm overflow activations since 2020, it is clear there is a lot more to do and we have an ambitious plan to improve performance in this area.

The committee has a robust track record of making sure that executive pay outcomes are aligned with the interests of all our stakeholders. The majority of our performance-related pay is linked to customer-related objectives, with 75 per cent of the annual bonus and 50 per cent of our Long Term Plan (LTP) being based on stretching targets related to our delivery for customers, including environmental commitments and obligations. The company's strong performance in key areas meant that many of these environmental targets were achieved. However, the executive directors informed the committee of their intention to waive their eligibility for environmental elements of their performance-related pay outcomes. This was in recognition of their personal commitment to a reset across the sector, and the board supported their decision.

Remuneration committee members:



Doug Webb

Kath Cates Chair of the remuneration committee



This affected the Better Rivers component of the annual bonus and five of the measures in the customer basket component of the Long Term Plan, reducing their performance-related pay outcomes by around 25 per cent. Furthermore, the performance-related pay outcomes that the executive directors will receive in respect of this year will not be paid for by customers. Going forward, we are committed to making sure that at least 30 per cent of performance-related pay outcomes are related to environmental performance. including reducing storm overflow activations.

Delivering for customers and other stakeholders

Helping our customers cope with cost of living challenges was a priority during the year. We have protected customers in vulnerable circumstances through our comprehensive suite of support schemes, and hosted collaborative summits on affordability and vulnerability to share best practice ideas and work together to improve things for customers in the North West. Recognising the increased cost of living affected our colleagues too, we immediately implemented the latest Living Wage increase for eligible colleagues in September 2022 (around eight months sooner than our Living Wage accreditation required) and helped all colleagues by raising awareness of the full extent of their reward package.

Last year, we announced that we would invest an additional £250 million to deliver environmental improvements, principally in our Better Rivers programme. This investment has already helped us to deliver a reduction in reported activations of 39 per cent since 2020, together with a 41 per cent reduction in both the average recorded frequency and duration. We are on track with our commitment to have 100 per cent of storm overflows monitored by the end of the year, with 97 per cent installed by the end of April.

Extreme weather events during the year tested the resilience of our network and operating capability. Whilst our preparation and planning meant we did not have to place any restrictions on water use for our customers, the increased level of ground movement following the long, dry summer and winter freeze-thaw resulted in a number of burst pipes. Our dedicated teams worked round the clock to fix the damage and minimise disruptions for customers, but the events impacted on our ODI performance (supply interruptions) and underlying operating profit because of additional costs related to emergency network repairs, customer compensation and bottled water. Unsurprisingly, this also impacted on the level of written complaints we received during the year.

In many other areas however, we have provided great outcomes for customers. Our average leakage over the last three years is at its lowest ever level, and we have achieved our best ever performance on water quality, with a 26 per cent reduction in taste, smell and appearance contacts from customers. Examples like these have been reflected in further improvement in our C-MeX performance, Ofwat's measure of customer satisfaction. We were ranked fourth of the water and wastewater companies, and fifth overall in the sector.

Main responsibilities of the committee

These include:

Stock code: UU.

- Determining and recommending to the board the policy for executive director remuneration, having reviewed and taken into account workforce remuneration and related policies and the alignment of incentives and reward with our purpose, values and culture;
- Setting the individual employment and remuneration terms for executive directors and other senior executives, including: recruitment and severance terms, bonus plans and targets, and the achievement of performance against targets, including consideration and use of discretion as appropriate;
- Approving the general employment and remuneration terms for selected senior colleagues;
- Setting the remuneration of the Chair of the company;
- Proposing all new long-term incentive schemes for approval of the board, and for recommendation by the board to shareholders; and
- Assisting the board in reporting to shareholders and undertaking appropriate discussions as necessary with institutional shareholders on aspects of executive remuneration.

The committee's terms of reference were last reviewed in November 2022 and are available on our website at corporate.unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

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Read about how our remuneration approach complies with the UK Corporate Governance Code on pages 174 to 175

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Read our at a glance summary: executive directors' remuneration on pages 176 to 179

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Read our annual report on remuneration on pages 180 to 194

Ð Read our directors' remuneration policy on pages 195 to 201

The framework within which we reward our executive directors is subject to approval by our shareholders. Our Directors' Remuneration Policy was approved by shareholders last July receiving over 99 per cent of votes in favour of its adoption. Our Policy remains strongly-aligned with our business plan for 2020-25 and we are not proposing any changes to it this year. An abridged version is included at the end of this report for ease of reference. Our Annual Report on Remuneration, set out on pages 180 to 194, explains how the committee has applied the Policy during the year and the rationale for the decisions it has taken. The Annual Report on Remuneration will be subject to an advisory vote by shareholders at the AGM in July 2023.

Annual statement from the remuneration committee chair continued Remuneration during 2022/23

Fixed pay

Given his planned retirement in 2023, no salary increase was awarded to Steve Mogford during the year. Louise Beardmore's salary on appointment as CEO designate in May 2022 was set at £425,000 and was unchanged throughout the remainder of the financial year.

Having considered his strong individual performance, the committee approved a 4.75 per cent salary increase for Phil Aspin, CFO, which took effect from 1 September 2022. This was in line with the average increase across the wider workforce in 2022.

Steve Moaford's contractual pension supplement of 22 per cent of salary reduced to 12 per cent of salary with effect from 1 January 2023, meaning that the pension arrangements for all executive directors were fully aligned with the company's approach for other colleagues, and will continue to be going forward.

2022/23 annual bonus

The measures and targets for the annual bonus were agreed by the committee at the beginning of the financial year and as noted in last year's report, the committee chose to introduce a number of new measures to further demonstrate the company's intention to incentivise stretching performance delivery for customers, including environmental commitments and obligations. A consistent bonus scorecard continued to apply throughout the company, to ensure a shared focus on the business plan at all levels.

As outlined earlier, the executive directors waived the element of their bonus that related to our Better Rivers commitments, despite good progress in the year with all of the required milestones being achieved.

The committee also undertook an assessment to determine whether the formulaic outcome of the bonus scorecard was aligned with overall performance and the experience of stakeholders, including customers and the environment. The committee was satisfied that the measures and targets set were robust and stretching and that the overall payout appropriately reflected the achievements of the company. Accordingly, and noting the effect of the voluntary waivers, the committee has not applied any discretion in respect of annual bonus outcomes for 2022/23. See page 181 for further details.

2020 Long Term Plan (LTP)

LTP awards granted in November 2020 were based 50 per cent on a customer basket of measures and 50 per cent on return on regulated equity (RoRE). The customer basket of measures comprised ten metrics selected to reflect customer priorities, demonstrate our focus on customer delivery and recognise stakeholder expectations with regard to ESG matters.

Performance against many of the LTP measures has also been strong, as shown on pages 182 to 183. As a result of the executive directors' decision to waive

the environmental elements of the LTP, the estimated overall vesting is around 69 per cent. The final outcome for some of the measures in the customer basket will not be known until all relevant information is available. expected in summer 2023, and we will provide an update in next year's report.

The committee is not currently minded to exercise any discretion in respect of the vesting of these awards (again noting the impact of the executive directors' waiving the environmental elements), believing that the overall outcome fairly reflects the underlying performance of the company and the experience of stakeholders over the period.

The committee has considered whether any adjustments or use of discretion might be warranted on vesting to reflect the possibility of windfall gains on share price movements over the period. Factors which the committee considered include:

- the share price at grant compared to that used for previous award cycles and what the price would have been had the grant been made on the normal timetable (they were delayed to mitigate the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on target-setting)
- TSR performance over the period since grant relative to historic growth rate
- the value of the award at vesting relative to previous award cycles.

The committee is currently satisfied that the growth in share price since grant is within the normal bounds and is not indicative of a windfall gain, and therefore no adjustment is warranted.

Steve Mogford's and Phil Aspin's awards will vest after the completion of a holding period taking the overall vesting period to five years from the grant date.

Louise Beardmore was granted her award prior to her appointment as an executive director, so her award will be treated according to its original terms with no holding period applying, and she will be required to hold the shares vesting (net of tax) as she continues to build her shareholding.

Chief Executive Officer succession

Steve Mogford was paid his contractual salary and benefits until he retired on 31 March 2023, and will receive the bonus he is due in respect of 2022/23 performance in June 2023. As he will no longer be employed when the bonus is paid, in line with the policy, the normal deferred element will be in the form of a deferred cash award (rather than shares), which will vest after three years.

The committee approved that, as Steve was retiring, it was appropriate for good leaver status to be applied in respect of his LTP awards. His 2018 and 2019 LTP awards will vest at the end of their respective holding periods. Once the outcome of his 2020 LTP award is finalised, it will move into a holding period until the stated vesting date, five years from grant. His 2021 and 2022 LTP awards remain subject to performance, will be pro-rated for time served in the performance periods, and will vest at the end of the applicable holding periods. In the two year period following his departure the committee will consider whether good leaver status remains appropriate before each LTP award vests.

His three DBP awards will remain unvested until their original vesting dates. Withholding and recovery provisions applicable to the incentive schemes continue to apply.

Steve is required to maintain an interest in company shares of 200 per cent of salary for two years after ceasing employment.

The committee approved that, on her appointment as CEO, Louise Beardmore's salary would be set at £690,000, with no other changes to her remuneration arrangements. While relevant external benchmarks were taken into account in setting her salary at this level, which was lower than that received by Steve Mogford, the committee reaffirmed its intent to reposition the company's executive remuneration packages (as had also been the case when Phil Aspin was appointed as CFO on a lower base salary than his predecessor).

Engagement with Ofwat

In December 2022, David Black (Ofwat's Chief Executive) sent a letter concerning performance-related executive pay to the remuneration committee chairs of all regulated water and wastewater companies (a copy of which is available on Ofwat's website).

The letter focused on understanding how committees would take into account overall performance for customers and the environment when making decisions around performance-related pay. As set out above, we are committed to making sure that executive pay outcomes are aligned with the interests of our stakeholders, including customers and the environment. We achieve this primarily by having the majority of our performance-related pay directly linked to customer and environmental objectives, and as a listed company and compliant with the UK Corporate Governance Code, we also have additional mechanisms in place to help promote stakeholder alignment and maintain a strong pay for performance culture. This includes: the ability of the committee to override formulaic outcomes to ensure that performance-related pay is aligned with the underlying performance of the business; the use of mandatory annual bonus deferral and LTP holding period; robust and enforceable recovery provisions for performance-related pay: and significant shareholding requirements for executive directors to encourage a long-term focus.

Looking ahead

Executive director salaries will be reviewed during the year with any increases taking effect from 1 September 2023. No changes are expected to pension provisions or benefits in the year.

This timing will ensure that we have an updated policy which can take effect at the start of the new price control period and also recognises the imminent review of the UK Corporate Governance Code, with changes expected to come into effect in 2025. As with previous policy reviews, the committee will look to consult with its largest shareholders to seek their views on its proposals, and additionally welcomes any feedback from other investors or stakeholders.

I hope that you find this report a clear account of the committee's decisions for the year and would be happy to answer any questions you may have at the upcoming AGM.

This report has been approved by the board and is signed on its behalf by:

Kath Cates

For 2023/24, the maximum bonus opportunity will remain at 130 per cent of base salary for both executive directors, and they will each receive a 2023 LTP award of 130 per cent of salary. At least 30 per cent of the performance-related pay schemes set this year will be based on stretching performance against environmental measures.

Recognising Ofwat's expectation that initial performance-related pay policies over the 2025-30 period should be aligned with the final methodology for PR24, the committee is minded to accelerate its next review of the remuneration policy and to submit this for shareholder approval at the 2024 AGM.

Chair of the remuneration committee

Principle P:

Remuneration policies and practices should be designed to support strategy and promote long-term sustainable success. Executive remuneration should be aligned to company purpose and values, and be clearly linked to the successful delivery of the company's long-term strategy and aligned with the interests of stakeholders.

We describe how our remuneration approach aligns with our business strategy on pages 176 to 177.

Principle Q:

A formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on executive remuneration and determining director and senior management remuneration should be established. No director should be involved in deciding their own remuneration outcome.

This is detailed in the committee's terms of reference, which are available on the company website. The committee consults with shareholders when changes to policy are being considered.

Principle R:

Directors should exercise independent judgement and discretion when authorising remuneration outcomes, taking account of company and individual performance, and wider circumstances.

The shareholder-approved directors' remuneration policy outlines the ways in which the committee may exercise discretion. Details of how the committee has taken into account the wider context for pay and the rationale for the use of any discretion are set out in the introductory statement from the chair of the committee.

Compliance with the **UK Corporate Governance Code** Code principle - remuneration

The following section summarises how our shareholder-approved remuneration policy fulfils the relevant principles and provisions of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code.

Clarity

The committee is committed to providing transparent disclosures to all stakeholders about executive remuneration arrangements and, to this end, the directors' remuneration report sets out the remuneration arrangements for the executive directors in a clear and transparent way. At least annually the committee Chair, engages with the Colleague Voice Panel about our executive remuneration approach. Our AGM allows shareholders to ask any questions on the remuneration arrangements, and we welcome any queries on remuneration practices from shareholders throughout the year.

Predictability

Payouts under the annual bonus and Long Term Plan (LTP) schemes are dependent on the performance of the company over the short and long term. and a significant proportion of executive director remuneration is performance-related. These schemes have strict maximum opportunities, with the potential value at threshold, target and maximum performance scenarios provided in the directors' remuneration report.

Simplicity

Our remuneration arrangements for executive directors, as well as those throughout the group, are simple in nature and understood by all participants, having been operated in a similar manner for a number of years. Executive directors receive fixed pay (salary, benefits, pension), and participate in a single short-term incentive (the annual bonus) and a single long-term incentive (the LTP).



Proportionality

Payments from variable incentive schemes require

strong performance against challenging conditions

The committee retains discretion to override formulaic

over the short and longer term. Performance

strategy and consist of both financial and

non-financial metrics.

conditions have been selected to support group

outcomes in both schemes to ensure that they are

appropriate and reflective of overall performance.

Risk

The committee has designed incentive arrangements that do not encourage inappropriate risk-taking. The committee retains overarching discretion in both the annual bonus and LTP schemes to adjust payouts where the formulaic outcomes are not considered reflective of underlying business performance and individual contributions. Robust withholding and recovery provisions apply to variable incentives.

Alignment to culture

Performance measures used in our variable incentive schemes are selected to be consistent with the company's purpose, values and strategy; with a strong emphasis on delivering for our customers and encouraging innovation to provide a great and resilient service at the most efficient cost. The use of annual bonus deferral, LTP holding periods and our shareholding requirements promotes integrity and provides a clear link to the ongoing performance of the group and ensure alignment with shareholders, which continues after employment.

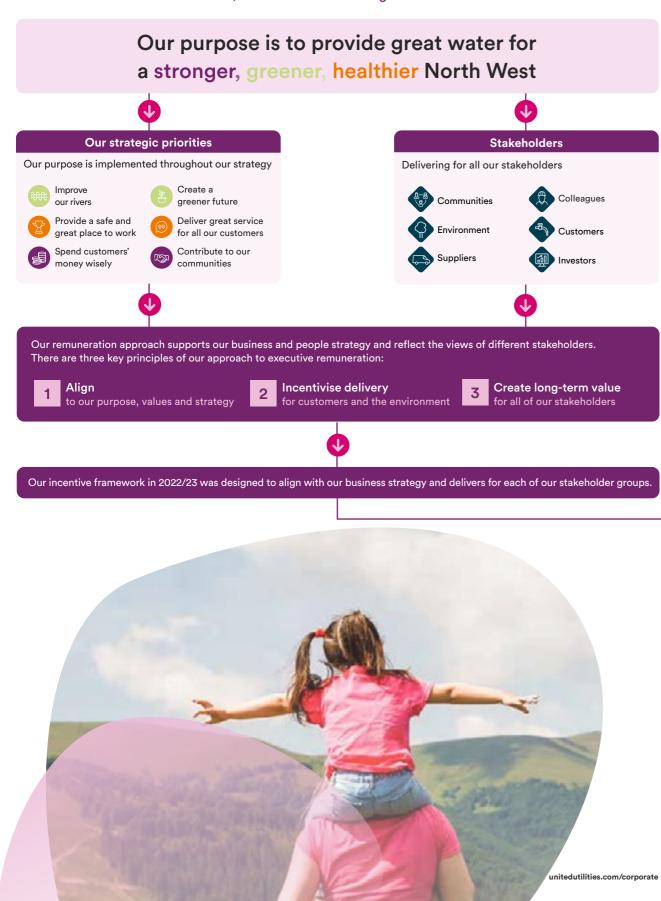
At a glance summary: executive directors' remuneration

continued

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Aligning our remuneration approach to business strategy

Our remuneration approach is aligned to our purpose, values and strategy, thereby incentivising delivery for customers and the environment, and the creation of long-term value for all of our stakeholders.



| Element | Why it's important to our remuneration approach | Link to strategic priorities | Link to different stakeholder |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 2022/23 annual bonus | | prioritaioo | |
| Underlying operating profit | Underlying operating profit is a key measure of shareholder value. | B | |
| Customer service in year C-MeX ranking Written complaints Water quality contacts | By using Ofwat's measure of customer experience alongside a measure that focuses on reducing the number of complaints made by customers, executive directors are incentivised to deliver the best service to customers. Ofwat can apply financial incentives or penalties depending on our customer service performance. Customers expect the water that comes out of their tap to be clear, and when it is discoloured it can affect public confidence in the water supply. This measure helps drive improvements in this aspect of our performance. | | |
| Maintaining and enhancing outcomes for customers and the environment Better Rivers commitments, including reducing storm overflow activations Outcome delivery incentive (ODI) composite Capital programme delivery incentive (CPDi) | We know that improving river health in the North West is a priority for customers, and the executive directors are incentivised to deliver our ambitious plans. The ODI composite measure includes a range of customer and environmental commitments. It is based on the outperformance payments earned and financial penalties incurred by the company based on its delivery of the performance targets embedded in the AMP7 final determination. The performance targets and the financial incentives associated with them are determined by Ofwat in the expectation that achieving them means that stretching outcomes have been delivered for customers and the environment. Bonus awards are only made where the value of these payments exceeds a predetermined level, which the committee sets relative to the AMP7 determination. Non-delivery of our performance commitments can result in financial penalties being applied, which reduces the likelihood of this target being achieved. | | |
| Compulsory deferral of bonus | Requiring executive directors to defer part of their bonus into shares provides reassurance that the company is being run in the longer-term interests of shareholders and customers, including beyond the annual bonus period. It also reassures shareholders and customers that some/all of the deferred bonus could ultimately be withheld if during the deferral period this is deemed necessary. | B | |
| 2020 Long Term Plan (LTP) | | | |
| Return on Regulated Equity (RoRE) | RoRE is a key regulatory measure of performance against the final determination. Outperformance will result in an increase to RoRE, which should translate into higher returns for shareholders through share price performance. Outperformance also benefits customers and the environment through strong delivery against stretching performance commitments, efficiencies in the capital investment programme and lower long-term financing costs. | | |
| Customer basket of measures | The customer basket is made up of specific performance commitments embedded in the AMP7 final determination, focusing on areas that customers have identified via our research as being most important to them. Strong delivery of the commitments benefits our customers, communities and the environment, and can result in outperformance payments from Ofwat, which is positive for shareholders. | | |
| Additional holding period (so the overall vesting and holding period is at least five years) | Requiring the executive directors to wait a further period after the performance outcome of their award is known ensures continued longer-term alignment with shareholder interests and delivery for stakeholders, including customers and the environment. It also reassures shareholders and customers that some/all of the LTP outcome could ultimately be withheld if during the holding period this is deemed necessary. | J | |
| Key governance mechanism | S | | |
| Discretion over outcomes | The committee retains discretion to override formulaic outcomes in both schemes to ensure that they are appropriate and reflective of overall performance. | | |
| Shareholding guidelines | It is important that each executive director builds and maintains a significant shareholding in shares of the company to provide alignment with shareholder interests (during and after employment) and as a demonstration that the company is being run for the long-term benefit of all its stakeholders, including customers and the environment. | _ | |

176

Our annual bonus and Long Term Plan (LTP) are closely aligned to our strategic themes and with delivery for our stakeholders. They each demonstrate a clear focus on customers and the environment.

At a glance summary: executive directors' remuneration

continued

5

Executive directors' remuneration policy

Elements of executive directors' pay

69%

A significant proportion of executive directors' pay is performance-related, long term and remains 'at risk' (i.e. subject to withholding and recovery provisions for a period over which the committee can withhold vesting or recover sums paid):

Performance-related vs fixed (%)⁽¹⁾



20

Long term Short term

40

Annual bonus – shares Long Term Plan (LTP) Base salary

Pension and other benefits Annual bonus - cash



Pension and other benefits Base salary

() Based on maximum payout scenario for executive directors in line with the current remuneration policy, assuming the maximum award level of 130 per cent of salary for the Long Term Plan (LTP).

Single total figure of remuneration for executive directors for 2022/23

Fixed pay comprises base salary, benefits and pension. Further information on the single figure of remuneration can be seen on page 180.

0

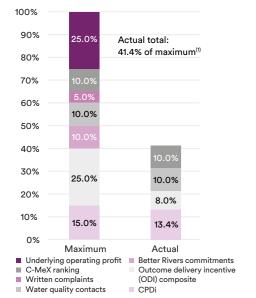


() For Louise Beardmore the LTP relates to awards granted prior to her appointment in her current role.

Annual bonus and Long Term Plan (LTP) outcomes

The charts below show the results of the performance against targets for the annual bonus and LTP. Further information about the annual bonus is shown on page 181 and about the LTP on pages 182 and 183.

2022/23 Annual bonus outcome



Estimated 2020 Long Term Plan (LTP) outcome

48%

4%

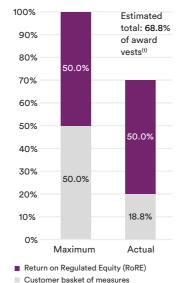
80

17%

100

27%

60



Pay at risk



Further details on what triggers the withholding and recovery provisions can be found on page 197.

Implementation of directors' remuneration policy in 2022/23

The table below summarises the implementation of the directors' remuneration policy for executive directors in 2022/23. For further details see the annual report on remuneration on pages 180 to 184.

Key element Implementation of policy in 2022/23

| Base salary | Given Steve Mogford's planned retirement the committee increase his salary in the year. Louise Beardmore's salary was set at £425,000 on her a designate in May 2022, with the next review being on 1 appointment as CEO. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | • Phil Aspin's salary was set at £427,380 from 1 Septembe 4.75 per cent in line with the increase for the wider work |
| Benefits and pension | Market competitive benefits package including a green £14,000; health, life cover and income protection; and r expenses. Steve Mogford had a cash pension allowance of 22 per ca 31 December 2022. With effect from 1 January 2023 this base salary in line with the arrangements that apply to th Aspin has a cash pension allowance of 12 per cent of base has a combination of a cash pension allowance and a com pensions scheme such that the cost to the company is br |
| Annual bonus | Maximum opportunity of 130 per cent of base salary. 2022/23 annual bonus outcome of 41.4 per cent. 50 per cent of 2022/23 annual bonus deferred for three Withholding and recovery provisions apply. |
| Long Term Plan | Award of 130 per cent of base salary. Estimated long-term incentive vesting of 68.8 per cent for period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2023. The awards for Ster Aspin will vest after an additional holding period, which e years from the date of grant. The award for Louise Beard to her appointment as an executive director and will vest conditions have been confirmed in the summer. She will I vested shares in line with the shareholding guidelines. Withholding and recovery provisions apply. |
| Shareholding guidelines | Personal shareholding for Steve Mogford remained abor of salary minimum guideline. Louise Beardmore and Phi their respective shareholdings and are expected to reac guidelines within five years of their respective appointm shareholding requirements apply. See page 198 for furth |
| | |



Between threshold and stretch targets At or above stretch target

- () For the purpose of annual bonus, underlying operating profit excludes infrastructure renewals expenditure and property trading
- ⁽²⁾ Average RoRE compared to average allowed RoRE over 2020/21, 2021/22 and 2022/23.
- (3) Percentage of customer basket achieved. The environmental measures were waived. See pages 182 to 183.

() The outcomes before the application of the waivers of the Better Rivers commitments measure (annual bonus) and the environmental measures (LTP) would have been 51.4% and 93.1% respectively.

ttee decided not to

appointment as CEO April 2023, further to her

er 2022, an increase of rkforce

n travel allowance of reimbursement of taxable

cent of base salary up until reduced to 12 per cent of he wider workforce. Phil se salary. Louise Beardmore ontribution into the broadly the same.

years.

for the performance eve Moaford and Phil ends no earlier than five dmore was granted prior st when the performance be required to hold the

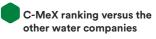
ove the 200 per cent hil Aspin are building ch the minimum ments. Post-employment her details.



Aligning pay with performance. See pages 181 to 183 for details

Annual bonus - vear ended 31 March 2023













Water quality contacts (appearance)











Capital programme delivery incentive (CPDi)

92.9%

Long Term Plan - three years ended 31 March 2023

Return on regulated equity (RoRE)(2)





Annual report on remuneration

Single total figure of remuneration for executive directors (audited information)

| Fixed pay | | | | | | Variable pay | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------|---------------|------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Year ended | Base s £'0 | | Pen: £'0 | | Bene £'0 | | Subt £'0 | | Annual £'0 | | incer | -term ntives 100 | Subt £'0 | | | tal 00 |
| 31 March | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 ⁽¹⁾ | 2022 ⁽²⁾ | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Steve Mogford | 791 | 784 | 154 | 173 | 26 | 23 | 971 | 980 | 426 | 727 | 886 | 1,504 | 1,312 | 2,231 | 2,283 | 3,211 |
| Louise Beardmore ⁽³⁾ | 390 | n/a | 48 | n/a | 20 | n/a | 458 | n/a | 210 | n/a | 172 | n/a | 382 | n/a | 840 | n/a |
| Phil Aspin | 419 | 405 | 50 | 49 | 20 | 21 | 490 | 475 | 226 | 452 | 457 | 96 | 683 | 548 | 1,172 | 1,023 |

() This relates to the Long Term Plan (LTP) award granted in November 2020. The amount is estimated as the vesting percentage for the half relating to customer basket of measures will not be known until later in 2023. The value of LTP awards has been calculated using an average share price over the three-month period from 1 January 2023 to 31 March 2023 of 1,045 pence per share.

(2) This relates to the Long Term Plan (LTP) award granted in June 2019. The figure stated in last year's report was estimated but was subsequently confirmed at 100 per cent. The award for Steve Mogford will not vest until the end of an additional holding period. Dividend equivalents accrued to 31 March 2023 have been added, and the value of the award has been calculated using an average share price over the three-month period from 1 January 2023 to 31 March 2023 of 1,045 pence per share. The award for Phil Aspin was granted prior to his appointment to the board so no holding period applied. Dividend equivalents accrued to the date of vesting have been added, and the value of the award has been calculated using the share price on the vesting date of 883.40 pence per share.

(3) Salary, benefits, pension and annual bonus figures in 2023 for Louise Beardmore reflect part-year earnings and are for the period from 1 May 2022 when she was first appointed to the board.

Annual bonus

Deferred Bonus Plan awards made in the year ended 31 March 2023 (audited information)

Bonuses are earned by reference to performance in the financial year and paid in June following the end of the financial year. For executive directors, 50 per cent of any bonus is deferred, typically into shares under the Deferred Bonus Plan. These awards vest after three years and are subject to withholding provisions. There are no service or additional performance conditions attached.

The table below provides details of share awards made on 16 June 2022 to the executive directors as at that date in respect of deferred share bonus payments for the 2021/22 financial year.

| Executive director | Type of award | Basis of award | Number of shares | Face value of award ^⑴ (£'000) | End of deferral period |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Steve Mogford | Conditional shares | 50% of bonus | 34,782 | £363 | 16.6.2025 |
| Louise Beardmore | Conditional shares | 40% of bonus ⁽²⁾ | 8,696 | £91 | 16.6.2025 |
| Phil Aspin | Conditional shares | 50% of bonus | 21,651 | £226 | 16.6.2025 |

10 The face value has been calculated using the closing share price on 15 June 2022 (the dealing day prior to the date of grant), which was 1,044.75 pence per share.

(2) The Deferred Bonus Plan award for Louise Beardmore was in respect of the bonus she earned in 2021/22 in her previous role i.e. prior to her appointment to the board, and in which a 40 per cent deferral requirement applied. This amount is not included in the single figure table above.

Annual bonus in respect of financial year ended 31 March 2023 (audited information)

The performance measures, targets and outcomes in respect of the executive directors' annual bonus for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out below. As outlined in the Chair's statement (pages 170 to 172) the executive directors waived the outcome related to the Better Rivers commitments measure, which otherwise would have vested at the stretch outcome with all milestones having been achieved. The committee was satisfied that overall outcomes are reflective of overall company performance during the year as detailed in the strategic report.

| Measure | % weighting of measure | Threshold (25% vesting) | Target (50% vesting) | | Vesting as a % of maximum | Outcome |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| Underlying operating profit ⁽¹⁾ | 25.0% | £694.7m | £719.7m | £744.7m | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| | | Actual £633.8 | 8m (below thre | shold) | | |
| Customer service in year | | | | | | |
| C-MeX contractor and perception ranking out | 10.0% | 8th position | 7th position | 5th position | 100% | 10.0% |
| of the 17 water companies | | | Actual | : 5th position | | |
| Written complaints | 5.0% | 17.50 | 17.10 | 16.80 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| (per 10,000 customers) | | Actual: 20.7 (| below thresho | | | |
| Water quality contacts (appearance) | 10.0% | 7,604 | 6,974 | 6,344 | 100% | 10.0% |
| | | | A | Actual: 5,936 | | |
| Maintaining and enhancing outcomes for custome and the environment | rs | | | | | |
| Better Rivers commitments | 10.0% | 90.0% | 95.0% | 100% | 100% | Waived |
| (% of 2022/23 programme milestones delivered) | | | A | Actual: 100% | | |
| Outcome delivery incentive (ODI) composite ⁽²⁾ | 25.0% | £20.0m | £28.0m | £35.7m | 31.9% | 8.0% |
| | | Actual: £22.2m | | | | |
| Capital programme delivery incentive (CPDi)(3) | 15.0% | 80.0% | 85.0% | 95.0% | 89.5% | 13.4% |
| | | Actual: 92.9% | | | | |
| Total: | | | | | | |
| Actual award (% of maximum) | | | | | | 41.4% |
| Maximum award (% of salary) | | | | | | 130% |
| Actual award (% of salary) | | | | | | 53.8% |

Actual award (£'000 - shown in single figure table)⁽⁴⁾

() The underlying operating profit figure for bonus purposes is based on the underlying operating profit on page 112 and excludes infrastructure renewals expenditure and property trading.

(2) The outcome of the ODI composite measure has been subject to independent external assurance.

(3) CPDi is an internal measure that measures the extent to which we deliver our capital projects on time, to budget and to the required quality standard. It is expressed as a percentage, with a higher percentage representing better performance.

(4) 50 per cent of the annual bonus will be deferred for three years.

| | | 130% |
|---------|-----------|-------|
| | | 53.8% |
| Steve | Louise | Phil |
| Mogford | Beardmore | Aspin |
| 426 | 210 | 226 |
| | | |

Annual report on remuneration continued

Long-term incentives

2020 Long Term Plan (LTP) awards with a performance period ended 31 March 2023 (audited information)

| | | Achi | eved ⁽¹⁾ | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|---------|
| Measure | % weighting of measure | Threshold (25% vesting) | Stretch (100% vesting) | Vesting as a % of maximum | Outcome |
| Return on Regulated Equity (F | RoRE) | | | | |
| Average RoRE compared to the average allowed return set by the regulator across the three-year | 50.0% | Equal to the average of Ofwat's allowed RoRE over the three financial years of the performance period | 1.0% (or more) above the average of Ofwat's allowed RoRE over the three financial years of the performance period | 100% | 50.0% |
| performance period | | | ctual: Average RoRE of 7.77% was bove the average allowed return | | |
| Customer basket of measures | ⁽²⁾ | _ | | | |
| C-MeX ranking out of all of the other water companies ⁽³⁾ | 5.0% | Ranked 9th | Ranked 6th (or better) Actual: 5th position | 100% | 5.0% |
| Water poverty ⁽³⁾ | 5.0% | 62,100 customers have been lifted out of water poverty | 83,000 (or more) customers have been lifted out of water poverty | 100% | 5.0% |
| | | | Actual: 84,002 | | |
| Priority services ⁽³⁾ | 5.0% | No threshold target. Stretch target must be achieved for any vesting on this measure | 5.5% (or more) of our customers are listed on the Priority Services Register | 100% | 5.0% |
| | | | Actual: 9.1% | | |
| Sewer flooding incidents ⁽³⁾ | 5.0% | A combined total of 1,161 sewer flooding incidents per 10,000km of our wastewater network | A combined total of less than, or equal to, 990 sewer flooding incidents per 10,000km of our wastewater network | 100% | Waived |
| | | | Actual: 849.8 | | |
| Pollution incidents ⁽⁴⁾ | 5.0% | 23.00 pollution incidents per 10,000km of our wastewater network | 21.54 (or fewer) pollution incidents per 10,000km of our wastewater network | 100% | Waived |
| | | | Actual: 16.29 | | |
| Treatment works compliance ⁽⁴⁾ | 5.0% | 97.9% compliance | 99.0% (or greater) compliance | 100% | Waived |
| | | | Actual: 99.0% | | |
| Water quality contacts ⁽⁴⁾ | 5.0% | 14.7 customer contacts per 10,000 customers | 13.8 (or fewer) customer contacts per 10,000 customers Actual: 14.1 | 75.0% | 3.8% |
| Leakage ⁽³⁾ | 5.0% | A three-year average of 101.60 megalitres of leakage per 10,000km of our water network per day | A three-year average of 97.60 megalitres (or less) of leakage per 10,000km of our water network per day Actual: 98.39 | 85.2% | Waived |
| Compliance risk index (CRI) ⁽⁴⁾ | 5.0% | CRI score of 3.27 | CRI score of 2.00 (or less) | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| | | Estimate: 3.67 (below threshold |) | | |
| The Environment Agency's Environmental Performance | 5.0% | 3 star rating | 4 star rating | 100% | Waived |
| Assessment (EPA) rating ⁽⁵⁾ | | | Estimate: 4 star rating | | |
| | | | | | |

Overall underpin

\checkmark Assumed met.

Overall vesting is subject to the committee being satisfied that the company's outcome performance on these measures is consistent with underlying business performance and that the company's dividend policy has been delivered in respect of each financial year of the performance period.

Details of the committee's preliminary assessment on the alignment of the vesting outcome to the underlying performance of the business is set out in the introductory statement from the Chair of the committee. The committee will make a final assessment of the company's performance once the outcome of the customer basket of measures is known.

| Estimated vesting (% of award) | 68.8% |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| | |

Number of shares granted Number of dividend equivalent shares Number of shares before performance conditions applied Estimated number of shares after performance conditions applied Three-month average share price at end of performance period (penc Estimated value at end of performance period (£'000 - shown in singl

- () Straight-line vesting applies between the threshold and stretch targets, with nil vesting below threshold performance.
- (2) The customer basket of measures are based on the performance commitment definitions as per the AMP7 final determination.
- annual performance reports for 2022/23.
- (4) Outcome based on performance in respect of the calendar year ending 31 December 2022 as published in our own annual performance reports for 2022/23.
- (6) Average share price over the three-month period from 1 January 2023 to 31 March 2023.
- (7) 13.95 per cent of the value vesting is attributable to share price appreciation, which equates to £123,663 for Steve Mogford, £24,048 for Louise Beardmore and £63,809 for Phil Aspin.

The 2020 LTP awards were granted in November 2020. Whilst LTP awards are normally granted in June each year, due to the uncertainties posed by the COVID-19 pandemic and particular concerns at the time about the possible extent of the disruption caused, the committee delayed the 2020 LTP award grants until November to allow more time to settle the targets.

Performance against the measures has been strong as detailed in the strategic report, but as outlined in the Chair's statement (pages 170 to 172) and as shown in the table the executives decided to waive the outcomes related to five environmental measures. Performance against each of those measures is expected to be at or near the stretch targets, so their decision to waive the outcomes will materially reduce the value of the awards that will vest.

The final outcome for some measures will not be confirmed until summer 2023, so the values of the awards are estimated and will be restated if necessary in next year's report.

2022 LTP awards with a performance period ending 31 March 2025 (audited information)

The table below provides details of share awards made to executive directors on 29 July 2022 in respect of the 2022 LTP:

| Executive director | Type of award | Basis of award | Face value of award (£'000) ⁽¹⁾ | Number of shares under award | % vesting at threshold | End of performance period ⁽²⁾ |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Steve Mogford | Conditional shares | 130% of salary | £1,028 | 95,909 | 25% | 31.3.2025 |
| Louise Beardmore | Conditional shares | 130% of salary | £552 | 51,551 | 25% | 31.3.2025 |
| Phil Aspin | Conditional shares | 130% of salary | £530 | 49,489 | 25% | 31.3.2025 |

0 The face value has been calculated using the closing share price on 28 July 2022 (the dealing day prior to the date of grant), which was 1,071.75 pence per share. 2 An additional holding period applies after the end of the performance period such that the overall vesting period is at least five years from the grant date.

Details about the measures, targets and underpins for the 2022 LTP awards made during the year were disclosed in last year's report, but in summary the awards were based on two equally weighted components: Return on Regulated Equity (RoRE) and a customer basket of measures including environmental measures, four of which directly linked to our carbon pledges.

| Steve Mogford | Louise Beardmore | Phil Aspin |
|------------------|--|---|
| 112,097 | 21,802 | 57,842 |
| 11,184 | 2,173 | 5,771 |
| 123,281 | 23,975 | 63,613 |
| 84,817 | 16,494 | 43,765 |
| 1,045.0 | 1,045.0 | 1,045.0 |
| 886 | 172 | 457 |
| | Mogford 112,097 11,184 123,281 84,817 1,045.0 | MogfordBeardmore112,09721,80211,1842,173123,28123,97584,81716,4941,045.01,045.0 |

(3) Outcome based on performance in respect of the financial year ending 31 March 2023 as published in our own and/or the other water companies'

© Outcome based on performance in respect of the calendar year ending 31 December 2022 as published in the Environment Agency's published report in 2023.

Annual report on remuneration continued

Performance-related pay in 2023/24

Ensuring alignment with our business plan

The performance measures used in our performance-related pay schemes during 2023/24 will remain aligned directly with the business plan, with a material weighting being linked to delivery for customers, and at least 30 per cent on environmental measures.

Annual bonus for 2023/24

The maximum bonus opportunity for the year commencing 1 April 2023 will be unchanged at 130 per cent of base salary. As is outlined on page 177, the measures used in our annual bonus arrangements for executive directors demonstrate significant alignment to stakeholder interests, including customers and the environment, and the table below summarises the measures, weightings and targets for the 2023/24 bonus. We have amended the composition of the bonus scorecard and introduced a new measure to reflect our commitment to tackling storm overflow activations and improve river quality. Targets that are considered commercially sensitive will be disclosed retrospectively in the 2023/24 annual report on remuneration.

| | | _ | | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Measure | Threshold (25% vesting) | Target (50% vesting) | Stretch (100% vesting) | Weighting (% of award) |
| Underlying operating profit ⁽¹⁾ | Co | mmercially sensit | tive | 25.0% |
| Customer service in year | | | | |
| C-MeX ranking out of the 17 water companies ⁽²⁾ | n/a | 6th position | 5th position | 10.0% |
| Water quality contacts (appearance) | 5,800 | 5,550 | 5,300 | 5.0% |
| Maintaining and enhancing outcomes for customers and the environment | | | | |
| Better Rivers commitments: % reduction of reported storm overflow activations | 8.0% | 10.0% | 12.0% | 12.5% |
| Better Rivers commitments: % of 2023/24 programme milestones delivered | 90.0% | 95.0% | 100% | 12.5% |
| Outcome delivery incentive (ODI) composite | Co | mmercially sensit | tive | 25.0% |
| Capital programme delivery incentive (CPDi) | 85 .0% | 90.0% | 95.0% | 10.0% |
| Total | | | | 100% |

() Underlying operating profit for bonus purposes excludes infrastructure renewals expenditure and property trading.

⁽²⁾ No threshold target applies to this measure.

In line with policy the executive directors will be required to defer at least 50 per cent of any bonus received into shares and these only become available after a period of three years. This provides the committee with time to consider and respond appropriately to any matters that were not known at the end of the relevant performance period but become apparent during the deferral period. This could include the use of the withholding and recovery provisions.

2023 LTP awards with a performance period ending 31 March 2026

Consistent with the approach since 2020, the awards will be based on Return on Regulated Equity and a customer basket of measures, with each component being equally weighted at 50 per cent. At least 30 per cent of the overall award will relate to environmental measures, including those that are within scope of our key regulators.

The award level for executive directors will remain unchanged at 130 per cent of base salary and the performance period for the awards will be 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026. As work is continuing on the ambitious plan for the next regulatory period, of which the first year will be the final year of the performance period, the committee has decided to wait until later in the summer to grant the awards to give more time for the precise measures and stretching targets to be well-aligned with the proposed plan. We will publish details of the measures and targets at the point of grant.

Stock code: UU.



Annual report on remuneration continued

Cascade of remuneration through the organisation

Consistent with best practice, the remuneration committee spends considerable time on matters relating to remuneration arrangements in the wider organisation. Details of pay trends for the wider colleague base provide important context when making decisions regarding remuneration for the executive directors as well as ensuring that consistent approaches are being adopted across the organisation.

The table below summarises how remuneration compares across the different groups of colleagues throughout the company.

Colleague group (number of colleagues Flement currently Implementation covered) of pay Policy Colleagues Salary We want to attract and retain colleagues of the In 2022 the base salary increase for colleagues was at all levels experience and quality required to deliver the 4.75 per cent. As a living wage accredited employer company's strategy. Salaries are reviewed annually, (around 6.000) all our colleagues (except those on a training scheme with executive directors normally receiving a such as apprentices) receive at least the voluntary living salary increase no greater than the increase wage rate. awarded to the general workforce. Health and We want to create an environment that promotes Colleagues at all levels are eligible for company-funded healthy behaviours and ensure that colleagues have healthcare, an enhanced company sick pay scheme, and wellbeing access to early and effective treatment, advice and have access to a medical advice and information service benefits information to improve their health and wellbeing. (Best Doctors) for them and their families. All colleagues have free 24/7 access to our employee assistance programme, which provides counselling and support to them and their households. We have around 350 trained mental health first aiders who can listen to and signpost colleagues to relevant support services, and a similar number of wellbeing champions who help promote our wellbeing campaigns. Financial wellbeing is a key focus, with financial education tools and awareness courses available for all colleagues covering a broad range of money management topics such as financial planning. managing debt and pensions. Around half of the workforce take up at least one of our Flexible All colleagues have access to a variety of benefits additional voluntary benefits to suit their lifestyle, flexible benefit options including environmental benefits such as our electric car scheme. Colleagues can choose from a range of deals and discounts all year round, and can donate to their chosen charities directly from their pay if they want to. The company doubles any personal pension Pension Almost all colleagues participate in our company pension arrangements, which have received contributions made, up to a maximum of 14 per cent of the 'Pension Quality Mark Plus' accreditation in salary. As part of the pension scheme colleagues receive recognition of their high quality company-funded life assurance and income protection. ShareBuy Any colleague can become a shareholder Around half of the workforce participate in our in our company and share in our success by ShareBuy scheme participating in our ShareBuy scheme. For every five shares purchased under the scheme, the company gives another one free. Annual Our bonus scheme provides a strong alignment Colleagues at all levels participate in the annual bonus scheme, receiving financial rewards based on bonus to strategy throughout the organisation, with the cash same bonus scorecard applying at all levels. the performance of the company and their personal contribution. Specific weightings and award levels vary by grade. CEO, CFO and Annual bonus Deferral of part of bonus into shares aligns the Each of the executive directors and executives is executives (12) - deferred interests of executive directors and shareholders. required to defer a proportion of their bonus into shares for three years. shares CEO, CEO, Long Term To incentivise long-term value creation Executives and other senior leaders may be invited to participate in the LTP. Performance conditions are the executives Plan (LTP) and alignment with the long-term interests and other of shareholders, customers, and other same for all participants but award sizes vary. senior leaders stakeholders (around 60) CEO, CFO and Shareholding The committee believes that it is important for All executives are subject to shareholding guidelines, guidelines executives (12) each executive director to build and maintain a aligning their interests with those of shareholders. significant investment in shares of the company to provide alignment with shareholder interests.

Supporting our colleagues during the cost-of-living crisis

In recognition of the challenging financial environment, the company has taken action during the year to support colleagues. Noting that the lowest paid workers have particularly struggled, in September 2022 we increased the pay rates of around 120 colleagues in line with the new living wage rates that had been announced on the same day. While technically all living wage accredited employers had until May 2023 to implement the new rates we decided that it was right to pay the improved rates as early as possible.

As part of the 2022/23 pay settlement for collectively bargained colleagues, alongside the 4.75 per cent salary increase from 1 April 2022 the company paid a one off lump sum of £500 to around 5,000 colleagues. The company also extended this payment to around 600 colleagues who were not covered by the collectively bargained pay arrangements.

During the year, the company delivered a campaign aimed at reminding and encouraging colleagues to maximise the value of their reward package. This included the following activities:

| Money management sessions | The sessions were intended to help colleage The increasing cost of living How to review your finances and reduce How to access extra support |
|--|--|
| Sharing regular financial/money management information | Providing money management tips and to to borrow responsibly in appropriate circu |
| Financial awareness courses | Quarterly sessions covering the following 'Planning your financial future' – aime planning, managing debt and making 'Maximising your financial future' – ai understanding how they might meet t 'Planning for retirement' – aimed typic that they can take pension benefits 'Pre-retirement' – aimed at those who |
| Support with healthcare costs | Members of our employee healthcare schen eye tests, glasses/contact lenses, dental c All colleagues have been able to claim bac |
| Promotion of deals and discounts | Improving the visibility of colleague discou |
| demonstrated in the table on page | of the alignment of executive pay arrang 186 there is a high level of alignment a |
| When reviewing salaries and asses | ssing incentive outcomes for the execut |

utives, the committee takes account of how those elements of remuneration have been (or will be) applied across the wider workforce in respect of the same periods. At each of its meetings, the committee receives an update on notable matters affecting pay and benefits among the wider workforce since its previous meeting, and at least annually the committee formally reviews and discusses a report detailing all elements of the pay and benefits framework that applies to the workforce.

The committee has mechanisms through which it hears from, and engages with, the workforce on executive pay. As a member of the committee, insights related to remuneration that arise via Alison Goligher in her role as designated non-executive director for workforce engagement can be quickly and appropriately considered, and a formal report is presented to the committee at least annually. In the last year, Alison has hosted four sessions with the Colleague Voice panel, providing valuable opportunities for open discussions and feedback on a variety of topics including remuneration. See page 136 for further details. During the year, on invitation from Alison, the head of reward provided the panel members with an overview of relevant corporate governance and reporting requirements, our executive remuneration approach and the role of the committee in setting executive remuneration, and an explanation of how executive pay is aligned to that of the wider workforce.

Percentage change in CEO remuneration compared with other colleagues

The figures below show how the percentage change in Steve Mogford's salary, benefits and bonus earned in 2021/22 and 2022/23 compares with the percentage change in the average of each of those components for a group of colleagues.

| | % change in CEO remuneration, 2022/23 vs 2021/22 | % change in colleague remuneration, 2022/23 vs 2021/22 ⁽¹⁾ |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Base salary ⁽²⁾ | 0.8% | 6.6% |
| Bonus ⁽³⁾ | (41.4%) | (27.3%) |
| Benefits | 14.0% | 4.1% |

- two-year period
- ⁽²⁾ Steve Mogford received no salary increase in 2022/23. For the wider workforce this includes promotional increases. The average salary increase for colleagues was 4.75 per cent
- (3) The decrease in bonuses is due to the payout of the company scorecard element of the bonus scheme being significantly lower than last year.

agues take control of their finances and covered the following topics:

luce your costs

ools to help colleagues manage their money better including the option cumstances via our financial wellbeing partner

ed at those who may benefit from learning more about financial g the most of their money

aimed at those who may benefit from taking stock of their finances and t their financial goals in later life

ically at those aged 50 and over, who are approaching the earliest age

o are within six months of retirement

eme are able to claim back the cost of every day healthcare items such as check ups and prescription fees

ack the cost of a flu vaccination

ounts on products and services including supermarket shopping

ngements with those of the wider workforce, and as is and consistency of approach.

1) To aid comparison, the group of colleagues selected by the committee are all those members of the workforce who were employed over the complete

Annual report on remuneration continued

CEO pay ratios

5

The table below sets out the ratio of Steve Mogford's pay to that of the 25th percentile (P25), median (P50) and 75th percentile (P75) full-time equivalent colleagues. The ratios have been calculated in accordance with option A as set out in the regulations. This is considered to be the most accurate methodology and uses the same calculation basis as required for Steve Mogford's total remuneration as shown in the single figure table on page 180.

- We identified all colleagues who received base salary during the year and who were still employed on that date. •
- The calculations were carried out using their total pay and benefits received in respect of the year ended 31 March 2023, including • bonuses earned by reference to performance in the financial year and paid in June following the end of the financial year.
- 'Base salary' includes standby pay, shift pay, overtime and on-call allowances ٠
- For colleagues who were employed on a part-time basis, or who were not employed for the full year, their remuneration has been annualised to reflect the full-time equivalent.
- No other estimates or adjustments have been used in the calculations and no other remuneration items have been omitted.

| | | Financial y | ear | |
|---|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 | 2020/21 | 2019/20 |
| Methodology used | А | А | А | А |
| Average number of colleagues | 6,171 | 5,866 | 5,570 | 5,461 |
| Ratio of CEO single figure total remuneration: ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| To colleague at the 25th percentile | 62:1 | 93:1 | 98:1 | 87:1 |
| – To colleague at the 50th percentile | 47:1 | 69:1 | 73:1 | 66:1 |
| – To colleague at the 75th percentile | 37:1 | 55:1 | 58:1 | 53:1 |
| Ratio of CEO base salary plus annual bonus: | | | | |
| – To colleague at the 25th percentile | 38:1 | 44:1 | 52:1 | 47:1 |
| – To colleague at the 50th percentile | 28:1 | 37:1 | 38:1 | 37:1 |
| – To colleague at the 75th percentile | 23:1 | 30:1 | 30:1 | 31:1 |
| Ratio of CEO base salary: | | | | |
| – To colleague at the 25th percentile | 26:1 | 24:1 | 26:1 | 26: |
| – To colleague at the 50th percentile | 18:1 | 20:1 | 19:1 | 20: |
| – To colleague at the 75th percentile | 15:1 | 17:1 | 15:1 | 17: |
| Additional details | | | | |
| CEO total single figure (£'000) | 2,283 | 3,211 | 3,381 | 2,925 |
| CEO base salary plus annual bonus (£'000) | 1,216 | 1,511 | 1,560 | 1,476 |
| CEO base salary (£'000) | 791 | 784 | 736 | 769 |
| Colleagues total pay and benefits (£'000) | | | | |
| – at the 25th percentile | 37 | 35 | 34 | 33 |
| – at the 50th percentile | 49 | 46 | 46 | 44 |
| – at the 75th percentile | 61 | 59 | 58 | 56 |
| Colleagues base salary plus annual bonus (£'000) | | | | |
| – at the 25th percentile | 32 | 34 | 30 | 32 |
| – at the 50th percentile | 44 | 41 | 42 | 40 |
| – at the 75th percentile | 53 | 51 | 52 | 48 |
| Colleagues base salary (£'000) | | | | |
| – at the 25th percentile | 31 | 32 | 29 | 30 |
| – at the 50th percentile | 43 | 39 | 39 | 38 |
| - at the 75th percentile | 52 | 47 | 50 | 44 |

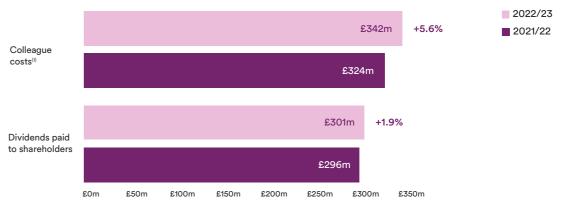
10 The figures for 2021/22 have been restated to reflect the final vesting outcome, additional dividend equivalents and updated share price for Steve Mogford's 2019 LTP as shown in the single figure table on page 180. The figures for 2020/21 have also been restated to reflect additional dividend equivalents and the closing share price on the date of vesting for his 2018 LTP.

Along with the ratios comparing total remuneration, the committee keeps under review the ratios for salary and salary plus annual bonus, and tracks how these change over time. With a significant proportion of the remuneration of the CEO linked to company performance and share price movements over the longer term, it is expected that the headline ratios will depend primarily on the Long Term Plan (LTP) outcome, and, accordingly, may fluctuate from year to year. Participation in the LTP is currently limited to around 60 executives and senior leaders, with none of the individuals identified as P25, P50 and P75 in this group. On the other hand, colleagues at all levels participate in the annual bonus scheme, and so the committee considers this ratio as well as the ratio comparing only salary, to provide helpful additional context

This year the pay ratio of CEO single figure total remuneration has reduced at all data points (P25, P50 and P75). This is as expected, given that the CEO did not receive a salary increase during the year and his performance-related pay outcomes are materially less than last year. The committee observes a similar picture across most of the other reported ratios, which is to be expected given the alignment of our remuneration approach across the workforce. The committee will continue to consider the pay ratios in the context of other important metrics such as the gender pay gap and colleague engagement levels.

Relative importance of spend on pay

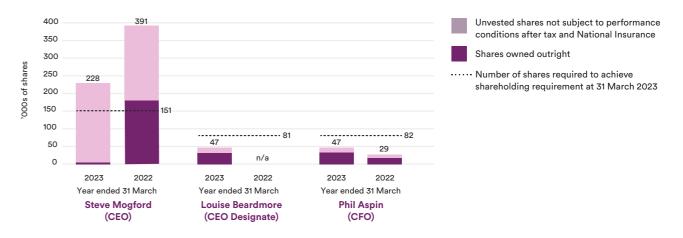
The table below shows the relative importance of spend on pay compared to distributions to shareholders.



() Colleague costs includes wages and salaries, social security costs, and post-employment benefits.

Executive directors' shareholding (audited information)

Details of beneficial interests in the company's ordinary shares as at 31 March 2023 held by each of the executive directors and their connected persons are set out in the charts below along with progress against the target shareholding requirement level. Steve Mogford continued to exceed the target shareholding requirement level of 200 per cent of salary. Louise Beardmore's target shareholding changed on her appointment to CEO on 1 April 2023 and will now be 200 per cent of her new salary. She is expected to reach that by 1 April 2028 (within five years of her appointment as CEO). Phil Aspin is expected to reach the minimum guideline by 24 July 2025 (within five years of his appointment as CFO).



Annual report on remuneration continued

Further details of the executive directors' shareholdings and share plan interests are given in the table below and in appendix 2 on pages 202 and 203.

| | Share- holding require- | Number of shares required to meet share- | Numl shares outright (conne pers | owned including ected | not sul perfor | d shares bject to mance tions ⁽²⁾ | counting share | shares towards holding ments ⁽³⁾ | Share- holding as % of base salary at 31 March | Share- holding require- ment met at 31 March | subje perfor | d shares ect to mance tions ⁽⁴⁾ |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|---|---|-------------------|---|
| Director | ment (% of salary) | holding require- ment ⁽¹⁾ | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 ⁽¹⁾ | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Steve Mogford ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾ | 200% | 151,330 | 5,188 | 181,144 | 420,194 | 395,160 | 227,907 | 390,595 | 301% | Yes | 331,654 | 363,303 |
| Louise Beardmore ⁽⁵⁾ Phil Aspin ⁽⁵⁾ | 200% 200% | 81,340 81,795 | 33,180 23,570 | n/a 17,440 | 26,201 44,787 | n/a 21,367 | 47,083 47,323 | n/a 28,781 | 116% 116% | No No | 97,872 171,132 | n/a 126,738 |

() Share price used is the average share price over the three months from 1 January 2023 to 31 March 2023 (1,045 pence per share).

(2) Unvested shares subject to no further performance conditions such as matching shares under the ShareBuy scheme. Includes shares subject only to withholding provisions such as Deferred Bonus Plan shares in the three-year deferral period and Long Term Plan shares in the applicable holding period.

(3) Includes unvested shares not subject to performance conditions (net of tax and National Insurance), plus the number of shares owned outright.

(4) Includes unvested shares under the Long Term Plan.

(a) In the period 1 April 2023 to 24 May 2023, additional shares were acquired by Louise Beardmore (28 shares) and Phil Aspin (27 shares) in respect of their monthly contributions to the all employee ShareBuy scheme. Steve Mogford acquired 14 additional shares relating to his ShareBuy contribution in March 2023. These will be matched by the company on a one-for-five basis. Matching shares vest one year after grant provided the colleague remains employed.

(6) On 1 April 2023, shares granted on 25 June 2018 under the Long Term Plan vested for Steve Mogford following a holding period. 152,768 shares vested, of which 68,918 shares were sold to cover tax and National Insurance. Steve retained the remaining balance of 83,850 shares.

Other information

Company performance and CEO remuneration comparison

The total shareholder return (TSR) chart below illustrates the company's performance against the FTSE 100 over the past ten years. The FTSE 100 is an appropriate comparator as the company is a member of the FTSE 100 and it is a widely published benchmark for this purpose. The chart shows the growth in the value of a hypothetical £100 holding invested in the company over the ten-year period. The chart also shows the CEO's single total figure remuneration over the ten years ended 31 March 2023 for comparison. The table below the TSR chart shows the remuneration data for the CEO over the same period. Steve Mogford was the CEO over the whole period.



10 This includes the payout from the 2013 Long Term Plan (LTP) as well as £1.028 million in respect of Steve Mogford's one-off Matched Share Investment Scheme that ended on 5 January 2016 (vested at 100 per cent).

(2) The payout from the 2018 LTP, which vested on 1 April 2023 after the end of a two-year holding period, has been updated to reflect the additional dividends accruing on this award and the closing share price on the date of vesting of 1,060 pence per share.

- (3) The payout and vesting percentage for the 2019 LTP have been restated to reflect the additional dividend equivalents accruing on the award, the final vesting outcome and updated share price. See page 180 for further details.
- (4) For performance periods ended on 31 March, unless otherwise stated.
- (5) The 2020 Long Term Plan amount vesting percentage is estimated. See page 182 and 183 for further details.

Exit payments and payments to former directors made in the year (audited information)

There have been no exit payments or payments to former directors in respect of their roles as directors during the year ended 31 March 2023 other than the vesting of legacy share awards (see page 203).

External appointments

Steve Mogford was non-executive director of QinetiQ during the year ended 31 March 2023, for which he received and retained an annual fee of £40,000. Phil Aspin was a member of the UK Endorsement Board during the year ended 31 March 2023, for which he received and retained an annual fee of £14,000.

Non-executive directors

Single total figure of remuneration for non-executive directors (audited information)

| | Salary/fees | £'000 | Taxable ben | efits £'000 | Total £'000 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|
| Year ended 31 March | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Sir David Higgins | 311 | 304 | 1 | 2 | 312 | 306 |
| Liam Butterworth ⁽¹⁾ | 71 | 17 | 1 | - | 72 | 17 |
| Stephen Carter ⁽²⁾ | 25 | 81 | 3 | 2 | 28 | 83 |
| Kath Cates ⁽³⁾ | 80 | 69 | 1 | 2 | 81 | 71 |
| Mark Clare ⁽²⁾ | 26 | 83 | 4 | 2 | 30 | 85 |
| Alison Goligher ⁽³⁾ | 85 | 83 | - | 1 | 85 | 84 |
| Paulette Rowe ⁽⁴⁾ | 79 | 69 | 1 | 1 | 80 | 70 |
| Doug Webb ⁽⁵⁾ | 87 | 80 | 1 | 1 | 88 | 81 |

() Liam Butterworth joined the board on 1 January 2022.

(2) Stephen Carter and Mark Clare both stepped down from the board on 22 July 2022.

(a) Kath Cates was appointed as chair of the remuneration committee with effect from 22 July 2022 and received the applicable additional fee from that date. Alison Goligher stepped down as chair of the remuneration committee with effect from 22 July 2022 when she became the senior independent non-executive director, for which she received the applicable additional fee.

(4) Paulette Rowe was appointed as chair of the ESG committee with effect from 22 July 2022 and received the applicable additional fee from that date. (5) Doug Webb was appointed as chair of the audit and treasury committees with effect from 23 July 2021 and received the applicable additional fees from

that date.

Fees

Non-executive director base fees were reviewed and increased with effect from 1 September 2022 as shown below. Base fees were increased by 3.0 per cent, which is lower than the increase applying to the general workforce in 2022. Additional fees for the senior independent non-executive director and the chairs of committees were also increased by 3.0 per cent.

Role

Base fee: Chair⁽¹⁾ Base fee: other non-executive directors⁽²⁾ Senior independent non-executive director⁽²⁾ Chair of audit and treasury committees⁽²⁾ Chair of remuneration committee⁽²⁾ Chair of ESG committee⁽²⁾

() Approved by the remuneration committee

⁽²⁾ Approved by a separate committee of the board.

| Fees £'000 | |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1 Sept 2022 | 1 Sept 2021 |
| 315.2 | 306.0 |
| 71.7 | 69.6 |
| 13.9 | 13.5 |
| 16.5 | 16.0 |
| 13.9 | 13.5 |
| 12.4 | 12.0 |

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Non-executive directors' shareholdings (audited information)

Details of beneficial interests in the company's ordinary shares as at 31 March 2023 held by each of the non-executive directors and their connected persons are set out in the table below.

| Non-executive directors | Date first appointed to the board | Number of shares owned outright (including connected persons) at 31 March 2023 ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Sir David Higgins | 13.5.19 | 3,000 |
| Liam Butterworth | 1.1.22 | 3,000 |
| Stephen Carter ⁽²⁾ | 1.9.14 | 3,075 |
| Kath Cates | 1.9.20 | 2,135 |
| Mark Clare ⁽²⁾ | 1.11.13 | 7,628 |
| Alison Goligher | 1.8.16 | 6,000 |
| Paulette Rowe | 1.7.17 | 3,000 |
| Doug Webb | 1.9.20 | 10,200 |

() From 1 April 2023 to 24 May 2023 there have been no movements in the shareholdings of the non-executive directors.

(2) Stephen Carter and Mark Clare had 3,075 and 7,628 shares respectively when they stepped down from the board on 22 July 2022.

Change in board member and colleague remuneration

| | Salar | Salary/total fees % | | | Benefits % | | | Bonus % | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------|------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2022 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | versus | versus | versus | versus | versus | versus | versus | versus | versus | |
| Year ended 31 March | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Executive directors | | | | | | | | | | |
| Steve Mogford | 0.8 | 6.5 | (4.2) | 14.0 | (23.9) | (14.1) | (41.4) | (11.8) | 16.7 | |
| Louise Beardmore ⁽¹⁾ | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Phil Aspin | 3.6 | 1.2 | n/a | (6.3) | 67.3 | n/a | (50.1) | 6.4 | n/a | |
| Non-executive directors(3) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sir David Higgins | 2.6 | 6.5 | 111.1 | (55.6) | 1,555.9 | (96.6) | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Liam Butterworth | 2.6 ⁽²⁾ | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Stephen Carter | 2.5 ⁽²⁾ | 6.3 | (4.4) | 123.6 | 1,556.3 | (93.0) | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Kath Cates | 16.5 ⁽⁴⁾ | 6.5 | n/a | (59.4) | 1,555.9 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Mark Clare | 2.5 ⁽²⁾ | 6.3 | (4.4) | 166.3 | 1,555.9 | (96.6) | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Alison Goligher | 2.5 | 11.5(5) | 9.4 | (100.0) | 708.6 | (81.0) | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Paulette Rowe | 15.0 ⁽⁶⁾ | 6.5 | (4.2) | (23.7) | 782.1 | (95.2) | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| Doug Webb | 8.8 ⁽⁷⁾ | 23.6 | n/a | (55.7) | 1,418.0 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | |
| All colleagues | 6.6 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 6.9 | (27.3) | 11.6 | 13.6 | |

() Louise Beardmore was appointed to the board on 5 May 2022 so no year-on-year comparison is possible.

(2) Liam Butterworth joined the board on 1 January 2022. Stephen Carter and Mark Clare both stepped down from the board on 22 July 2022. To enable a meaningful year-on-year comparison their salary/fees reflect hypothetical full-year earnings in 2021/22 and 2022/23 respectively.

(3) Calculated using the fees and taxable benefits shown in the table on page 191.

(4) The fee increase for Kath Cates reflects her appointment as remuneration committee chair with the associated fee effective from 22 July 2022.

(5) The fee increase for Alison Goligher reflects her appointment as remuneration committee chair with the associated fee effective from 24 July 2020.

Alison stepped down as remuneration committee chair and became the senior independent NED with the associated fee effective from 22 July 2022. (6) The fee increase for Paulette Rowe reflects her appointment as ESG committee chair with the associated fee effective from 22 July 2022.

77 The fee increase for Doug Webb reflects his role as chair of audit and treasury committees for the full year, whereas in the prior year he was only chair for

part of the year and so did not receive an additional fee.

The remuneration committee

non-executive directors.

Composition of the remuneration committee during the year ended 31 March 2023

| Member | Member since |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Kath Cates (chair since 22.7.22) | 1.9.20 |
| Alison Goligher (chair until 22.7.22) | 1.8.16 |
| Mark Clare (until 22.7.22) | 1.9.14 |
| Doug Webb | 23.7.21 |

Activities of the remuneration committee over the past year

- Approved the 2021/22 directors' remuneration report;
- · Reviewed the executive pay arrangements and consulted with shareholders and other stakeholders on the proposed directors' remuneration policy;
- Wrote to major shareholders following the publication of the company's 2022 annual report and reviewed the feedback received;
- Reviewed the pay comparator group;
- Determined the remuneration arrangements for Steve Mogford related to his retirement, and Louise Beardmore on her appointment • as CEO;
- Determined the remuneration arrangements for departing and new executives falling under the remit of the committee; Reviewed the base salaries of executive directors and other members of the executive team; •
- Reviewed the base fee for the Chair; ٠
- Assessed the achievement of targets for the 2021/22 annual bonus scheme, set the targets for the 2022/23 annual bonus scheme and reviewed progress against the targets;
- Assessed the achievement of targets for the Long Term Plan (LTP) awards made in 2019, reviewed progress against the targets for the 2020 and 2021 LTP awards, and set the measures and targets for the 2022 LTP awards;
- Reviewed and approved awards made under the annual bonus, Deferred Bonus Plan (DBP) and LTP;
- Monitored progress against shareholding guidelines for executive directors and other members of the executive team;
- Reviewed the committee's performance during the period;
- Considered the remuneration arrangements of the wider workforce and their alignment with those of the executives, alongside feedback received from the workforce via Alison Goligher in her role as the non-executive director for workforce engagement;
- Noted progress on the company's gender pay gap reporting.

The committee met four times in the year ended 31 March 2023 and carried out a number of key activities:

• Considered governance developments and market trends in executive remuneration, including in the wider utilities sector; and

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Support to the remuneration committee

By invitation of the committee, meetings are attended by the Chair, the CEO, the company secretary (who acts as secretary to the committee), the people director and the head of reward, who are consulted on matters discussed by the committee, unless those matters relate to their own remuneration. Advice or information is also sought directly from other colleagues where the committee feels that such additional contributions will assist the decision-making process.

The committee is authorised to take such internal and external advice as it considers appropriate in connection with carrying out its duties, including the appointment of its own external remuneration advisers.

During the year, the committee was assisted in its work by the following external advisers:

| Adviser | Appointed by | How appointed | Services provided to the committee in year ended 31 March 2023 | Additional services provided in year ended 31 March 2023 | Fees paid by company for services to the remuneration committee and basis of charge |
|-------------|--------------|--|--|---|---|
| Ellason LLP | Committee | Appointed January 2021; services retained during the financial year | General advice on remuneration matters including analysis of the remuneration policy and regular market and best practice updates | Advice and benchmarking on non-executive director and senior leader remuneration; advice on the company's share schemes; and assurance work on the remuneration report for the audit committee | £52,000 on a time/cost basis as set out in terms and conditions in the relevant engagement letter |

Ellason are signatories to the Remuneration Consultant Group's Code of Conduct, which sets out guidelines to ensure that any advice is independent and free of undue influence (which can be found at **remunerationconsultantsgroup.com**). None of the individual directors have a personal connection with Ellason. The committee is satisfied that the advice it receives is objective and independent and confirms that Ellason do not have any connection with the company that may impair their independence.

In addition, during the year the law firm Eversheds Sutherland provided advice to the company in relation to the company's share schemes.

2022 AGM: Statement of voting

At the last annual general meeting on 22 July 2022, votes on the resolutions to approve the remuneration policy and annual report on remuneration were cast as follows:

| Resolution | Votes for | Votes against | Votes withheld (abstentions) | Total votes cast |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Approval of the directors' remuneration policy | 498,652,274 (99.02%) | 4,941,551 (0.98%) | 203,755 | 503,593,825 |
| Approval of the directors' remuneration report (other than the part containing the directors' remuneration policy) | 465,131,664 (93.94%) | 30,016,180 (6.06%) | 8,649,736 | 495,147,844 |

The directors' remuneration report was approved by the board of directors on 24 May 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Kath Cates

Chair of the remuneration committee

Appendix 1: Directors' remuneration policy (abridged)

Directors' remuneration policy

The appendix to the directors' remuneration report sets out an abridged version of the directors' remuneration policy for the company, which was approved by shareholders at the AGM on 22 July 2022. The policy took effect from the date of approval and will be reviewed and renewed no later than the 2025 AGM.

In the interests of clarity, this abridged report includes some minor annotations to show, where appropriate, how the policy will be implemented in 2023/24. A full version of the shareholder approved policy can be found in the annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Overview of remuneration policy

The company's remuneration arrangements are designed to promote the long-term success of the company. The company does not pay more than is necessary for this purpose. The committee recognises that the company operates in the North West of England in a regulated environment and, therefore, needs to ensure that the structure of executive remuneration reflects both the practices of the markets in which its executives operate, and stakeholder expectations of how the company should be run.

The committee monitors the remuneration arrangements to ensure that there is an appropriate balance between risk and reward and that the long-term performance of the business is not compromised by the pursuit of short-term value. There is a strong direct link between incentives and the company's strategy, and if the strategy is delivered within an acceptable level of risk, senior executives will be rewarded through the annual bonus and long-term incentives. If it is not delivered, then a significant part of their potential remuneration will not be paid.

The committee also understands that listening to the views of the company's key stakeholders plays a vital role in formulating and implementing a successful remuneration policy over the long term. The committee thus actively seeks the views of shareholders and other key stakeholders to inform the development of the remuneration policy, particularly where any changes to policy are envisaged. Account is taken of colleague views when consulting on the policy, typically via the colleague voice panel. Additionally, the company carries out annual colleague engagement surveys and regular discussion takes place with union representatives on matters of pay and remuneration for colleagues covered by collective bargaining or consultation arrangements, all of which can provide insight that is of value to the committee. The general base salary increase and broader remuneration policy for the executive directors. As outlined on page 187 processes are in place for the committee to regularly review and consider any remuneration-related matters that may arise from the activities undertaken by the board to take account of the 'colleague voice'.

Policy table for directors

Base salary

Purpose and link to strategy: To attract and retain executives of the experience and quality required to deliver the company's strategy.

| Operation | I |
|---|--------|
| Normally reviewed annually, typically effective 1 September. | (|
| Significant increases in salary should only take place infrequently, for example where there has been a material increase in: | l i |
| • the size of the individual's role; | \ |
| a the size of the second second second second second | |

- the size of the company (through mergers and acquisitions); or
- the pay market for directly comparable companies (for example, companies of a similar size and complexity).

On recruitment or promotion to executive director, the committee will take into account previous remuneration, and pay levels for comparable companies, when setting salary levels. This may lead to salary being set at a lower or higher level than for the previous incumbent.

Stock code: UU.

Maximum opportunity

Current salary levels are shown in the annual report on remuneration.

Executive directors will normally receive a salary increase that is generally no greater than the increase awarded to the general workforce, unless one or more of the conditions outlined under 'Operation' is met.

Where the committee has set the salary of a new hire at a discount to the market level initially, a series of planned increases can be implemented over the following few years to bring the salary to the appropriate market position, subject to individual performance.

Performance measures

None.

Appendix 1: Directors' remuneration policy (abridged) continued

Pension

5

Purpose and link to strategy: To provide a level of benefits that allow for personal retirement planning.

| Operation | Maximum opportunity |
|---|---|
| Executive directors are offered the choice of: a company contribution into a defined contribution pension scheme; a cash allowance in lieu of pension; or a combination of a company contribution into a defined contribution pension scheme and a cash allowance. | The maximum opportunity is aligned to the approach available to the wider workforce, currently: up to 14 per cent of salary into a defined contribution schemes cash allowance of broadly equivalent cost to the company (up to 14 per cent of salary less employer National Insurance contributions at the prevailing rate, i.e. up to 12 per cent of base salary for 2023/24); or a combination of both such that the cost to the company is broadly the same. For executive directors appointed to role before 26 July 2019 a cash allowance of 22 per cent of salary was payable until 31 December 2022. From 1 January 2023 arrangements for such executive directors were aligned to the approach available to the wider workforce. |
| | Performance measures |
| | None. |

Purpose and link to strategy: To provide market competitive benefits to help recruit and retain high-calibre executives. Operation Maximum opportunity Provision of benefits such as: As it is not possible to calculate in advance the cost of all benefits, a maximum is not predetermined. health benefits; Performance measures green travel allowance: • None. relocation assistance; • life assurance: group income protection; all employee share schemes (e.g. opportunity to join the ShareBuy scheme); travel; and communication costs. Any reasonable business-related expenses can be reimbursed (and any tax thereon met if determined to be a taxable benefit).

Executives will be eligible for any other benefits that are introduced for the wider workforce on broadly similar terms and additional benefits might be provided from time to time if the committee decides payment of such benefits is appropriate and in line with emerging market practice.

Annual bonus

Purpose and link to strategy: To incentivise performance against selected financial and operational KPIs that are directly linked to business strategy. Deferral of part of bonus into shares aligns the interests of executive directors and shareholders.

Operation

A maximum of 50 per cent of bonus awarded paid as cash.

A minimum of 50 per cent of bonus awarded deferred into company shares under the Deferred Bonus Plan (DBP) for a period of at least three years.

Dividends or dividend equivalents accrue during the DBP deferral period and are paid upon vesting.

Not pensionable.

Bonuses and DBP shares are subject to withholding and recovery financial and operating plans. provisions in cases of: material misstatement of audited financial Bonus outcomes are subject to the committee being satisfied that results; an error in the calculation; gross misconduct; serious the company's performance on the measures is consistent with reputational damage; serious failure of risk management; underlying business performance and individual contributions. corporate failure; or other circumstances that the committee may determine. The committee will exercise discretion on bonus outcomes if it

Long Term Plan (LTP)

Purpose and link to strategy: To incentivise long-term value creation and alignment with the long-term interests of shareholders, customers, and other stakeholders.

Operation

Awards under the Long Term Plan are rights to receive company shares, subject to certain performance conditions.

Each award is measured over at least a three-year performance period.

An additional holding period applies after the end of the three-year performance period so that the total vesting and holding period is at least five years.

Dividends or dividend equivalents accrue until awards are released to participants, to the extent that such awards vest for performance.

Shares under the LTP are subject to withholding and recovery provisions in cases of: material misstatement of audited financial results; an error in the calculation; gross misconduct; serious reputational damage; serious failure of risk management; corporate failure; or other circumstances that the committee may determine.

Maximum opportunity

Maximum award level of up to 130 per cent of salary, for the achievement of stretching performance objectives.

Performance measures

Payments predominantly based on financial and operational performance, with the possibility of a minority to be based on achievement of personal objectives if determined by the committee.

Targets and weightings set by reference to the company's

deems necessary.

100 per cent of maximum bonus potential for stretch performance; up to 50 per cent of maximum for target performance; and up to 25 per cent of maximum for threshold performance. No payout for below-threshold performance.

Maximum opportunity

The normal maximum award level will be up to 130 per cent of salary per annum.

The overall policy limit is 200 per cent of salary. It is not currently anticipated that awards above the normal level will be made to executive directors and any such increase on an ongoing basis will be subject to prior consultation with major shareholders.

Performance measures

The two performance conditions are Return on Regulated Equity and a basket of customer measures. The weighting of each of these two components is 50 per cent.

Any vesting is subject to the delivery of the dividend policy applicable to each year of the respective performance period, and the committee being satisfied that the company's performance on these measures is consistent with underlying business performance. The committee will exercise discretion on LTP outcomes if it deems it necessary.

The committee has discretion to set alternative performance measures and/or weightings for future awards but will consult with major shareholders before making any material changes to the currently applied measures and/or weightings.

100 per cent of awards vest for stretch performance; and up to 25 per cent of awards vest for threshold performance. No awards vest for below-threshold performance.

Appendix 1: Directors' remuneration policy (abridged) continued

Shareholding requirements

Purpose and link to strategy: The committee believes that it is important for each executive director to build and maintain a significant investment in shares of the company to provide alignment with shareholder interests during and after employment.

| Operation | Maximum opportunity |
|--|----------------------|
| Executive directors are expected to reach a shareholding | None. |
| rement of 200 per cent of salary, normally within five years | Performance measures |
| of appointment. | None. |
| The following post-employment shareholding requirements apply in the event of an executive director leaving the company: | |
| • Executive directors must continue to hold the lower of 200 percent of salary in shares or their shareholding on departure, for two years after ceasing employment with the group. | |
| Executive directors appointed on or after 19 May 2020 must retain shares vesting (net of tax) from all share awards (including in-flight awards) if not doing so would take their shareholding below the requirement. | |
| • As the only executive director in role before 19 May 2020, Steve Mogford must retain shares vesting (net of tax) from share awards relating to performance periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020 if not doing so would take his shareholding below the requirement. | |
| Nominee accounts are used to enable the post-employment shareholding requirements to be robustly enforced. | |

Non-executive directors' fees and benefits

Purpose and link to strategy: To attract non-executive directors with a broad range of experience and skills to oversee the development and implementation of our strategy.

Operation

The remuneration policy for the non-executive directors (with the exception of the Chair) is set by a separate committee of the board. The policy for the Chair is determined by the remuneration committee (of which the Chair is not a member).

Fees are reviewed annually taking into account the salary increase for the general workforce and the levels of fees paid by companies of a similar size and complexity. Any changes are normally effective from 1 September. Additional fees are paid in relation to extra responsibilities undertaken, such as chairing certain board sub-committees, and to the senior independent non-executive director.

In exceptional circumstances, if there is a temporary yet material increase in the time commitments for non-executive directors, the board may pay extra fees on a pro rata basis to recognise the additional workload.

No eligibility for bonuses, long-term incentive plans, pension schemes, healthcare arrangements or colleague share schemes.

The company repays any reasonable expenses that a non- executive director incurs in carrying out their duties as a director, including travel, hospitality-related and other modest benefits and any tax liabilities thereon, if appropriate. Maximum opportunity Current fee levels are shown in the annual report on

The value of benefits may vary from year to year, according to the cost to the company.

Performance measures

remuneration.

Non-executive directors are not eligible to participate in any performance-related arrangements.

Notes to the policy table

Selection of performance measures and targets

Performance measures for the annual bonus are selected annually to align with the company's key strategic goals for the year and reflect financial, operational and personal objectives. 'Target' performance is typically set in line with the business plan for the year, following rigorous debate and approval of the plan by the board. Threshold to stretch targets are then typically set based on a sliding scale on the basis of relevant commercial factors.

Only modest rewards are available for delivering threshold performance levels, with rewards at stretch normally requiring substantial outperformance of the business plan. Details of the measures used for the annual bonus and Long Term Plan (LTP) are given in the annual report on remuneration.

The policy provides for committee discretion to alter the LTP measures and weightings to ensure they continue to facilitate an appropriate measurement of performance over the life of the policy (taking into account any evolution of the strategic goals of the company). LTP targets are set taking into account a number of factors, including reference to market practice, the company business plan and analysts' forecasts where relevant. The LTP will only vest in full if stretching business performance is achieved.

Annual bonus and long-term incentives - flexibility, discretion and judgement

The committee will operate the company's incentive plans according to their respective rules and consistent with normal market practice, the Listing Rules and HMRC rules where relevant, including flexibility in a number of regards.

These include making awards and setting performance criteria each year, dealing with leavers, and adjustments to awards and performance criteria following acquisitions, disposals, changes in share capital and to take account of the impact of other merger and acquisition activity.

The committee retains discretion within the policy to adjust the targets, set different measures and/or alter weightings for the annual bonus and long-term incentive plans, pay dividend equivalents on vested shares up to the date those shares can first reasonably be exercised and, in exceptional circumstances, under the rules of the annual bonus and long-term incentive plans to adjust performance conditions to ensure that the awards fulfil their original purposes (for example, if an external benchmark or measure is no longer available). All assessments of performance are ultimately subject to the committee's judgement. Any discretion exercised, and the rationale, will be disclosed in the annual remuneration report.

All historic awards that were granted under any current or previous bonus or share schemes operated by the company and remain outstanding remain eligible to vest based on their original award terms.

he annual report on rom year to year, according to

Stock code: UU.

Appendix 1: Directors' remuneration policy (abridged) continued

Alignment of executive director remuneration with the wider workforce

The remuneration approach is consistently applied at levels below the executive directors. Key features include:

- market competitive levels of remuneration, incentives and benefits to attract and retain colleagues;
- colleagues at all levels participate in a bonus scheme with the same corporate performance measures as for executive directors; and
- all colleagues have the opportunity to participate in the HMRC-approved share incentive plan, ShareBuy.

At senior levels, remuneration is increasingly long term, and 'at risk' with an increased emphasis on performance-related pay and share-based remuneration.

Scenarios for total remuneration

The charts below show the illustrative pay-outs under the remuneration policy for each current executive director under four different scenarios.

Louise Beardmore CEO



Notes on the scenario methodology:

- 'Fixed' is base salary effective 1 April 2023 plus the applicable cash allowance in lieu of pension and the value of benefits as shown in the single total figure of remuneration table for 2022/23;
- 'Target' performance is the level of performance required for the annual bonus and Long Term Plan to pay out at 50 per cent of maximum;
- 'Maximum' performance would result in 100 per cent vesting of the annual bonus and Long Term Plan (i.e. 260 per cent of salary in total);
- 'Maximum performance plus 50 per cent share price growth' shows maximum performance plus the impact on the Long Term Plan of a hypothetical 50 per cent increase in the share price;
- Annual bonus includes amounts compulsorily deferred into shares;
- Long Term Plan is measured at face value, i.e. no assumption for dividends or changes in share price (except in the fourth scenario); and
- Amounts relating to all-colleague share schemes have, for simplicity, been excluded from the charts.

Additional Long Term Plan value if share price

External directorships

The company recognises that its executive directors may be invited to become non-executive directors of other companies outside the company and exposure to such non-executive duties can broaden experience and knowledge, which would be of benefit to the company. Any external appointments are subject to board approval (which would not be given if the proposed appointment was with a competing company, would lead to a material conflict of interest or could have a detrimental effect on a director's performance). Directors will be allowed to retain any fees received in respect of such appointments.

Service contracts and letters of appointment

Copies of executive directors' service contracts and non-executive directors' letters of appointment are available for inspection at the company's registered office during normal hours of business and will be available at the company's AGM. Copies of non-executive directors' letters of appointment can also be viewed on the company's website.

The notice period in the service contracts for executive directors' appointed on or after 1 May 2022 is one year. For executive directors appointed prior to 1 May 2022, the notice period is up to one year when terminated by the company and at least six months' notice when terminated by the director. The policy on payments for loss of office is set out in the next section.

The Chair and other non-executive directors have letters of appointment rather than service contracts. Their appointments may be terminated without compensation at any time. All non-executive directors are subject to re-election at each AGM.

Date of service contracts

Executive directors

Louise Beardmore Phil Aspin

Approach to recruitment remuneration

The remuneration package for a new executive director would be set in accordance with the terms of the company's approved directors' remuneration policy in force at the time of appointment. Full details about our approach to recruitment remuneration is set out in the 2022 annual report.

Payment for loss of office

The circumstances of the termination, including the individual's performance and an individual's duty and opportunity to mitigate losses, are taken into account in every case. Our policy is to stop or reduce compensatory payments to former executive directors to the extent that they receive remuneration from other employment during the compensation period. A robust line on reducing compensation is applied and payments to departing colleagues may be phased to mitigate loss. Full details of the approach to payment for loss of office and change of control is set out in the 2022 annual report.

2)

3)

Target

Maximum

50% share

price growth

0

4) Maximum plus

47.3%

31.0%

26.5%

26.3%

500

34.5%

29.4%

1,000

1.054

29.4%

1,500

1 610

14 7%

1 8 8 8

2,000

Fixed

Annual bonus

Long Term Plan

grows by 50 per cent



| Date of current service contract |
|-------------------------------------|
| 1.4.23 |
| 24.7.20 |
| |



Appendix 2: Executive directors' share plan interests

1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (audited information)

| | | Awards held | | | Lapsed/ | Notional dividends | Awards held |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|---------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | at 1 April | Granted in | Vested | forfeited in | accrued in | at 31 March |
| | Award date | 2022 | year | in year | year | year ⁽¹⁾ | 2023(1 |
| Steve Mogford | | | | | | | |
| Shares not subject | to performance cond | itions at 31 Ma | arch 2023 | | | | |
| DBP | 17.6.19 | 53,659 | - | 53,659 | - | - | - |
| DBP | 16.6.20 | 42,199 | - | _ | - | 1,739 | 43,938 |
| DBP | 16.6.21 | 41,601 | - | - | - | 1,715 | 43,316 |
| DBP ⁽²⁾ | 16.6.22 | - | 34,782 | - | - | 1,434 | 36,216 |
| LTP | 27.6.17 | 110,948 | - | 110,948 | - | - | - |
| LTP | 25.6.18 | 146,718 | - | _ | - | 6,050 | 152,768 |
| LTP | 28.6.19 | 138,222 | - | _ | - | 5,700 | 143,922 |
| ShareBuy matching | 9 | | | | | | |
| shares ⁽³⁾ | 1.4.22 to 31.3.23 | 35 | 34 | 35 | - | - | 34 |
| Subtotal | | 533,382 | 34,816 | 164,642 | - | 16,638 | 420,194 |
| Shares subject to p | performance condition | s at 31 March 2 | 2023 | | | | |
| LTP | 30.11.20 | 118,399 | - | - | - | 4,882 | 123,281 |
| LTP | 30.6.21 | 106,682 | - | - | - | 4,399 | 111,081 |
| LTP ⁽⁴⁾ | 29.7.22 | - | 95,909 | - | - | 1,383 | 97,292 |
| Subtotal | | 225,081 | 95,909 | _ | _ | 10,664 | 331,654 |
| TOTAL | | 758,463 | 130,725 | 164,642 | - | 27,302 | 751,848 |
| Louise Beardmore | | | | | | | |
| Shares not subject | to performance condi | tions at 31 Mar | ch 2023 | | | | |
| DBP | 16.6.20 | 8,261 | - | - | - | 340 | 8,60 1 |
| DBP | 16.6.21 | 8,175 | - | - | - | 337 | 8,512 |
| DBP ⁽²⁾ | 16.6.22 | - | 8,696 | - | - | 357 | 9,053 |
| LTP | 28.6.19 | 22,031 | - | 22,613 | - | 582 | - |
| ShareBuy matching | 9 | | | | | | |
| shares ⁽³⁾ | 1.4.22 to 31.3.23 | 34 | 35 | 34 | - | - | 35 |
| Subtotal | | 38,501 | 8,731 | 22,647 | - | 1,616 | 26,20 1 |
| Shares subject to p | performance condition | s at 31 March 2 | 2023 | | | | |
| LTP | 30.11.20 | 23,027 | - | - | _ | 948 | 23,975 |
| LTP | 30.6.21 | 20,748 | - | - | _ | 855 | 21,603 |
| LTP ⁽⁴⁾ | 29.7.22 | - | 51,551 | - | _ | 743 | 52,294 |
| Subtotal | | 43,775 | 51,551 | - | _ | 2,546 | 97,872 |
| TOTAL | | 82,276 | 60,282 | 22,647 | _ | 4,162 | 124,073 |

| | Award date | Awards held at 1 April 2022 | Awards Granted in year | Vested in year | Lapsed/ forfeited in year | Notional dividends accrued in year ⁽¹⁾ | Awards held at 31 March 2023 ⁽¹⁾ |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Phil Aspin | | | | | | | |
| Shares not subje | ect to performance con | ditions at 31 Ma | rch 2023 | | | | |
| DBP | 16.6.20 | 4,430 | - | - | - | 182 | 4,612 |
| DBP | 16.6.21 | 16,902 | - | - | - | 696 | 17,598 |
| DBP ⁽²⁾ | 16.6.22 | - | 21,651 | - | - | 892 | 22,543 |
| LTP | 28.6.19 | 10,597 | - | 10,877 | - | 280 | - |
| ShareBuy matchi | ing | | | | | | |
| shares ⁽³⁾ | 1.4.22 to 31.3.23 | 35 | 34 | 35 | - | _ | 34 |
| Subtotal | | 31,964 | 21,685 | 10,912 | - | 2,050 | 44,787 |
| Shares subject to | o performance conditio | ns at 31 March 2 | 2023 | | | | |
| LTP | 30.11.20 | 61,094 | - | - | - | 2,519 | 63,613 |
| LTP | 30.6.21 | 55,047 | - | - | - | 2,270 | 57,317 |
| LTP ⁽⁴⁾ | 29.7.22 | - | 49,489 | _ | - | 713 | 50,202 |
| Subtotal | | 116,141 | 49,489 | _ | _ | 5,502 | 171,132 |
| TOTAL | | 148,105 | 71,174 | 10,912 | _ | 7,552 | 215,919 |

() Note that these are subject to performance conditions where applicable.

⁽²⁾ See page 180 for further details.

⁽³⁾ Under ShareBuy, matching shares vest provided the colleague remains employed by the company one year after grant. During the year, Steve Mogford purchased 173 partnership shares and was awarded 34 matching shares (at an average share price of 1,039.6 pence per share). Louise Beardmore purchased 173 partnership shares and was awarded 35 matching shares (at an average share price of 1,041.1 pence per share). Phil Aspin purchased 173 partnership shares and was awarded 34 matching shares (at an average share price of 1,039.5 pence per share). Phil Aspin purchased 173 partnership shares and was awarded 34 matching shares (at an average share price of 1,039.5 pence per share).

(4) See page 183 for further details.

Vesting of legacy share awards for former directors

Russ Houlden retired from the board and left the company in July 2020. In line with policy he retained a number of awards under the DBP and, as a 'good leaver', the LTP. On 1 April 2022, 70,046 shares arising from his 2017 LTP vested, on 1 August 2022, 74,073 shares arising from his 2018 LTP vested and, on 28 October 2022, 39,894 shares arising from his 2019 LTP vested. On 17 June 2022, 33,689 shares arising from his 2019 DBP vested.

Dilution limits

Awards granted under the company's share plans are satisfied by market purchased shares bought on behalf of the company by United Utilities Employee Share Trust immediately prior to the vesting of a share plan. The company does not make regular purchases of shares into the Trust nor employ a share purchase hedging strategy, and shares are bought to satisfy the vesting of share plans.

The rules of the Deferred Bonus Plan do not permit awards to be satisfied by newly issued shares and must be satisfied by market purchased shares. The rules of the Long Term Plan permit the awards to be satisfied by newly issued shares but the company has decided to satisfy awards by market purchased shares.

Should the company's method of satisfying share plan vestings change (i.e. issuing new shares) then the company would monitor the number of shares issued and their impact on dilution limits set by the Investment Association in respect of all share plans (10 per cent in any rolling ten-year period) and executive share plans (5 per cent in any rolling ten-year period). No treasury shares were held or utilised in the year ended 31 March 2023.

ESG committee



Chair of the ESG committee

Quick facts

- The committee comprises four directors appointed by the board, three of whom are independent non-executive directors
- The company secretary, the corporate affairs director, the people director, and the investor relations and clean energy strategy director attend all meetings of the committee.
- Senior operational directors attend the committee to report on the environmental, social and governance aspects of particular topics and initiatives.
- A committee, with power delegated to if from the board in relation to environmental, social and governance matters, has been in operation for over fifteen years.

The long standing commitment to clear and transparent disclosure has ensured the company's performance in ESG has remained strong.

Dear shareholder

I am pleased to introduce my first report on the activities of the ESG committee in 2022/23.

United Utilities has operated a board committee with a clear remit on responsible business strategy and delivery for over fifteen years. Each year the committee evaluates its approach to ensure the appropriate governance is in place.

The focus on environmental, social and governance (ESG) matters has continued to grow and, reflecting that trend, the committee agreed to change its name to the ESG committee. While this does not change its terms of reference, it will help demonstrate to external stakeholders, keen to understand how the company performs on ESG, that board level governance is in place. In addition to changing its name, the committee agreed to strengthen board training on climate change over the coming year.

The committee continued to consider a broad range of ESG topics but two issues have dominated its agenda from a reputational and responsible business perspective, namely storm overflows (and their impact on river water quality) and the cost of living.

Prioritising storm overflows

Over the course of the year, the committee reviewed the company's approach to storm overflows and is encouraged that there is an ambitious plan to address the issue. Because of the particular challenges in the North West - a high percentage of combined sewer systems (that collect both rain and wastewater) and more incidents of heavy downpours sending greater volumes of rainwater into our sewers - this will amount to one of the largest environmental improvement programmes of its kind in the country and the committee will continue to track progress.

Efforts to engage with stakeholders on overflows is delivering positive outcomes. The committee felt that the creation of the Love Windermere partnership to bring about a science-based plan to improve the lake's water quality is a potential model of best practice.

ESG committee members:



Paulette Rowe Chair of the ESG committee



Alison Goligher



Louise Beardmore

Steve Mogford (until 31 March 2023)



unitedutilities.com/corporate

(from 31 March 2023)

The announcement that the company will bring forward investment totalling £914 million ahead of AMP8 was especially encouraging.

Regular updates to the committee have focused on delivery of the company's commitments under its Better Rivers: Better North West programme. While many of these require working with others to deliver improvements, the committee welcomed how the company has responded to customer feedback about its Better Rivers plan, to report first on the actions United Utilities is taking to improve river health.

Improving river water quality presents a challenge to the entire sector so cross industry collaboration is important. We were pleased that the company hosted the sector's first Pollution Summit to share best practice on measures being taken by all water companies to reduce the frequency of pollution events. Sector body Water UK was present at the summit, reinforcing that collective action is now seen as an essential step in regaining public trust.

Committee members welcomed efforts by the company to engage with stakeholders on other environmental topics and were encouraged by the broad attendance from the region's environmental organisations at the company's first Environmental AGM. This provided an opportunity to discuss the company's recent performance on topics such as climate change, pollution, water use and biodiversity with the region's leading environmental representatives.

Supporting customers and colleagues

From a social perspective, cost of living pressures have dominated headlines with utility and other bills and household expenses rising with inflationary pressures. For some time, the committee has focused on affordability and vulnerability given the North West has some of the most deprived neighbourhoods in the country. During the year, progress on support schemes, such as payment breaks and help to pay, as well as the vital support provided by the United Utilities Trust Fund, has been presented to the committee and it will continue to scrutinise the company's approach on this important topic.

The committee scrutinised several items relating to equity, diversity and inclusion (ED&I), in particular the proposed measures for monitoring ED&I. We received regular reports on the work of the Colleague Voice

Main responsibilities

The committee approved a slightly modified set of terms of reference in March 2023. Its main duties are to:

- consider and recommend to the board the broad approach to environmental, social and governance matters taking into account the company's desired ESG positioning;
- keep under review the group's approach to environmental, social and governance matters and ensure it is aligned with the group strategy including the company purpose, strategy and values:
- review environmental, social and governance issues and objectives material to the group's stakeholders and identify and monitor the extent to which they are reflected in group strategies, plans and policies:

panel, bringing the views and opinions of colleagues directly to the board table, as well reviewing the annual gender pay report.

In recent years, the committee has recognised growing interest in ESG from the investor community with increased expectations on companies to disclose ESG data and demonstrate action on ESG topics. It noted the trend to consolidate ESG reporting across international reporting standards. To ensure that the company's ESG performance is readily available to stakeholders and, in particular, investors, the committee reviewed plans to enhance engagement through a dedicated sustainability report and direct engagement with specific investors.

Evidencing that the company is delivering on its responsible business goals is reviewed twice yearly by the committee. These measures and targets are aligned to ESG and form part of the performance section of this report (see pages 84 to 111). Publishing a set of performance measures and targets in this way enables stakeholders to judge for themselves whether or not the company is delivering on its purpose.

As a listed company, United Utilities complies with the UK Corporate Governance Code and continues to drive for the highest standards of board leadership, transparency and governance.

Finally, I'd like to thank Stephen Carter for his contribution to the work of the committee after he stood down from the board and as chair of the committee. Similar thanks are extended to Steve Monford who was a member of the committee for his entire tenure as chief executive. I am grateful to both of them for bringing to the committee their expert perspectives and wise counsel on responsible business and reputation.

Paulette Rowe

Quick links

Terms of reference:

unitedutilities.com/corporate-governance

A new style report

As I look to the coming year, the committee will focus on specific topics that we judge to be especially important to the overall ESG agenda. These include affordability, carbon and renewables, people, diversity and inclusion, river water quality and reputation.

Chair of the ESG committee

Ð Read more about how our purpose links to ESG on page 02



Read more about how we are working with others to improve river health on page 90

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- monitor and review the status of the company's reputation and examine the contribution the of the group's corporate responsibility activities toward protecting and enhancing its reputation:
- monitor and review compliance with the board's approach to environmental, social and governance matters and scrutinise the effectiveness of the delivery of the ESG commitments;
- develop and recommend to the board ESG targets and key performance indicators and receive and review reports on progress towards the achievement of such targets and indicators: and
- review all approved specific giving where the aggregate financial contribution exceeds £100.000 over the period of the proposed funding and to review all community giving expenditure annually.

ESG committee

Read more about our TCFD disclosures on page 05

Read more about Colleague Voice on page 136

I Utilities Group PLC Integrated Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 20

The committee's agenda during the year: Environmental

Update on carbon strategy and progress

The committee was updated on the company's carbon strategy and reviewed the latest investor and stakeholder expectations for clear and formal responsibilities on climate change and wider environmental, social and governance (ESG) matters at the board. It requested regular updates on climate change mitigation and adaption, noting that this activity would be reflected prominently in the Integrated Annual Report and Financial Statements, and on the company website. The committee asked that an update on the carbon impact of PR24 be brought to a future meeting.

Better Rivers: Better North West update

An update was given to the committee on progress in delivering the company's Better Rivers: Better North West engagement pledges:

- 1. 'Ensuring our operations progressively reduce impact to river health';
- 'Being open and transparent about our performance and our plans';
- 3. 'Making rivers beautiful and supporting others to improve and care for them'; and
- 4. 'Creating more opportunities for everyone to enjoy rivers and waterways'.

Details on important collaborations with organisations such as The Rivers Trust and Greater Manchester Combined Authority were shared with the committee, reflecting the importance placed on working with others to reduce the amount of rainfall running into sewers. Tackling the impact of storm overflows is a high profile reputational challenge and the committee encouraged the company to craft messages to cut through to specific audiences, to acknowledge that the current system needs to change and to highlight the important role to be played by regulators.

PR24 and natural capital

The committee discussed the company's approach to natural capital, noting that good progress had been made in several areas including the addition of natural capital within decision making tools and the development of a methodology to use natural capital data to inform and influence the AMP8 WINEP. It welcomed the rising profile of nature based solutions for projects, especially where they are the lowest whole-life cost. The committee was encouraged by the approach and recognised the importance of effective collaboration on the issue, with partnerships exploring how to implement catchment system operation.

Clean air update

An update on the company's clean air action plan was presented to the committee. It welcomed the decision to become a signatory to the Business for Clean Air initiative and that investment to address the requirements of the Industrial Emissions Directive had been included in the current business plan. Ahead of setting targets, the committee recognised that further monitoring is needed to fully understand air pollutant emissions to create a robust baseline and enable scenario testing to prioritise activities to reduce air pollution.

Social

Affordability and vulnerability

Given the high levels of social and economic deprivation in the North West, this is a standing item for the committee which received two updates on how the company is assisting customers on low incomes. In light of cost living pressures, the committee noted several actions by the company including increased efforts to support customer bill payments, the use of data to identify customers showing signs of struggling to pay and supplementary campaigns.

Smart metering strategy

The smart meeting strategy was presented setting out the company's approach to increase meter penetration for AMPs 8 and 9, building on a trial currently underway in Greater Manchester. Members suggested that a clearer articulation of the benefits to individual customers would be helpful and noted that an Ofwat consultation on tariffs provided an opportunity to explore new approaches.

Gender pay report

Members commented on the draft gender pay report and welcomed continued focus and reporting against the company's action plan, part of its wider diversity and inclusion strategy. Following a diversity audit by the Clear Company, the committee supported the planned refresh of actions identified through the audit. Reports and innovation from others in the sector and across industry would be reviewed to identify areas for improvement.

Equity, diversity and inclusion

The committee discussed the proposed measures for monitoring equity, diversity and inclusion. It suggested that focus should be on diversity on the board, rather than women on the board, and encouraged reporting of ethnicity trends at all levels.

Approach to education

The committee endorsed the review of the company's approach to education with greater alignment to its core purpose. Whilst the schools' education programme is a key part of the company's educational activities, it was noted that many other initiatives take place such as apprentice and graduate schemes. Members encouraged the company to consider other operating options and to ensure close alignment with the school curriculum.

Access and recreation strategy

An update on the company's approach to access and recreation was presented to the committee. The consequences of the pandemic through increased visitor numbers and issues of anti-social behaviour were discussed along with the implementation of measures at several sites, discussed with community representatives, to stabilise the situation. Topics such as open water swimming and reservoir safety were explored alongside opportunities to further connect with customers through access and recreation.

Community investment expenditure and alignment to community strategy

The annual update on community giving expenditure was reviewed by the committee. Total expenditure of £2.82 million against a 2025 target of £2.82 million was reported. Members were encouraged that activity had returned to more normal levels since the COVID-19 restrictions. Additional data collation such as the inclusion of innovation expenditure which offered a wider benefit outside of the company, had contributed to an increase in the value of community investment.

Governance

Trends in responsible business

The committee discussed current trends in responsible business and agreed that the most relevant responsible business trends for the company included a just transition to a low carbon and adapted economy, protecting fundamental rights and integrating ESG narrative and data. Members requested that relevant items be incorporated into the committee's rolling calendar.

Sustainability reporting in the FTSE 100 and investor ESG communications

A review of sustainability reporting in the FTSE 100 was presented to the Committee which highlighted trends towards consolidation of global reporting frameworks and current expectations of investors. The approach for engaging investors on ESG matters was discussed, which included the production of a standalone sustainability report, changes to the website, regular content on social media channels and direct engagement with specific investors.

Colleague Voice update

Twice a year the committee reviews progress on colleague and board engagement. Members noted the Colleague Voice panel continued to be a valuable mechanism for colleagues to provide feedback, returning to some face-to-face meetings post pandemic. Data from the Your Opinion Survey was providing new insight on employee demographics and it was suggested that some environmental issues such as carbon be discussed at the panel. The committee was encouraged by progress made by the various colleague network groups and supported board member attendance at network events. Members noted that the company was satisfied it could demonstrate compliance with the UK Corporate Governance Code.

Culture

Stock code: UU.

Each year the committee reviews and assesses company culture and its alignment with business purpose, strategy and values. Members welcomed that external validation of the company's approach had been undertaken to assure the adequacy and effectiveness of its governance, processes and key controls. The audit conclusions were positive with a small number of recommended enhancements and the company reported its intention to include diversity demographic data in its annual update. The committee noted that the company's approach for monitoring culture featured as a best practice case study with the Financial Reporting Council.

Progress against demonstrating purpose

The committee reviewed company performance in delivering its five year commitments that demonstrate how it is fulfilling its purpose, noting strong performance in the second year of reporting, with 45 out of 50 targets reporting green status. Members discussed changes to the measures and concluded that the matrix of measures was balanced appropriately.

Stakeholder engagement and reputational risks

Throughout the year, topics discussed by the committee related the changing ministerial landscape, rivers and environmental performance across the sector, price review expectations on stakeholder engagement, sector collaboration, bathing water results, environmental partnerships and proposals for a national social tariff.

Committee evaluation results

The committee reviewed its external evaluation results and matters arising including training and knowledge development, topics for engagement at the board level and the remit of the committee's activities. It agreed that in 2023 it would focus on five key topics including reputation, carbon and renewables, affordability and vulnerability, river water quality and storm overflows and equity, diversity and inclusion.

Committee terms of reference

The recommendation to rename the committee as the 'ESG committee' was endorsed and members agreed to consequential changes to its terms of reference. It clarified that 'governance' would refer to the current five key ESG topics and reporting requirements, not corporate governance as a whole, which is a matter reserved to the board.

Board climate change and ESG training

The committee discussed training on climate change and ESG issues for board and committee members. Options for board and executive training on climate change and more specific ESG training were agreed.

Looking to the next year, the ESG committee will:

- review performance on how the company is fulfilling its purpose, ESG rating performance and the dashboard tracking the company's efforts to support customers on low incomes;
- on behalf of board, review progress and issues arising from the Colleague Voice panel and the company's approach to culture;
- continue to examine the interaction between purpose, ESG and reputation and review the approach to stakeholder engagement and the management of reputational risks;
- oversee matters of general governance such as reviewing the gender pay report; and
- undertake matters of committee governance such as reviewing its rolling calendar of agenda items, the annual committee evaluation and examination of the committee's terms of reference.

UK tax policies and objectives

Consistent with our wider business objectives, we are committed to acting in a responsible manner in relation to our tax affairs.

Our tax policies and objectives, which are approved by the board on an annual basis, ensure that we:

- only engage in reasonable tax planning aligned with our commercial activities and we always comply with what we believe to be both the letter and the spirit of the law;
- do not engage in marketed, artificial or abusive tax avoidance;
- do not use tax havens for tax avoidance purposes, including not taking advantage of any related secrecy rules which can apply to tax havens;
- are committed to an open, transparent and professional relationship with HMRC based on mutual trust and collaborative working; and
- maintain a robust governance and risk management framework to ensure that these policies and objectives are fully complied with and applied at all levels.

We expect to fully adhere to the HMRC framework for co-operative compliance.

Our Chief Financial Officer (CFO) has responsibility for tax governance with oversight from the board. The CFO is supported by a specialist team of tax professionals with many years of tax experience within the water sector and led by the head of tax.

The head of tax has day-to-day responsibility for managing the group's tax affairs and engages regularly with key stakeholders from around the group in ensuring that tax risk is proactively managed. Where appropriate, she will also engage with both external advisers and HMRC to provide additional required certainty with the aim of ensuring that any residual risk is typically low. All significant tax issues are reported to the board regularly. Consistent with the group's general risk management framework, all tax risks are assessed for the likelihood of occurrence and the negative financial or reputational impact on the group and its objectives, should the event occur. In any given period, the key tax risk is likely to be the introduction of unexpected legislative or tax practice changes, which lead to increased cash outflow, which has not been reflected in the current regulatory settlement. The group is committed to actively engaging with relevant authorities in order to manage any such risk.

In any given year, the group's effective cash tax rate on underlying profits may fluctuate from the standard UK rate mainly due to the available tax deductions on capital investment. These deductions are achieved as a result of utilising tax incentives, which have been explicitly put in place by successive governments precisely to encourage such investment. This reflects responsible corporate behaviour in relation to tax.

Under the regulatory framework the group operates within, the majority of any benefit from reduced tax payments will typically not be retained by the group but will pass to customers; reducing their bills. For 2022/23, the impact of tax deductions on capital investment alone reduced average household bills by around £20.

The group's principal subsidiary, United Utilities Water Limited (UUW), operates solely in the UK and its customers are based here. In addition, all of the group's profits are taxable in the UK.

Every year, the group pays significant contributions to the public finances on its own behalf as well as collecting and paying further amounts for its 5,000 strong workforce. Details of the total payments for 2023 of around £229 million are set out below. The above tax policy disclosure meets the group's statutory requirement under Paragraph 16(2) of Schedule 19 of Finance Act 2016 to publish its UK tax strategy for the year ended 31 March 2023.

See our website for our latest separate annual tax report, which includes further details in relation to the following key areas:

- How much tax we pay;
- How we ensure that we pay the right tax at the right time; and

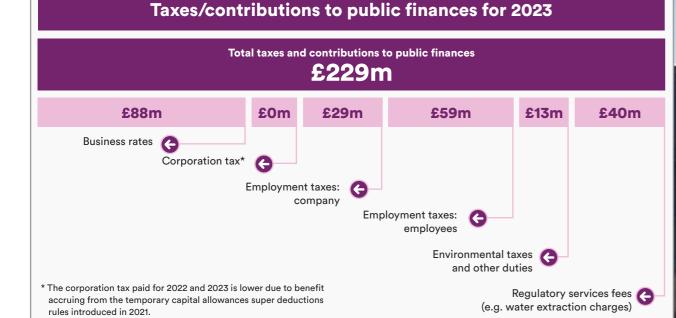
And and an international state

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• How we ensure that our tax affairs are transparent for all our stakeholders.

August and a strange

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Recognising the group's ongoing commitment to paying its fair share of tax and acting in an open and transparent manner in relation to its tax affairs, we were delighted to have retained the Fair Tax Mark independent certification for a fourth year, having been only the second FTSE 100 company to be awarded the Fair Tax Mark in July 2019.

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Directors' report Statutory and other information

Our directors present their management report, including the strategic report, on pages 08 to 119 and the audited financial statements of United Utilities Group PLC (the company) and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the group) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

| Directors The hames of our directors who served oung the hancle year allowed of March 2022 can be found on page 132. Lazard Asset Management LLC Reappointment Our articles of association provide that our directors must retine at every annual general meeting following their to annual leation by which is constrained within the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the code) that all directors should be subject to annual leation by shareholders. This has been the cease at all the AGNs since 2011. Information regarding the appointment of our directors and persons connected with them are set out in our directors' reports to 148. Purchase of own shares of 5 pance each with such authority during the year. We normally set our orgen states at all the AGNs and sonce 2013. Shares held by our directors and persons connected with them are set out in our directors' reports. Purchase of own shares of 5 pance each with such authority form or shares of 5 pance each with such authority form or shares of 5 pance each with such authority form or shares of 5 pance each with such authority that it held under the principles and reporting against the principles and corrol and risk management code. Core statement hadde a description of the main board committees of our inhouse of our inhouse of our shares of 14 March 2023. Core shares of the tors and considerations prior to the statement on page 520 to 203 is hereby incorporated by reference for each of the congary shares of peace each and 275, 96,800 defree for core, 20,92,80,408. Core shares of the conge each and 275, 96,800 defree for core, 20,92,80,408. The core share each and 275, 96,800 defree for core, 20,92,80,408. The core share each and 275, 96,800 defree darge of annet and the defree darge of annet and the each and the darge of annet and the each and the each and the each and the darge each and 275, 96,800 defree darge of annet 28,87. Th | Business model Dividends | A description of the company's business model can be found within the strategic report on pages 20 to 83. Our directors are recommending a final dividend of 30.34 pence per ordinary share for the year ended 31 March 2023, which, together with the interim dividend of 15.17 pence, gives a total dividend for the year of 45.51 pence per ordinary share (the interim and final dividends paid in respect of the 2021/22 financial year were 14.50 pence and 29.00 pence per ordinary share respectively). Subject to approval by our shareholders at our AGM, the final dividend will be paid on 1 August 2023 to shareholders on the register at the close of business on 23 June 2022. | Major shareholdings | voting rights or to prohibit their transfer for in them to provide the company with infor Companies Act 2006; or (ii) where their he Conduct Authority's Listing Rules or the C There are no agreements known to us bet transfer of securities or on voting rights. A At 24 May 2023, our directors had been no |
|---|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| their last election or responting the open bidges, which is consistent with the recommendation Lazard Asset Management LLC contained within the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the code) that all directors should be subject At our AGM held on 22 July 2022, our shares Interests Details of the interests in the company's shares held by our directors and persons connected with them are set out in our director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by reference into this director's renumeration of the principles and reporting gains the provisions of the corporate governance report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by rememany the principles and reporting gains the principles and reporting gains and by the company was subject. Change of control As at 31 March 2023, Ocorian Corporate governance report on pages 120 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by rememany the page for the principles and reporting gains the principles and reporting process and there any of the principles and reporting process and there any of the principles and remore parts of the principles and remover parts o | Directors | | | share capital in accordance with the Disclo |
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| Corporate governance report and includes details of ur application of the principles and reporting against the provisions of the code. Our statement includes a description of the min features of our internal control and risk management systems in relation to the financial reporting process and forms part of this directors' report and includes details of the company for the year ended 31 March 2023, can be found at the Financial Reporting Council's website frc.org.uk. Copies of the matters reserved for the board and the terms of reference for each of the main board committees can be found on our website.In the event of a change of control of the company, the t a change of control, the part to ill to interests and considerations prior t of the beard considerations prior t of the beard constitution to the financial statements can be found on our website.In the event of a change of control, the part the financial statements on set of the trust.In the event of a change of control, the part beals to direct the trusts of Spane each and 273,956,180 deferred shares of TOP pence each. Details of our share capital and movements in our issued share capital are shown in note 22 to the financial statements on page 283. The ordinary shares have the same rights, including the rights to one vote at any of our general meetings, to an equal proportion of any dividends we declare and pay, and to an equal amount of any surplus assets, which are distributed in the event of a winding-up.Directors' indemnities and insuranceWe have in place contractual entitlement indemnitication by the company in respec- so our actices of association, which may be amended or replaced by means of a special resolution of the company in general meeting. The company removes ananuly its power to issue and buy back shares at our AGM and buy the company sarticles. At the AGM off the company held on 22 Ju | Interests | are set out in our directors' remuneration report on pages 170 to 203, which is hereby incorporated by | | authority during the year. We normally see AGM, we will again seek authority from o shares of 5 pence each with such authorit |
| Share capital At 31 March 2023, the issued share capital of the company was £499,819,926 divided into 681,888,418 be able to direct the trustee of ShareBuy, Ec ordinary shares of 5 pence each and 273,956,180 deferred shares of 170 pence each. Details of our share Information required Details of the amount of interest capitalis a diamone diamonal dinamonal diamonal diamonal dinamonal diamona | governance | report and includes details of our application of the principles and reporting against the provisions of the code. Our statement includes a description of the main features of our internal control and risk management systems in relation to the financial reporting process and forms part of this directors' report. A copy of the 2018 version of the code, as applicable to the company for the year ended 31 March 2023, can be found at the Financial Reporting Council's website frc.org.uk. Copies of the matters reserved for the board and the | Change of control | |
| meetings, to an equal proportion of any dividends we declare and pay, and to an equal amount of any surplus assets, which are distributed in the event of a winding-up. Our deferred shares convey no right to income, no right to vote and no appreciable right to participate in any surplus capital in the event of a winding-up. The rights attaching to our shares in the company are provided by our articles of association, which may be amended or replaced by means of a special resolution of the company in general meeting. The company renews annually its power to issue and buy back shares at our AGM and such resolutions will be proposed at our 2023 AGM. Our directors' powers are conferred on them by UK legislation and by the company's articles. At the AGM of the company held on 22 July 2022, the directors were authorised to issue relevant securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £11,364,806 and were empowered to allot equity securities for cash on a non-pre-emptive basis | Share capital | ordinary shares of 5 pence each and 273,956,180 deferred shares of 170 pence each. Details of our share capital and movements in our issued share capital are shown in note 22 to the financial statements on page 258. The ordinary shares represented 71.3 per cent and the deferred shares represented 28.7 per cent | by UK Listing Rule | Details of the amount of interest capitalise 6 to the financial statements on page 245 deductible against the group's corporation |
| are provided by our articles of association, which may be amended or replaced by means of a special resolution of the company in general meeting. The company renews annually its power to issue and buy back shares at our AGM and such resolutions will be proposed at our 2023 AGM. Our directors' powers are conferred on them by UK legislation and by the company's articles. At the AGM of the company held on 22 July 2022, the directors were authorised to issue relevant securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £11,364,806 and were empowered to allot equity securities for cash on a non-pre-emptive basis | | meetings, to an equal proportion of any dividends we declare and pay, and to an equal amount of any surplus assets, which are distributed in the event of a winding-up. Our deferred shares convey no right to income, no right to vote and no appreciable right to participate | | There are no other disclosures to be made We have in place contractual entitlements indemnification by the company in respec course of their duties as directors. These provision and qualifying pension scheme |
| | | resolution of the company in general meeting. The company renews annually its power to issue and buy back shares at our AGM and such resolutions will be proposed at our 2023 AGM. Our directors' powers are conferred on them by UK legislation and by the company's articles. At the AGM of the company held on 22 July 2022, the directors were authorised to issue relevant securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £11,364,806 and were empowered to allot equity securities for cash on a non-pre-emptive basis | | the relevant provisions of the Companies They include provision for the company to against them in relation to their duties as maintains an appropriate level of directors |

Electronic and paper proxy appointment and voting instructions must be received by our registrar, Equiniti, no less than 48 hours before a general meeting and when calculating this period, the directors can decide not to take account of any part of a day that is not a working day. Transfers

Voting

There are no restrictions on the transfer of our ordinary shares in the company, nor any limitations on the holding of our shares in the company, save: (i) where the company has exercised its right to suspend their voting rights or to prohibit their transfer following the omission of their holder or any person interested in them to provide the company with information requested by it in accordance with Part 22 of the Companies Act 2006; or (ii) where their holder is precluded from exercising voting rights by the Financial Conduct Authority's Listing Rules or the City Code on Takeovers and Mergers.

between holders of securities that may result in restrictions on the s. All our issued shares are fully paid.

notified of the following interests in the company's issued ordinary sclosure and Transparency Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority:

| Per cent of issued share capital | Direct or indirect nature of holding |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 9.93 | Indirect |
| 10.88 | Indirect |

shareholders authorised the company to purchase, in the market, of 5 pence each. We did not purchase any shares under this seek such an authority from our shareholders annually. At our 2023 n our shareholders to purchase up to 68,188,841 of our ordinary prity expiring at the end of our AGM held in 2024.

te Services (UK) Limited was the trustee that administered our ty to exercise voting rights at its discretion, which related to shares tuting the trust. In the event of a takeover offer, which could lead to e trustee must consult with the company before accepting the offer to that requirement, the trustee may take into account a prescribed r to making a decision in relation to the offer, including the interests

articipants in our all-employee share incentive plan (ShareBuy) would , Equiniti Share Plan Trustees Limited, how to act on their behalf.

alised by the group during the financial year can be found in note 245. In line with current UK tax legislation, the amount is fully tion tax liability, resulting in tax relief of £24.2 million.

ade under Listing Rule 9.8.4.

ents for the directors of the company and of its subsidiaries to claim pect of certain liabilities which might be incurred by them in the se arrangements, which constitute qualifying third-party indemnity ne indemnity provision, have been established in compliance with es Act 2006 and have been in force throughout the financial year. y to fund the costs incurred by directors in defending certain claims as directors of the company or its subsidiaries. The company tors' and officers' liability insurance.

Directors' report Statutory and other information continued

Political donations

It is the company's policy position that we do not support any political party and do not make what are commonly regarded as donations to any political party or other political organisations. The wide definition of donations in the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000, however, covers activities that form part of the necessary relationship between the group and our political stakeholders. This can include promoting United Utilities' activities at the main political parties' annual conferences, as well as occasional stakeholder engagement in Westminster. The group incurred expenditure of £11,465 (2021/22): £15,834; 2020/21: £5,801) as part of this process. At the 2022 AGM, an authority was taken to cover such expenditure. A similar resolution will be put to shareholders at the 2023 AGM to authorise the company and its subsidiaries to make such expenditure.

Relationships with regional MPs is very important to United Utilities, and as the provider of an essential service to seven million people across the North West, customers do raise issues with their constituency MP. In 2022/23, we received 482 such MP contacts covering a wide range of topics, particularly as we face challenging times from an economic, environmental and social perspective. Our approach is to always have an open door policy with our MPs and members of their offices, to meet with us, visit our sites or land at any time. We are readily available to discuss topics, whether that is about service, climate change, environmental performance, flooding or quality, and regularly meet our MPs face to face.

We engage regularly with the two devolved administrations in the North West – the Greater Manchester Combined Authority (GMCA) and the Liverpool City Region (LCR) – as well as the region's local authorities, on a range of topics of shared interest, such as tackling flooding risk and enhancing the North West's natural capital. Our sponsorship of the All Party Political Groups for GMCA and LCR helps bring MPs and peers of all parties together with key leaders to help maximise future investment in these area for the benefit of local communities.

In addition, the company's activities to engage with political stakeholders on matters relevant to the water industry and its operating footprint of North West England extend to its membership of trade associations. This is described in the section below.

Trade associations We are members of a small number of trade associations. Some have a national focus, such as Water UK, the representative body of the UK water industry. Others focus on specific professions such as the 100 Group representing the views of the finance directors of FTSE 100 and large UK private companies and the GC100, the voice of general counsel and company secretaries in FTSE 100 companies. The company is a member of regional bodies, such as the North West Business Leadership Team, which encourages engagement across the public and private sectors. Our total contribution to these associations in 2022/23 was £418,561 (2021/22 £408,441; 2020/21:£420,403).

Through Water UK, the company has supported efforts to interact with parliamentary bodies, such as Select Committees and Chairs of specific committees, to provide information on a range of topics. In the past twelve months, we have worked closely with Water UK to share data in our storm. overflow performance and what this means for river water quality in the North West. On behalf of the sector, we were pleased to host its first Pollution Summit to share best practice on measures being taken by companies to reduce the frequency of pollution events. Water UK convened a session on the emerging pollution roadmap for the sector.

Through our membership with the North West Business Leadership Team, we have engaged with regional MPs and political stakeholders, such as local authorities and metro mayors, to explore how the business community can work more effectively with the public sector to drive economic growth in the region and tackle some of the North West's pressing social issues. For example, we participated in discussions on unlocking regional growth/levelling up agenda, and colleague resilience and wellbeing. We were pleased to sponsor its North West parliamentary reception, providing a platform to update regional MPs on our efforts to improve river water quality.

Colleagues

Environmental,

Customers and

stakeholders

Energy and

carbon report

Approach to

development

technology

suppliers and key

community matters

social and

Our policies on employee consultation and on equal opportunities for all colleagues can be found on pages 35 and 100. Applicants with disabilities are given equal consideration in our application process, and disabled colleagues have equipment and working practices modified for them as far as possible and where it is safe and practical to do so. Importance is placed on strengthening colleagues' engagement (see page 97). The effect of our regard towards colleagues in relation to the decisions taken during the financial year is included in our S172(1) Statement on pages 58 to 59.

Colleagues are encouraged to own shares in the company through the operation of an all employee share incentive plan (ShareBuy).

Information on our average number of employees during the year can be found in note 3 on page 243.

Details of our approach, as a responsible business, is set out in the strategic report, in particular where we describe our approach to our purpose and strategic themes on page 38, and our core values on page 50, and how we create value for stakeholders on page 76 to 77. Our approach to engagement with our environmental stakeholders and those in the communities we serve can be found on pages 56 to 57. Further information is available on our website at **unitedutilities.com/corporate/responsibility** The effect of our regard towards the environment, social and community matters in relation to the decisions taken during the financial year is included in our S172(1) Statement on pages 58 to 59.

Our approach to engagement with customers, suppliers, regulators and other key stakeholders can be found on pages 56 to 57. The effect of our regard towards customers, suppliers, regulators and other key stakeholders in relation to the decisions taken during the financial year is included in our S172(1) Statement on pages 58 to 59.

Our United Supply Chain approach sets out how we work with our suppliers, which can be found on our website at **unitedutilities.com/corporate/about-us/governance/suppliers/delivering-value/united-supply-chain** We are a signatory to the Prompt Payment Code. We publish key statistics and other information on our payment practices in line with the Duty to Report on Payment Practices and Performance on the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy's website. Information is published on a six-monthly basis. For the six months to 31 March 2023, our average time taken to pay invoices was 11 days; in the previous six months it was 12 days.

Our energy and carbon report can be found on page 95 and is hereby incorporated by reference into this directors' report.

We are committed to using innovative, cost effective and practical solutions for providing high-quality services and we recognise the importance of ensuring that we focus our investment on the development of technology and that we have the right skills to apply technology to achieve sustainable competitive advantage and we continue to be alert to emerging technological opportunities.

Financial instruments Our risk management note A4 on page 265.

Slavery and human trafficking

Events occurring after

the reporting period

Details of events after the reporting period are included in note 24 on page 258.

Our risk management objectives and policies in relation to the use of financial instruments can be found in

Our statement can be found on our website at unitedutilities.com/humanrights

Directors' report Statutory and other information continued

Annual General Meeting

Our 2023 annual general meeting (AGM) will be held on 21 July. Full details of the resolutions to be proposed to our shareholders, and explanatory notes in respect of these resolutions, can be found in our notice of AGM. A copy can be found on our website.

At our 2023 AGM, resolutions will be proposed, among other matters: to receive the integrated annual report and financial statements: to approve the directors' remuneration report: to declare a final dividend; to approve the directors' general authority to allot shares; to grant the authority to issue shares without first applying statutory rights of pre-emption; to authorise the company to make market purchases of its own shares; to authorise the making of limited political donations by the company and its subsidiaries; and to enable the company to continue to hold general meetings on not less than 14 clear days' notice.

Information given to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. This confirmation is given, and should be interpreted, in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Reappointment of the auditor

Our board is proposing that our shareholders reappoint KPMG LLP as our auditor at the forthcoming AGM and authorises the audit committee of the board to set the auditor's remuneration.

Approved by the board on 24 May 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Simon Gardiner Company Secretary

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the annual report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the group and parent company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare group and parent company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they are required to prepare the group financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 / UK-adopted international accounting standards and applicable law and have elected to prepare the parent company financial statements on the same basis. In addition the group financial statements are required under the UK Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules to be prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards adopted pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 as it applies in the European Union ('IFRSs as adopted by the EU').

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and parent company and of the group's profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;
- assess the group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Under applicable law and regulations, the directors are also responsible for preparing a strategic report. directors' report, directors' remuneration report and corporate governance statement that complies with that law and those regulations.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

In accordance with Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rule 4.1.14R, the financial statements will form part of the annual financial report prepared using the single electronic reporting format under the TD ESEF Regulation. The auditor's report on these financial statements provides no assurance over the ESEE format.

Responsibility statement of the directors in respect of the annual financial report

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge:

• the strategic report/directors' report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the issuer and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

We consider the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the group's position and performance, business model and strategy.

Approved by the board on 24 May 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Chair

Phil Aspin **Chief Financial Officer**

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

• the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole; and

Sir David Higgins